District Disaster Management Authority, Sindhudurg

District Disaster Management Plan Sindhudurg

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Chapter 1

Introduction

Sindhudurg District Disaster Management Plan April 2023 (Vol-1)				
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Chapter 1 Introduction

Aims and Objectives of the DDMP (disability-inclusive)

Section 30.2 (i) of National Disaster Management Act 2005, made it mandatory for every district to have a disaster management plan in place t. Under the chairmanship of the Hon. collector the District Disaster Management authority of every district t should prepare a disaster management plan include the HRVA, prevention & mitigation measures, preparedness, response and recovery plan.

1.1 The border objectives of this plan

- ➤ Improve understanding of disaster i.e. risk, hazard and vulnerabilities.
- Analysis of Hazard, Risk, Vulnerability and capacity of people in coping with disaster situation.
- Assemble all relevant information from all line departments and the stakeholders related to management of disaster t through a unified format.
- > Prepare the resource data and maps for better preparedness and reducing response time.
- ➤ Understand the responsibilities of all stake holders in management of disaster in all three phases.
- > Setting up multi tasking District level operation Centre, which will act as a coordination center and decision support centre in a normal scenario and in times of any kind of emergency convert as EOC.
- ➤ Prepare the guidelines and mechanism for the district operation centre.
- Prepare the SOP's (standard operation procedure) in opine with Incident response system (IRS) for converting disaster management unit as proactive rather than reactive.
- > Integrate mitigation measures in all developments plans.
- Promote the culture of disaster risk reduction for resilience through structural, non-structural and financial measures, as well as comprehensive capacity development.

1.2 Authority for DDMP: Disaster Management Act 2005 (DMAct)

At the district level, District Disaster Management Authority is responsible for all activities such as, capacity building, ensuring dissipation of early warning, preparedness, prevention, mitigation, coordination between departments and other stakeholders including the community.

Similarly, the authority is responsible for preparation of district level Plan and provide knowledge base support to other line departments to prepare their plans by providing suitable infrastructure.

1.3 Evolution of DDMP

The DDMP recognizes the need to minimize, if not eliminate the cause of disaster, therefore, plan should specify responsibilities of stake holders. The DDMP is envisaged as ready for activation at all times in response to an emergency in any part of the district. It is designed in such a way that, it can be implemented as needed on a flexible and scalable manner in all steps of disaster management: i.e. a) mitigation (prevention and risk reduction), b) preparedness, c) response and d) recovery (immediate restoration to long-term betterment reconstruction).

The DDMP also provides a broad idea with clarity for rapid mobilization of resources and effective handling of disaster by the district disaster management authority. While it focuses primarily on the needs of the government agencies, it envisages all those involved in disaster management including communities and non-government agencies as potential users. The DDMP provides a well-defined framework for disaster management covering scope of work and roles of relevant agencies along with their responsibilities and accountability necessary to ensure effective mitigation, develop preparedness, and mobilize adequate response

1.4 Stakeholders and their responsibilities

Stakeholders in Sindhudurg district are as follows-

- 1. District Administration
- 2. Under the chairmanship of Hon. District Magistrate who is also a chairperson of DDMA and Incident commander during emergency.
- 3. District Disaster Management Officer(DDMO)
- 4. DDMO is by and large responsible for day to day operations related to disaster management which includes conducting trainings, capacity building for stakeholders, management of EOC, and other administrative work such as coordination between other line departments, Liaoning with the NGOs in all three phases of disasters.
- 5. Zilla Parishad and PRIs

All line departments and departments under Zilla Parishad (ZP)-

- a. Education, Health, PWD, Irrigation, animal husbandry, agricultural, etc. all departments under ZP and other departments such as Police, State Transport, Forest, Food and Civil Supplies, etc.
- 6. Various projects such as Swachh Bharat Mission, MGNREGA, NCRMP, DRR etc.

1.5 How to use DDMP Framework

The DDMP details a broad idea with clarity for rapid mobilization of resources and effective disaster management by the district disaster management authority. While it focuses primarily on the needs of the government agencies, it envisages all those involved in disaster management including communities and non-government agencies as potential users. The DDMP provides a well-defined framework for disaster management covering scope of work and roles of relevant agencies along with their responsibilities and accountability necessary to ensure effective mitigation, develop preparedness, and mobilize adequate response.

1.6 Approval Mechanism of DDMP:

Authority for implementation (State Level / District level orders)

DDMA is responsible for reviewing, updating and approval of the DDMP. This plan (DDMP) is further submitted to state disaster management unit (DMU) for the approval from SDMA.

1.7 Plan review and updating: Periodicity

The District Disaster Management Plan is a vital document interims of implementation and response perspective. The state plan has consisted of the broader idea the vulnerability profile of whole state, but the district plan consists with the detailed assessment report. So in case of any emergency this document is very useful to response quickly and mitigate the scenario.

As per the DM act 2005, section 31 (7) the District authority shall review the plan time to time, the implementation of the plan and issue such instructions to different departments of the Government in the district as it may deem for the implementation thereof.

Following measures should take care while updating the DM plan

- A planning should be done to review the plan on a regular basis, to ensure that the item recurring updating are changed and are current.
- When a updating is made to plan, the review date should be displayed on the review page of the plan.
- Plan holders are requested to verify that they have understood the changes.

Chapter 2

Hazard, Vulnerability Capacity and Risk Assessment

Chapter 2: Hazard, Vulnerability, Capacity and Risk Assessment (HVCRA)

This chapter is dynamic and hence, would enhance common understanding amongst stakeholders on priority sector areas that need attention for risk reduction and sustaining developmental gains. The depth of HVCRA will depend on the availability of resources. Therefore, analysis of existing information should form the basis of the DDMP and this section should be updated annually and relevant action points in the document should be suitably modified to address the new analytical findings.

2.1 Socio – economic profile of the district.

Sindhudurg is one of the disaster prone districts in Maharashtra having 121 kms. coastal line. Occasional Cyclones (Cyclone Phyan in Nov 2009), Floods are more common especially in Malvan, Kudal, Sawant wadi, Vengurla, Dogad and Kankavli due to overflowing rivers. Land slides are frequent especially in the ghats (Amboli, Karool, Phonda), Road accidents are frequent on Mumbai Goa highway (National highway no. 17) and due to hair pin bends there are many accident spots identified and Rail accidents along the Konkan rail, mostly during the monsoon due to landslide (In Vaibhav wadi near Kharepatan tunnel in Jun 2003) and lastly due to heavy rain and wind incidents of tree falling are observed. The present Disaster Management Program which has been implementing by the Government of Maharashtra aims to minimize the risk caused by unexpected disasters in the district. The Disaster Management Program exclusively works for developing the disaster management plans, providing trainings, and strengthening the capacity of the different Disaster Management Teams (DMTs) and creating awareness among public on various disasters. As it is said that, plan development is one of the vital objectives of this project much more attention has been paid by the district administration to develop the plan so that it will be more useful to handle the disasters timely in future. Therefore, genuine efforts have been dedicated to develop the District Disaster Management Plan (DDMP).

Disaster Management has comprehensive cycle that includes preparedness, response, recovery and reduction phases. Based on this cycle, the response part is addressed with Incident Command System, (ICS) a best management tool, and linked with resource inventory connected to website India Disaster Resource Network, www.idrn.gov.in (IDRN). In fact, ICS and IDRN make it more effective.

Above all, this plan will be a true guide to a disaster manager at district level, since it provides all necessary information required for timely and effective response to any unexpected disaster.

Being a coastal district Sindhudurg is largely prone to cyclones and flash floods. Considering this situation, the District Disaster Management Plan (DDMP) has been developed and covered all relevant information related to human resources, equipments and critical supplies

The earlier Ratnagiri district was divided into two districts, Ratnagiri and Sindhudurg on 1st May 1981 for the industrial and agriculture development of the southern part of the Konkan division. Sindhudurg District is located at the southwest corner of Maharashtra state along

with the western coast in the Konkan region. It is one of the six districts in the Konkan Division along with Ratnagiri, Raigad, Thane, Mumbai and Mumbai Suburban. It lies between latitudes $15 \square 40$ ° to $16 \square 40$ ° north and $73 \square 20$ ° to $74 \square 10$ ° east longitudes.

The district headquarter is at Oras Budruk which lies on the Mumbai Goa Highway and is well connected by bus routes to the state capital, Mumbai and other major towns in Maharashtra. The state capital of Mumbai is 550 kms to the north of this district, while Kolhapur is 160 kms to the east, Ratnagiri 192 kms to the north and Panaji, the capital of Goa is 80 kms to the south.

Area and Administrative Division

Sindhudurg district covers an area of 5207 km. For administrative convenience, it has been divided into 3 sub divisions.

Total Talukas – 8, Total Gram Panchayats – 429 Total Revenue villages –757, Total No.Of Saja – 335 Urban Local Bodies – 8

Sr.No	Name of the Sub-division	Talukas
1	Sawantawadi	Sawantawadi, Vengurla and Dodamarg
2	Kudal	Kudal and Malvan
2	Kankavli	Kankavli, Deogad and Vaibhavwadi

Sr. No.	Taluka	No. of Gram Panchayat	No. of Saja	No. of Revenue Villages
1	Sawantwadi	63	49	90
2	Kudal	68	59	125
3	Kankavali	63	48	106
4	Vengurla	30	33	84
5	Malvan	65	52	136
6	Deogad	72	50	98
7	Dodamarg	36	21	59
8	Vaibhavwadi	34	23	59
	Total	431	335	757

Socio Economic Features

The total geographical area of the district is 5207 km consisting of 1.69% of the total area of the state of Maharashtra.

Area wise, Sawantwadi is the largest Tahsil having an area of 1343.9 sq.km. Followed by Kudal 819.5 sq.km., While Vaibhavwadi is the smallest Tahsil with an area of 417.7 sq.km.

Demographics

Description	Figure
Total population(Census 2011)	8,49,651
Total male(Census 2011)	4,17,332
Total female(Census 2011)	4,32,319
Total literacy rate(Census 2011)	85.86%
Female literacy(Census 2011)	79.81 %
Families(Household) (Census 2011)	2,09,839
Schedule Caste Population(Census 2011)	55,586
Schedule Tribe Populations(Census 2011)	6,976
Total BPL families(2002 sourse DRDA)	74,809

Major Historical and Religious Centres

Kunkeshwar Dewasthan (Deogad), Sindhudurg Fort (Malvan), Bharadi fair (Aanganyachiwadi, Malvan), Bhavai fair (Sonurli, Sawantwadi), Ghodemukh fair (Sawantwadi), Datta Mandir (Patgaon, Deogad).

River Systems and Dams

There are six major rivers in the district.

- 1. Vaghothan 2.Sukhnadi 3.Tillari 4.Karli 5. Gadnadi 6. Terekhol
 - 1. The Vaghothan river has a course of about 48 kms from the Shivgad pass to it's mouth which is protected by the Deogad promontory from the south.
 - 2. Gad River flows in a southwesterly course from the Sahyadris and joins the sea 3 miles north of Malvan.
 - 3. Karli river is also known as Sarambal in the upper reaches and as Karli only at its mouth.
 - 4. Terekhol in its upper reaches is known as Banda river and in the lower reaches as Terekhol.

Sr. No	Name of the Dam	Name of the River	Size	Status
1	Tillari	Tillari	Large	Complete
2	Talamba	Karli	Large	On-going
3	Deoghar	Deoghar	Medium	Complete
4	Nardawe	Gad	Medium	On-going
5	Sarambal	Terekhol	Medium	On-going
6	Aruna	Aruna	Medium	On-going
7	Shirshinge	Vaghotan	Small	On-going
8	Tarandale	Terekhol	Small	On-going
9	Dendonwadi	Gad	Small	On-going
10	Shivdav	Gad	Small	Complete

11	Otav	Achara	Small	On-going
12	Talere	Khandara	Small	On-going
13	Nadhavade	Vaghotan	Small	On-going
14	Nirukhe	Karli	Small	On-going

There are some other rivers such as Kalne river, Kasal river, Kharepatan river, Kalaval river, Karli and Redi creek.

2.2 Matrix of Past disasters in the district

Sr. No.	Year	Magnitude	Talukas and number of villages affected	Life and cattle loss	Damage to infrastructure	Economic losses	Environmental

Hazard Risk Vulnerability Assessment (HVCRA): Till a proper HVCRA is conducted, this section may include analysis of the matrix of past disasters on maximum severity and best practices. This section may also include Geographic Information System (GIS) maps.

This chapter largely deals with the disasters that Sindhudurg district experienced. Based on this, the vulnerability assessment of people and their income sources, infrastructure, crops, livestock resources, drinking water supply, daily necessities, communication and transportation system, public distribution, medical facilities and other elements has been done so that such elements can be safely shifted to, or to be taken care of before any unexpected disaster or during the disasters. This is the most important part of the plan. Vulnerability assessment deals with the socioeconomic vulnerability, housing vulnerability and environmental vulnerability.

2.3 Hazard, Vulnerability Capacity Risk Assessment (HVCRA)

2.3.1 Hazards

History of Disasters in Sindhudurg District

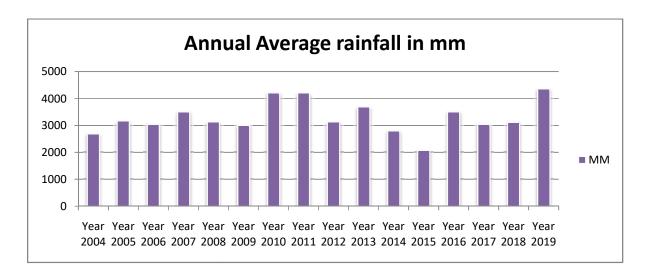
Sindhudurg district is situated in the coastal region and having a proximity to Arabian Sea. This district has a high amount of rainfall primarily because of the clouds of the southwest monsoon winds are blocked at the Sahyadri Mountains and so shed a lot of rain on the eastern side of the Western Ghat scarp.

This leads to very high rainfall in the foothills of the Sahyadris on the Konkan side with most of the Konkan Rivers having their origin in the runoff from the steep mountain slopes. Such a heavy rainfall causes largely flash floods, and occasionally landslides, road accidents.

Months during which maximum rainfall occurs are July & August.

Rainfall data of last 15 years average rainfall - 3283.66 mm

Sr. No	Year	Annual Average rainfall in mm
1	2004	2678.8
2	2005	3153.2
3	2006	3045.4
4	2007	3497.50
5	2008	3129.30
6	2009	2997.23
7	2010	4204.3
8	2011	4191.45
9	2012	3122.75
10	2013	3680.45
11	2014	2787.66
12	2015	2067.61
13	2016	3496.49
14	2017	3028.95
15	2018	3111.37
16	2019	4346.15
17	2020	4990.00
18	2021	4051.00
19	2022	3186.46



In the following talukas, some villagers were temporarily shifted to safe places due to the flood situation in the year 2005 & 2009. But there was no rehabilitation.

Taluka	Village	No. of Families	No. of people	Safe Shelter for evacuated victims
Kudal	Pavshi Sheltewadi	18	82	Relatives Place
	Chendwan Maliwadi	93	229	Primary School
	Sarambal	27	93	Relatives Place
Deogad	Dhalawali	2	7	Relatives Place and Z.P. School
	Manche	2	10	Relatives Place and Z.P. School
Sawantwadi	Banda	9	10	Relatives Place and Z.P. School
	Insuli	6	15	Relatives Place and Z.P. School
	Sherle	14	57	Relatives Place and Z.P. School

Tahasilwise number of people evacuated during 2019 floods

Taluka	Village	No. of Families	No. ofpeople
Dodamarg	Aavade	39	130
	Ugade	02	05
	Kudase	25	115
	Kendre Khurd	12	45
	Kendre Budruk	16	74
	Konal 74		135
	Ghativade	07	22
	Ghotage	116	254
	Ghotagevadi	07	35
	Zare	01	08
	Teravan Medhe	02	05
	Parame 12		41
	Palaye 01		03
	Bambarde	01	02
	Maneri	44	140
	Sateli Bhedashi	08	28
	Sasoli	12	38
	Jholambe	lambe 15	
	Kumbhavade 01		03
	Total	395	1124
awantwadi	Banda	135	685
	Insuli	105	525
	Madkhol	18	110
	Asaniye	29	165
	Sherle	69	345
	Nigude	03	17
	Kas	07	23
	Shirshinge	48	240
	Majgaon	01	03
	Otavane	02	09
	Sarmale 03		19
	Satose	01	04
	Total	421	2145

Taluka	Village	No. of Families	No. ofpeople
Vengurla	Ubhadanda- Siddharthwadi	1	9
	Chipiwadi	5	19
	HodawadaBajar	1	6
	Hodawada (Kavadaswadi)	1	6
	Kelus (Bapadatewadi)	6	18
	Kelus (Madhaiwadi)	8	28
	Shiroda(Harijanwadi)	1	4
	Tulas Paltad(Parabwadi)	31	121
	Tulas (Kajarmali)	1	2
	Tulas (Wagheriwadi)	1	2
	Pal(Mirkholwadi)	4	16
	Dabholi(Mobarwadi)	1	9
	Vengurla	1	2
	Total	64	240
Kudal	Kudal	71	247
	Kavilkate	3	11
	Chendavan	99	298
	Pawashi	76	236
	Вао	20	67
	Sarambal	23	85
	Pinguli	24	97
	Anao	4	23
	Bambardetarf Kalsuli	8	41
	Ghotage	1	5
	Total	329	1110
Malvan	Tondavali Baudhavadi	12	40
	Bagwadi	2	6
	Mala	5	20
	Total	16	66
Kankavali	Kharepatan	2	5
	Total	2	5

The major calamities, which the district administration in Sindhudurg district has to face, are floods in the major rivers and road accidents on the Mumbai- Konkan - Goa Highway. Due to this, various disasters occur whose details have been given below:-

A. Flood

Flash floods bring about disasters. As expressed above there was a critical situation in some parts of the district during 2005-06 floods. Most of the rivers were overflowing and there was a loss of life and property. The river water entered the standing crops and the farmers suffered a huge loss. Most of the livestock also was flown away in this flood. Some people were shifted to safe shelters but there was no rehabilitation.

2.3.2 Vulnerability Assessment

A. Flood and Cyclones

Based on the previous history, Sindhudurg district has an unexpected rainfall and flash flood followed by landslides and road accidents. This district receives high amount of rainfall during the rainy season. As a result most of

the rivers get excess water and experience floods. This heavy rainfall also results in landslides in isolated areas characterized by steep slopes.

The major rivers where flood comes at least once a year are:

1. Waghotan 2. Sukhnadi 3. Tillari 4. Karli 5. Gad Nadi

Apart from flood, tidal waves may affect the villages close to the Arabian Coast during cyclone and Tsunami. Flood in 2005 affected almost the whole district by and large. The estimated loss resulted by this flood was more than 9 crores.

Identified flood prone villages Talukawise

Sawantwadi

Gram Panchayat	Flood Prone village/wadi	No.of families /persons to be affected	Red / Blue Zone	River / dam khadi
	Dhuriwadi	132 persons	_	
nsuli	Bilewadi	278 persons	-	Terekhol
	Kudavtemb	-	-	
	Machhi Market	150 persons	-	
Banda	Nimajagawadi	_	-	Terekhol
	Tulsanpulwadi	-	-	
Sherle	Kapaiwadi	6 families	-	_Terekhol
Sherie	Dukanwadi	3 families	_	Tereknoi
	Joshiwadi	41 persons	-	
	Pedanekarvadi	33 persons		
Talarrada	Murarvadi	34 persons		Hodawada
Talawade	Kaleredakarvadi	22 persons		
	Alikadchi Khervadi	3 persons		
	Bhutachi Vadi	5 persons		
Aaronda	Aaronda	14 families	-	Terekhol
Kinle	Kinle	10 families	-	Terekhol
Kavthani	Kavthani	-	-	Terekhol
Satarda	Varchiwadi	5	-	Terekhol
Satarua	Rayache Ped	_	-	Terekhol
Satose	Satose	_	-	Terekhol
	Alikadchi Khervadi	3 persons		
	Bhutachi Vadi	5 persons		
Aaronda	Aaronda	14 families	-	Terekhol
Kinle	Kinle	10 families		Terekhol
Kavthani	Kavthani			Terekhol
Satarda	Varchiwadi	5	-	Terekhol
	Rayache Ped			Terekhol
Satose	Satose	-	-	Terekhol

Taluka – Malvan

Gram Panchayat	Flood Prone village/wadi	Families/persons to be affected	Red or blue Zone	River /dam khadi
Masure-Marde	Kava	428 persons	-	Gad-Kalawal Khadi
	Sayyad Juva	108 persons	-	Kiiaui
Masure-	Marde-Usalatvadi	110 persons	-	Gad-Kalaval Khadi
Dangmode	Marde-Tokalvadi	165 persons	-	Tenadi
	Khajanvadi	110 persons	-	
	Malawadi	174 persons	-	Gad-Kalaval Khadi
Bandivade-	Shilwadi	7 persons	-	Kiiaui
Budruk	Khorwadi	2 persons	-	
	Palavevadi	61 persons	-	
Malgao	Malgao	50 families		Gad Nadi
Bagayat	Bagayat			
Chinder	Aparajwadi	35 families		

<u>Taluka – Kankavali</u>

Gram Panchayat	Flood Prone village/wadi	No. of families / persons to be affected	Red Zone Or Blue Zone	River /dam khadi
Phonda	Phonda	12 families		
Kalmath	Kalmath	32 families		Gad River
Varavade	Varavade	31 families		
, 0.10 , 0.00	Fanasnagar	15 families		
Kharepatan	Bandargao, Kajirde	30 families		Suk River

Taluka – Vaibhavwadi

Gram Panchayat	Flood Prone village/wadi	No. of persons likely to get affected	Red Zone or Blue Zone	River/dam /khadi
	Sardarwadi	50 persons	-	Gothana
Yedgao	Inamdarvadi	100 persons		
Napane	Napane	200 persons	-	
Kokisare	Ghangalevadi	50 persons		Shanti Nadi

Umbarde	Umbarde	300 persons	
Kusur	Kusur	100 persons	Sukhnadi
Sonali	Sonali	200 persons	200

Taluka – Deogad

Gram Panchayat	FloodProne village/wadi	No. of families / persons to be affected	Red Zone or Blue Zone	River/dam khadi
Dhalavali	Muslimvadi	25 families		
	Belanekarvadi			
Korle	Khanvilkarvadi	10 families		Vijaydurg Khadi
	Bhatvadi			
Malape	Muslimvadi	20 families		
Manache	Muslimvadi	30 families		

Taluka – Kudal

Gram Panchayat	Flood Prone village/wadi	No. of persons likely to get affected	Red Zone or Blue Zone	River /dam khadi
	Aambedkarnagar	81Population		
Kudal	Kavilkate	10 persons		
	Laxmiwadi(NEAR ST DEPOT)	31 persons		v vn
Pawashi	Shelatewadi	146 persons		Karli River
Bao	Bagwadi	31 persons		
Sarambal	Dewoolwadi	101 persons		
Chendvan	Malewadi	232 persons		

Taluka – Vengurla

Gram Panchayat	Flood prone villages	No. of families / persons to be affected	Red Zone / Blue Line Zone	River / Dam or Khadi
Hodawada	Kavdaswadi	74 persons	-	Hodawada Tulas
nodawada	Kasturbawadi	48 persons	-	
	Nhaikarwadi	61 persons		

	Bhoj Dalviwadi	16 persons	
	Harijanwadi	59 persons	
	Dewoolwadi	19 persons	
	Parabwadi	11 persons	
	Subhashwadi	33 persons	
	Ranjanwadi	14 persons	
Kelus	Bapadatewadi	48 persons	Kalavi Nadi
	Madhaliwadi	34 persons	
W 1 .	Kalavi- Taliwadi	29 persons	7 1 'N 1'
Kalavi	Bokarewadi	19 persons	Kalavi Nadi
	Kalavi	295 persons	
Chipi	Chipi	22 persons	Karli Khadi

Most of the areas in the district are flood prone and therefore there is a danger to human life, livestock and property. The people living in kaccha mud houses are more vulnerable to flood. Here most of the people are engaged in agriculture therefore standing crops may be destroyed. Old people, pregnant women, disabled persons are highly vulnerable. They have to be shifted to safe shelters.

It is estimated that the above 85 villages are vulnerable to floods and cyclones. The main elements which are vulnerable are the people staying near riversides, poor people, children, old people and ailing people. The houses and the belongings of such people will be damaged. As the main occupation of the people here is agriculture, their crops will be washed away. That is they will lose their livelihood. The main infrastructures, communication system will be disturbed. Sources of drinking water will become impure. Necessary steps will have to be taken to restore the same.

Tidal Wave Prone Villages / Wadis

Taluka	Gram Panchayat	Tidal Wave prone Village / Wadi	
	Redi	Velagar	
	Keur	Kerawade	
	Vengurla	Kurlewadi	
Vanavula	Venguna	Navabag	
Vengurla		Kelus – Kalwibandar	
	Nivti	Bhogave to Newalewadi	
	NIVII	Kille – Nivti to Dungoba Devasthan	
		Nivti – Medha	
		Talashi Tondavali to Waingani	
		Devbag – Mobarwadi	
		Tarkarli	
	Malvan	Dandi Vayri	
N. (1		Dandi to Dhuriwada	
Malvan		Rajkot to Medha	
		Rajkot to Sarjekot	
		Waingani to Tondavali (Middle Part)	
	Achara	Pirachiwadi to Jamdool	
		Morve to Tambaldeg	
		Taramumbari	
		Mith Mumbari	
Deogad	Deogad	Anandwadi	
		Deogad Killa	
		Jamsande	
		Wadatar	
		Mallai	
	Vijaydurg	Kharepatan	

The villages near the three coastal talukas will suffer a lot during high tide, cyclone, storm,

etc. The fishermen living in these areas lose their livelihood. They do not get the danger warnings in time. Most of the land near the seacoast gets eroded and submerged into the sea every year.

B. Road Accidents

There is a good network of pakka and kaccha road in the district with 582.55 km of state highway and 2416.20 km Zilla Parishad roads. About 107 km of the National Highway Mumbai-Konkan-Goa passes through this district and has considerable transport of hazardous materials which are offloaded at Marmagoa harbour in Goa and transported to Mumbai and places in Maharashtra.

The information from the police and RTO reveals that road accidents take place on this highway, which are related to tankers carrying hazardous materials. No road site settlements and villages are affected by these accidents.

Konkan railway started running in the district on 20th Jan 1997. Its network is about 103 km. in Sindhudurg district. For this project nearly 800 hectares of land was occupied. There are two tunnels one at Vaibhavwadi and the other at Kharepatan. There are six railway stations such as 1. Sawantwadi 2. Kudal 3. Sindhudurg 4. Kankavali 5. Nandgaon 6. Vaibhavwadi. It proves to be a great boon to the people here as their time and money is saved as they travel to Mumbai and other places of the country. Also the perishable goods for which Konkan is famous such as Alphonso mangoes, jackfruits, cashews, fish can be supplied to far away places.

A railway accident occurred in the year 2003 in the monsoon season near Berle, Vaibhavwadi when the 904 Karwar – Mumbai Central derailed in which 52 passengers died and many were injured. So, to cope with such disasters in the future some safety measures must be followed.

About 107 km of the National Highway Mumbai-Konkan-Goa passes through this district and has considerable transport of hazardous materials which are offloaded at Marmagoa harbour in Goa and transported to Mumbai and places in Maharashtra. State Highway No.112, 115, 116 carry goods as well as people everyday on a large scale. Most of the accidents occur during rainy season due to slippery roads. Also the drivers do not follow the traffic signals.

The roadside houses, buildings are more likely to get affected due to the road accidents.

C. Landslides

Locations prone to landslides in this district are:

Due to heavy rain some parts of the district experienced landslides along with tree collapse leading to the human loss.

Landslides largely occur in three major hill stations and make troubles in movement of vehicles on both National and State Highways. So, it is a regular event, which cannot be ignored in disaster management plan.

Amboli Ghat on Sawantwadi-Amboli-Belgaum Road State Highway No.180 .

- Phonda Ghat on Kankavli Phonda Ratnagiri Kolhapur Road State Highway No. 178
- Karul Ghat-Gagan Bavada-Kolhapur Road State Highway No. 177

D. Earthquake

Though Sindhudurg district has no earlier history of earthquakes still it comes under the **seismic zone III.** There was no loss in Kankavli, Sawantwadi, Malvan and Vengurla due to the Killari earthquake of 1993.

In Deogad taluka, a loss of 6 houses in the village Jambhavade took place causing loss of Rs. 600/- and in Vaibhavwadi taluka Rs. 400/- of a house in the village Kolpe in earthquake of Killari and Umarga in 1993. The proximity of the Western Ghat Fault Scarp and evidences of neo tectonic activities in the Konkan area point to the earth movements in the recent past and the possibility of an earthquake cannot be ruled out. There is no history of earthquakes in this district earlier.

Due to heavy rain some parts of the district experiences landslides along with tree collapse leading to human loss. The passengers have to stay where they are. Amboli Ghat on Sawantwadi – Amboli -Belgaum Road State Highway No.112 supplies daily necessities such as milk, various goods which comes to a standstill. As a whole the communication system may totally get disrupted.

There is a control room at the Collector Office, district head quarter which works round the clock. At each tahsil office control room is in operation during monsoon period i.e. from June to October. The control room of Police works round the clock.

The officers of the control room of the district administration receives the information of flood, heavy rainfall, cyclone warning, uprooting of large number of trees, electric poles, road accidents, from various parts of the district and from IMD Colaba office and transmitting them to all Tahsil offices, Collector, RDC and Dy Collectors, Port and Fisheries Department. The Irrigation Department maintains control room on all the dam sites from June to October every year.

E. Industrial and Chemical Accidents

Sindhudurg is primarily an agricultural district with industrial areas accounting less than 1% of the total area of the district. There is M.I.D.C. Estate at Kudal and two Udyamnagars at Kudal and Majgaon in Sawantwadi Taluka. The core industries are plastic engineering, aluminium utensils, cashew processing, oil paints, cement pipe manufacturing, sleepers manufacturing and pig iron factory at Redi.

Thus, Sindhudurg district is vulnerable to various hazards as mentioned above. The data of the disasters and the

2.3.3 Authority/Agency that carried out HVCRA

The HVCRA was done in house with the help of local consultants available. The HVCRA is based on the data collected for past 10 years and in consultation with the tahasil office.

2.4 Tools, Techniques and Methodology used for HVCRA:

(As described in NDMA guidelines.)

Hazard Analysis: List of hazards with probability of occurrence (frequency and magnitude): It would consist the type of hazards that the district is prone to, history of hazards, impact analysis of the worst case scenario, the area, people and infrastructure that are exposed to these hazards. It should also provide information about the exposure levels of various villages and cities that fall in multi- hazard zones. This chapter could also look at issues that are being faced in the district due to climate variability.

Vulnerability Analysis: UN ISDR has defined "vulnerability" as the conditions determined by physical, social, economic and environmental factors or processes, which increase the susceptibility of a community to the impact of hazards. The analysis would cover various social groups, infrastructure, properties, and environmental resources that are vulnerable to the impact of various hazards in the district. The vulnerabilities can be categorized as physical/material, economic, social/organizational and attitudinal/ behavioural and environmental. This section would also describe major trends and forces of development that push people to live in unsafe conditions that lead to generation of new vulnerabilities-e.g. population growth, industrialization, environmental degradation, etc. Details to be given in Annexure. List of vulnerable Talukas and villages (hazard-wise) be provided in the Annexure.

Capacities and Resources Analysis: It should highlight the capabilities and availability of resources with the district administration and stakeholders to reduce disaster risks and organize effective response. Capacities could include policies, institutions, equipments, early warnings trained human resources to handle variety of response & coordination functions and financial resources that the district stakeholders have for disaster risk reduction (DRR). The information and analysis gathered pertaining to the physical, technical and financial resources that are available with different departments and stakeholders would also be enlisted (number, type, location, condition etc). The inventory of resources available (equipment & skilled human resources) with each department & stakeholder, including private resources that can be utilized for emergency response, should be prepared. Assessment of capacities and training needs of practicing engineers, architects and masons required for hazard resistant construction would be done. A list of departmental focal points with contact details should also be prepared while doing this analysis. Only analysis and outcome is to be given here. List of resources, availability and location is to be given in Annexure.

Outcome and recommendations of the HVCRA is to be provided.

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Chapter 3

Institutional Arrangements for Disaster Management (DM)

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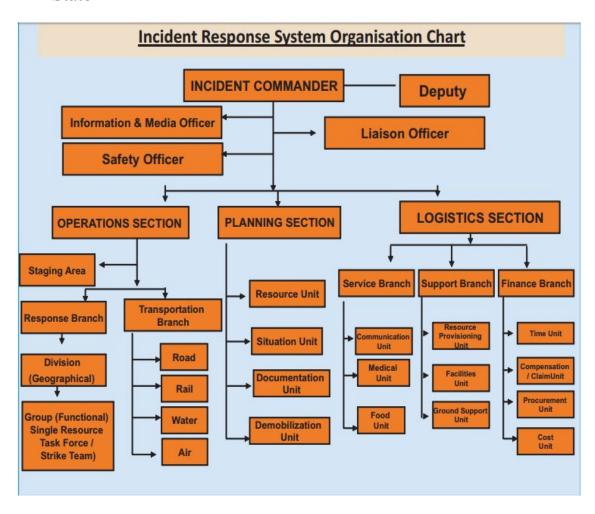
Chapter 3 Institutional Arrangements for Disaster Management

This section describes the organizational structure that exists at the District, Block, Gram Panchayat, Municipality and community levels for DM. It would include information about composition of the above institutions and their functions as per the DM Act, 2005 and the National Policy on Disaster Management 2009. However, District Disaster Management Authority (DDMA) may also identify functions of other institutions which they consider important such as Disaster Management Teams, Crisis Management Group / Incident Response System (IRS), Emergency Operation Centers (EOCs) and their operation, Site Operation Centres, Platforms such as inter-agency groups that would facilitate partnerships with NGOs, private sector, elected representatives, Community based Organisations (CBOs), other academic and technical institutions. Major industrial /service / infrastructure establishments and fair capability plans should be listed (detailed in annexure).

3.1 DM organizational structure at the national level,

NDMA i.e National Disaster Management Authority is the highest authority in the country under the chairmanship of Hon. Prime Minister and 8 experts. The authority is responsible for monitoring and guiding the state authorities regarding various issues related to disaster management in reference to DM Act 2005.

3.2 DM organizational structure at the state level including IRS in the State



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At the state level, chairperson of SDMA Normally Chief minister or in case of his absence, person deputed by CM and approved by SDMA, acts as Incident Commander, while department head can be deputed depending upon type and nature of disaster, its intensity and chances of spreading which will help to bring the situation under control, as well as assist the vulnerable groups to that disaster.

3.3 DM organizational structure at the district level 3.3.1 District Crisis Management Group (CMG)

This group is parallel to district response force. It has important role to play during disaster scenario. Ideal composition of group will be representatives of Police, Home guard, Civil defence, Health department, PWD, NSS, NCC, NYK and civil society organization.

3.3.2 District Disaster Management Authority and Task Forces

In order to implement the District Disaster management Plan in the district the following committee has been constituted under the chairmanship of Deputy Commissioner as below:-

All the departments will identify the experts and willing personnel to be part of the district level task force. These members of the task force will respond to emergency situations depending upon type of disaster.

The DDMA has been constituted under section 25 (1) of the Disaster Management Act 2005 under the chairmanship of District Collector with the following officials / officers as members: -

TARLE	1 SHOWING THE	DDMA	MEMBER	NAMES
ADLE				

Sr. no.	Position	Designation of the officers	
1	Chairperson	Hon. District Collector	
2	Co-Chairperson	Hon. Chairman Zilla Parishad	
3	Member	Hon. Chief Officer Zilla Parishad	
4	Member	The Superintendent of Police	
5	Member	The Civil Surgeon	
6	Member	The Executive Engineer PWD	
7	Member	The Executive Engineer, Irrigation Dept.	
8	Chief Executive Officer	Resident Deputy Collector (RDC)	

The institutional mechanism for disaster management at the district level is as follows:-

District Disaster Management committee

Besides this, the Disaster Risk Management Programme also traced much to form Committees at the three levels with plans and task forces. A Disaster Management Committee exists to assist the Collector in

- Reviewing the threat of disasters
- Vulnerability of the district to such disasters
- Evaluating the preparedness

Considering the suggestions for improvement of the response document DDMP
 Ideally The Committee is supposed to meet once a year under the chairmanship of the Collector and consists of the following functionaries. However, the duration can be varied as per the eruption of disaster and as the chairman of DDMA may feel necessary.

Status	Designation of the officers	
Hon. Collector	Chairperson	
The District Superintendent of Police	Member	
The Chief Executive Officer, Zilla Parishad	Member	
The Additional Collector	Member	
The Resident District Collector	Member-Secy	
The Chief Fire Officer Municipal Corporation	Member	
The District Health Officer	Member	
The District Agriculture Officer	Member	
The District Animal Husbandry Officer	Member	
The Civil Surgeon	Member	
The Executive Engineer, P.W.D.	Member	
The Executive Engineer, Irrigation Department	Member	
The Executive Engineer, Minor Irrigation Division	Member	
The Executive Engineer, M.S.E.D.C.	Member	
The Executive Engineer, MWSSB	Member	
The Deputy Director of Education	Member	
The Divisional Manager, Railways	Member	
The Regional Transport Officer	Member	
The Regional Manager, M.S.R.T.C.	Member	
The District Publicity Officer	Member	
The District Supply Officer	Member	
The Local Station Director, A.I.R.	Member	
The Local Station Director, Doordarshan	Member	

Tahsil Disaster Management Committee

This committee shall be constituted at every Tahsil under the Chairmanship of Tahsildar and the following members: -

- 1. Tahasildar
- 2. Nayab Tahasildar (Or RNT)
- 3. Responsible officer from Police dept.
- 4. Block Development Officer
- 5. Block Medical Officer
- 6. Representative from Education Dept.
- 7. Representative from College (NSS, NCC)
- 8. Representative from PWD,
- 9. Representative from MSEB
- 10. Divisional Forest Officer
- 11. Non Official Members
- 12. Chairman / Vice chairman Panchayat Samiti
- 13. Representative from Panchayt raj Samiti
- 14. Representative from Selected NGO (SHG, Youth clubs. Trekking groups etc)
- 15. MIDC Incharge

This Committee will prepare the Tahsil disaster management Plan and monitor capacity building / training and maintenance of equipments.

The committee will also conduct regular meetings and discuss about possible Hazards.

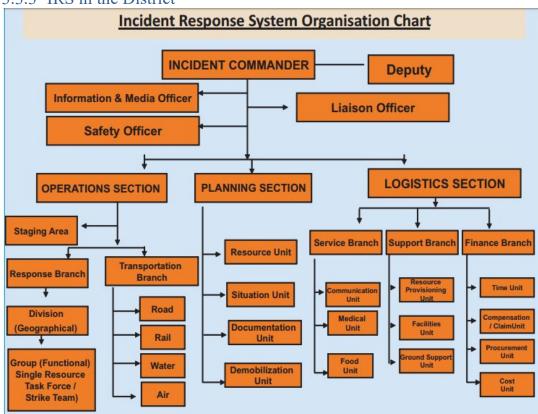
Village Disaster Management Committee

The committee can represent following -

- 1. Sarpanch
- 2. Talathi
- 3. Teacher,
- 4. Police Patil.
- 5. Gram Sevek
- 6. Anganwadi sevika
- 7. Asha Workers
- 8. Electrician
- 9. Patkari (irrigation dept)
- 10. NGOs e.g. SHG, Ganesh mandal, Krida Mandal etc.
- 11. Retired government servent or form armed forces.
- 12. Senior members from community.
- 13. Adequate representation should be given to ladies and other cast / religions.

This is reflected and detailed in village level plans prepared. This committee will be responsible for preparation of village level plan including identifying hazards and with special responsibility to for village level task force who can attend to the local emergencies.

3.3.3 IRS in the District



At the district level, chairperson of DDMA i.e. District Magistrate (normally Hon Collector) is Incident Commander, while all department heads can be deputed depending upon type of disaster, intensity and chances of spreading which will help to bring the situation under control, as well as assist the vulnerable groups to that disaster.

3.3.4 EOC setup and facilities available in the district

The warning or occurrence of disaster will be communicated to

- Chief Secretary, Relief Commissioner, Emergency Operation enter
- Office of Divisional Commissioner
- All district level officials, Municipal Councils
- The Officials of central government located within the district
- Non-officials viz; Guardian Minister of the district, Mayor, ZP President, MPs, Local units of the Defence Services.

District has following EOC's established

- 1. Divisional commissioner office
- 2. Collector office
- 3. RDMC Sangli (Regional D.M. Centers)
- 4. All Tahasil Headquarters. (operational only during Monsoon period) however the desk clerk responsible for D.M. at Tahasil level can be contacted by using his personal contact number.

3.3.5 Alternate EOC if available and its location

Addition to above mentioned EOCs,

- 1. Police
- 2. Fire and emergency services
- 3. 108 National ambulance service
- 4. MIDCs
- 5. Divisional Commissioner Office.
- 6. State ATI YASHADA (backup of Mantralaya control room (?)

Above have their own EOCs dedicated for their own operations. These EOCs can also be used as alternate EOCs in case of emergencies.

3.3 Public-Private Partnership

The PPP model was very successfully used during Malin landslide, which is considered as the best example in the country. Entire Malin village was relocated and shelters were constructed by involving public-private partnership.

Public and private emergency service facilities are available in the district

Many of the housing societies larger than 400 flats or more have their own task force in many cases including fire engine equipped with staff and infrastructure.

3.4 Forecasting and warning agencies

The list of the agencies competent for issuing warning or alert is given below:

Forecasting-

Indian Meteorological Department(IMD) and Irrigation department are main information centres, which forecast the likely occurrence mainly that of flood, cyclones, heavy rains.

Warning-

Mainly early warning system is activated through local tahsildar and is dissipated through the chain of government functionaries working at the village level.

Police, home guard, civil defence are also called upon to dissipate forecast/warning under directives issued by DDMA or by SDMA.

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Disaster	Agencies	
Earthquakes	IMD, MERI	
Floods	Meteorology Department, Irrigation Department	
Cyclones	IMD	
Epidemics	Public Health Department	
Road accidents	Police, Health	
Industrial and Chemical Accidents	MIDC, Industry, Police	
Fires	Fire Brigade, Police, MIDC	

For immediate contact in case of major disaster;--

- 1. **NDRF,5**th BN, Pune,Tel-02114-247000,
- 2. **Coast Guard Goa** Telephone- 0832-2521051, 2520440
- 3. Coast Guard, Ratnagiri, 02352-220490/224088, Fax- 02352

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Chapter 4

Prevention and Mitigation Measures

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Chapter 4. Prevention and Mitigation Measures

4.1 Understanding Preventive and Mitigation

Culture of prevention refers to the action that needs to be taken at all levels to save lives before a disaster strikes. Prevention refers to the activities and measures that are taken to avoid existing and new disaster risks. While certain disaster risks cannot really completely eliminate, prevention measures aim at reducing vulnerability and exposure. The key elements to prevention and mitigation are preventive planning and integration of disaster risk reduction measures in developmental planning. Disaster Prevention & Mitigation measures are guards of hazard impact. They stand against the intensity of the hazard impact and reduce the risk involved. The report states that the major responders in disaster situations, the state governments are responsible for organizing an effective disaster response mechanism as well as preparedness and mitigation measures. The first step towards this is the strengthening of the organizational structure of disaster management at various levels and revising/updating codes, manuals and disaster plans.

4.1.1 Specific projects proposed for Preventing Disaster

The HPC carried out series of consultations with Government, non-Government, National and international agencies and media organizations that submitted their findings on the disaster management scenario in their respective areas. This became the basis for the planning process for prevention, preparedness and response plans for all administrative levels.

The importance of physical as well as socio-economic vulnerability is emphasized. The prevailing social and economic conditions and its affect on human activities affect the capacities of people to deal with the physical components of vulnerability. Thus the prevention and mitigation measures undertaken by the various levels of governance need to take into account both these aspects simultaneously. Policies that do not take into account both these aspects often fail to protect the populations they were created for. A good example of this are resettlement projects that do not take into account the traditional livelihood options of the people and fails to explore its viability in the new area, or introduce alternate options.

4.1.2 Specific projects for vulnerable groups

Without a through vulnerability assessment it is impossible to create a preparedness and mitigation plan. The following steps were stated as imperative for the same –

- ➤ Identification of hazard prone areas.
- Preparation of vulnerability profiles that map physical as well as socioeconomic hazards.
- Vulnerability and risk assessment of existing buildings and the initiation of retrofitting activities.
- ➤ The creation and implementation of technical guidelines for hazard resistant construction of buildings through techno-legal regimes.

This is an important aspect of prevention and mitigation activities as unplanned and inadequate developmental activity is one of the major causes of increased losses during disasters. Unchecked urbanization increases risks as communities live in high-

density areas with poorly built and maintained infrastructure. Unplanned and unscientific urbanization, poor land use patterns and deforestation are discussed in the report as a major cause for losses of human life and infrastructure in the aftermath of a disaster.

The report explores the disasters that India is vulnerable to in detail and divides it into geophysical regions based on topographic and climactic characteristics that make them susceptible to different types of disasters. In addition it looks at overarching issues of global warming and climate change, which it states will supersede all local environmental issues as it has the ability to completely change the face of the earth. It has been statistically proven that the Himalayan glaciers are shrinking steadily which means that entire water systems of the country will be affected. It is predicted that in the next 50 to 60 years the glaciers will stop producing the water levels that we witness and depend on. This will drastically cut down the water available downstream and adversely affect agricultural economies, which will cause tremendous social upheaval in areas already suffering from poverty.

Due to rapid population growth and urbanization in disaster prone areas, more and more people are vulnerable to disasters. Natural occurrence such as floods, earthquakes, cyclones etc. cannot be avoided completely as it is a part of the environment we live in, however it's impact can be reduced and its worst effects prevented. A natural hazard turns into a disaster when it affects people and causes economic damage, i.e. when it hits a community and disrupts it's normal functioning.

An emphasis has been made on the need to link disaster mitigation measures with developmental plans, effective communication systems, use of latest information technology, insurance, extensive public awareness and education campaigns. This can be done only through the strengthening of institutional mechanisms, international cooperation, and the involvement of the private sector.

The report looks at diversification of land systems as a strategy for providing insurance against risks caused by unexpected weather and erosion, while ensuring sustainable production of the land on a long term basis. It also looks at agroforestry, a technique of growing food crops in association with woody perennials, to optimize the use of natural resources and minimizing the need for inputs derived from nonrenewable resources. A form of multiple units land management, agroforestry has the potential to ensure stability and sustainability in production and provide ecological and economic security. The method can control soil degradation, desertification, floods, droughts, reduce pollution of groundwater, increase biodiversity in farming systems, check deforestation, reduced pressure on forests through on farm supply of fuel wood, fodder and other forest products.

4.2 Mainstreaming DRR

The following were other brief guidelines for prevention and mitigation of disasters –

- Take a proactive approach by emphasizing means to prepare for and prevent disasters thus reducing its effects on human life.
- Examine the relation between environmental degradation and vulnerability to disasters, and their combined effects on both natural and manmade habitats that will assist in creating long term prevention and mitigation plans.

- ➤ Utilize remote sensing data while conduction risk analysis and mapping.
- Adopt as a point of policy retrofitting of buildings and structures as a component of disaster management and earmark funding for the purpose.
- > Create a knowledge base by linking with disaster research and education institutions to create a space for collaborative strategic thinking that can allow continuous revision of disaster prevention and mitigation plans.
- > Initiate research that will collate local traditional disaster knowledge. This knowledge should be studied and examined alongside disaster information and scientific knowledge to create better prevention and mitigation plans.
- Record data about disaster events in a structured and systematic manner so that current measures and plans can be evaluated for effectiveness and amended as needed.
- Apply meteorological, climatological and hydrological knowledge in the area of disaster management that will assist in the assessment of risk, land-use planning and the designing of structures that greatly contribute to disaster mitigation.
- Take into account the cascading nature of disasters to create more effective prevention and mitigation strategies.
- ➤ Identify and strengthen existing centers of excellence in order to improve disaster prevention, reduction and mitigation capabilities.
- > Create a culture of prevention by introducing measures for intensive training for building up of human resources to improve disaster awareness and capabilities.
- ➤ Initiate public disaster awareness and training programs that cater to the needs vulnerable groups like women, children, elderly and disabled to build up society's resilience towards disasters.
- Community mobilization in disaster situation is extremely important. Panchayats and Urban Local Bodies should be involved in activities towards community level coordinated action, disaster mitigation education etc.

4.3 List of ongoing projects

In-order to bring back normalcy of life in the disaster affected area Government brings many projects which are essential for upbringing of society.

Few of the projects are based on prevention and mitigation while few are post disaster

- Projects such as National cyclone risk mitigation project This is imitative of central govt. And is implemented by state government under funding by world bank.
- 2. Risk reduction project is also flag project by state government. Yearly budget is allocated to district based on the activities This includes the strengthen district functionaries by preparing d.m. plans for dist level departments, conduct mock drills, conducting trainings, capacity building, control rooms, procurement of life saving equipments e.g. boats, life buoy, generator sets and other essential equipments.
- 3. Other schemes such as construction of safe houses, roads, strengthening of bridges and buildings, preparation of department wise plans, updating IDRN site etc.
- 4. Time bound projects by national and international level NGOs eg UNICEF, UNDP

4.4 Mitigation measures

4.4.1 Hazard Specific Structural and non-structural Mitigation Measures Earthquake

An earthquake is a violent and sudden shaking of the earth's crust due to collusion or breaking or moving away of tectonic plates at the top of which the whole of human civilization is perched. The joining of the tectonic plates is known as fault-lines and where the disturbances weaken the surface of the plate almost to the breaking point is known as sub-surface fault lines. The earthquake is caused by the release of energy through these fault lines and sub-surface fault lines. The intensity of this energy ranges from 0 to 10 and is measured on Richter scale.

The typical impact of the tremor known as earthquake varies from its intensity to intensity and the distance of the area from its epicentre. It ranges from shaking of structures to the changing of very landscape. Its typical impact is in the form of physical damage, destruction of infrastructure and loss of property. Physical damages may be in terms of damages or destruction of structures or damages or destruction by fire or floods due to dam failures caused by earthquake. Casualties will be due to damage or destruction of structures etc. It will be much higher in areas nearer to the epicenter and densely populated area with weak buildings traditionally constructed with earth, rubble, bricks etc; urban settlements in poorly constructed apartments and in proximity of high rise buildings.

Prevention & Mitigations Measures

In case of Earthquake as a hazard no prevention measures are there to be taken. However, mitigation measures for Earthquake impact reduction are there to be taken. They consist of structural and non-structural measures.

Structural Measures: The prime structural mitigation measures that are expected to considerably reduce the impact of earthquake are:

- ➤ Conduct micro-zonation study and create seismic map in earthquake prone location.
- > Identify the vulnerable structure
- Adopt the building code and suggestion given by the micro-zonation study and Properly designed, engineered and constructed structures residential, service or infrastructure built on well tested soil for adapting to suitable adjustments in design.
- Retrofitting in old structures so that short-comings in construction could be externally strengthened to a considerable extent to withstand the convulsions caused by Earthquake.

Non-Structural Measures:

For getting the structural measures implemented with due earnestness, honesty of purpose and sense of compulsion host of non-structural measures in the form of policies guidelines and training have to be provided.

Policy decisions about construction of structures with due approval from specified authorities have to be taken. The building codes etc have to be suitably formulated/amended and appropriately detailed and legal implications properly stated.

- Guidelines both for earthquake-resistant constructions as well as for retrofitting have to be formulated with specifications about site selection, foundation, construction, materials and workmanship making involvement of specialist architects, trained engineer and masons mandatory.
- The guidelines have to be formulated for the concerned authorities about land use planning, monitoring of construction work and controlling of settlements in hazard prone areas to avoid fatalities and loss of property.

Mitigation Strategy

The desired implementation of mitigation measures requires a well-thought strategy. Implementation of mitigation measures, therefore, has to be multi-pronged: adoption wise attractive and cost wise comfortable.

The Strategy for mitigation measures for the typical effects of earthquake involves.

- > Training of A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H and M; Architects, Builders. Contractors, Designers, Engineers, Financers, Government functionaries and masons.
- Awareness generation among the house owners about what details to look for or insist upon about the building, household fittings and equipment, in the houses they own or intend to purchase.
- > Computer based information dissemination about the area-wise nature of soil, the kind of construction appropriate in the area, the certifications about the house/flat one is about to buy.
- The empanelment of specialist architects, trained engineers and masons by urban bodies and works departments for building earthquake resistant structures.
- > The Certification of commercial buildings by Fire Dept and urban regulatory bodies both at the planning and completion stages.

But, all these put together shall not be sufficient to make mitigation measures people-centred and motivating enough to observe norms. It can, however, be done through

- Awareness among the stakeholders about the need to build/rebuild earth quake resistant houses/structures and keeping safe neighborhood.
- ➤ Capacity building of Architects/Engineers/Builders and even masons for construction of earth quake resistant houses/structures.
- Formulation of suitable building bye laws in urban areas and enforcement thereof.

Floods

Floods are temporary inundations of land with water caused by rains, overflowing of rivers, discharges released from large reservoirs, cyclones, tsunami, melting of glaciers and sea tides. It may come gradually and take hours and days together to recede or may even happen suddenly due to heavy rains, breach in embankments, failure of dams, cloud bursts, storm surge etc. Except for flash floods, there is usually a reasonable warning period.

In a land-locked district, floods are caused by either overflowing of rivers due to excessive rains in its catchment or excessive discharge released from reservoirs. The floods cause either breach in embankments or excessive erosions. As chance would have it, out of the four causes & consequences of floods—excessive rains, excessive discharge, excessive erosion, siltation and breach in embankments—only two of them can control and manage. The rest of the two are beyond the control of the administration. The district can however control excessive erosion, siltation and breach in embankments.

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Normally, floods are quantified and analyzed on the basis of depth of water and duration for which floodwater stays. Velocity of water causes erosion of river banks and— or destroy and damage habitations and other structures. Rate of rising of water level and timing of floods vis—a—vis agricultural activities determine damages resulting from floods.

The damages caused by floods consist of the flooding of land leading to-

- > Crop damage, collapsing of mud houses, buildings, endangering human lives,
- > Livestock and other public and private property.
- People, standing crop and livestock are liable to perish by drowning.
- ➤ Utilities such as sewerage, water supply, communication lines, road network and power supply get damaged, disrupted or destroyed; clean drinking water becomes scarce.
- Food shortage is caused due to loss of harvest & spoiling of stored grains.
- > The agriculture gets affected due to deposition of coarse sand layers over the ground or onset of salinity or water logging for considerably long period.

On the whole, floods damage houses/ human settlements/crops/infrastructure, endanger human and cattle lives, fragment families, destroy wealth, jeopardize livelihood base and causes migration. It literally wipes out the socio-economic development achieved so far in the state and drives it to rewrite everything and begin from the beginning: response, relief, restoration, rehabilitation, reconstruction, and redevelopment are needed on a very large scale. All precious investment is reduced to almost naught. All precious efforts made before go largely waste.

Flood Mitigation Measures

The flood mitigation measures may again be structural or none—structural. Mapping of flood prone areas is a primary step involved in reducing the risk of the region. Historical records give the indication of flood inundation areas and the period of occurrence and the extent of the coverage. The basic map is combined with other maps and data to form a complete image of the flood-plain. Warning can be issued looking into the earlier marked heights of the water levels incase of potential threat. In the coastal areas, the tide levels and land characteristics will determine areas liable to inundation. Flood hazard mapping will give the proper indication of water flow during floods.

The structural mitigation measures

- > The revival and maintenance of traditional practices of dam, reservoir and ponds system for diverting and storing flood water and making use of the same for multipurpose activities including irrigation, restoration of water tables etc. For this, larger involvement of senior citizens from the local areas will be required who have better understanding and knowledge about the system.
- > The conversion of rivulets and tributaries into reservoirs for storing flood water for a desired period and for later use. For this, major river-based GIS mapping would be required. Besides the bed of the rivulets and tributaries would have to be properly structured and meticulously maintained.
- ➤ Using base flow and flood flows of the perennial rivers to generate hydroelectricity by putting generating units of 5 MW, 10 MW or even 20 MW may be planned. This

- will help both better river management as well as water conservation for productive utilization. As it is, we take care of and maintain anything which is productively utilized. Thus, if we start generating power, the rivers will in the process get maintained and managed.
- Attempt to modify Dams and Reservoirs, Embankment, Drainage Improvements, Channel Improvements, Diversion of Flood Waters and Using Natural Detention Basin.
- > Storing Flood Water in reservoirs may help in reducing flood intensity, but the sedimentation caused by the stored flood water may subsequently reduce the capacity of the reservoir. As such, smaller reservoirs are often better choice than larger ones. For, then desilting of small reservoir becomes possible and can be undertaken periodically by the beneficiaries themselves.
- ➤ Channel Alterations help in reducing the gushing of flood water and these should again be done with provisions for regular maintenance of the slopes in the channel, removing of debris and other obstructions, using natural vegetation for strengthening the sides of the channels and for using it as a source of promoting fisheries etc.
- ➤ Watershed Management measures reduce overland runoffs from agricultural lands to streams or other water bodies by improving infiltration of rainfall into the soil, minimizing run-off and reducing the sedimentation that can clog stream channel or storage reservoirs. The measures to avoid it include maintaining trees, shrubbery and vegetative cover, slope stabilization etc.

Non- Structural Measures:

- Attempts to modify susceptibility of Flood. Flood plain zoning: It aims to regulate the developments in the flood plains, so that it is compatible with 'Flood Risk'. It recognises the basic fact that the flood plains are essentially the domain of the river, and as such all developmental activities must be compatible with the flood risk involved.
- ➤ Flood forecasting: Involves observing and collecting hydrological and meteorological data, transmission and then processing the data with a view to work out the likely level to be achieved at a particular site, i.e. to give advance warning. Stay in touch with IMD and CWC. Establish infrastructure for flood warning and dissemination.

Measures to be adopted at District Level

Following measures should be taken at District level by the collector on whom the implementation of DDMP rests. Action plan of relevant line departments should be put into order.

- Convening a meeting of District Level Disaster Management Committee before the onset of monsoon in the month of April/early May.
- Arrangement for functioning of control room. Specific charge should be given at Taluka level to listen to weather bulletins from radio and television to monitor the warning relevant to the Taluka.
- A joint inspection team at Taluka level will inspect river embankments in the month of March and April. A summary report will be sent to the Sub-Division and District accordingly.
- When monsoon breaks, District will send the daily/ weekly report regularly from the report received from village and gram panchayat levels and to the Sub-Divisional Officer. Dissemination of weather report and flood bulletins to lower level.
- Installation of temporary police wireless stations and temporary telephones in floodprone areas. Identification of the owners of country mechanised boats with address and contact numbers.

Landslide

Landslides impact the Earth's natural environment, including effects on (1) the morphology of the Earth's subaerial and submarine surfaces; (2) forests and grasslands, and (3) habitats of native flora and fauna. Morphologic effects are part of a general tendency of surface degradation by mass wasting and erosion. The effects of landslides on vegetation and wildlife are mostly negative; in some cases, they are catastrophic. However, landslide-caused disasters to flora and fauna are generally local in nature, which allows for species recovery with time. In the long term, landslides may even have positive effects on the habitats of flora and fauna.

Major earthquakes also have triggered multiple historic landslides over large areas. These often consist of thousands of individual landslides that in total have significant effects on the Earth's surface.

Prevention and Mitigation Measures of Landslide

Protection of life and properties from landslide disaster is indispensable in creating a safe environment for the society. The national imperative towards safety due to landslide initiation is increasing in view of the higher rate of human settlement in the mountain slope on many part of the district. Landslides are significant amongst those hazards that can easily be disastrous to human life and property. It is estimated that economic loss due to landslides may reach between 1-2% of the gross national product in many developing countries. Evaluating and mitigating the landslide hazard and risk is a major challenge for the technocrats and decision makers in the developing world as 80% of the reported fatalities due to landslide is within the developing countries.

Structural Measures

Risk treatment of already distressed slope includes the four broad types of landslide remediation practices for slope stabilization, namely: control works, restraint works, slope protection works and mass improvement techniques. Mitigation measures for landslide dams have been given special attention as a large portion of the hazard prone area in the district is susceptible to the formation of such dams with disastrous possibilities.

- > Treating vulnerable slopes and existing hazardous landslides.
- > Restricting development in landslide-prone areas.
- Preparing codes for excavation, construction and grading.
- > Protecting existing developments.
- ➤ Monitoring and warning systems.
- > Putting in place arrangements for landslide insurance and compensation for losses.
- > Creation of landslide inventory.
- > Selecting scales for mapping depending upon end-user requirements.
- > Selecting landslide hazard zonation methodologies for different scales.
- Multi-hazard integration especially integrating seismic hazard.
- Prioritisation of areas for landslide hazard zonation mapping.
- Landslide risk zonation.

Geological and geotechnical investigations of landslide risk assessment involve a multidisciplinary approach where engineering geologists and geotechnical engineers are an integral part of the investigating team. The investigations include preliminary stage geological investigations, detailed geological investigations and geotechnical investigations. As an aid to the development of a systematic method and development of standard codes, and planning and capacity building for geological and geotechnical investigations, a few major disastrous landslides will be identified for creating pace setter examples of detailed investigations. These pace setting investigations will be carried out by assigning tasks to the identified organisations having necessary expertise and experience.

Depending on the risk assessment different kind of structural measures can be taken, like:

- ➤ Drainage Measures- Design Surface and sub surface drainage measures.
- > Designing of check dam, canal, spill dam, culvert, diversion etc.
- > Retaining structures- Type of retaining wall such as RE wall, Gabions wall, Concrete clad wall etc. with relevant and effective design.
- ➤ Slope Reinforcement- Soil nailing, geo grid reinforcement, rock anchoring, rock bolting, cable anchoring etc.
- ➤ Use of Geo Synthetic materials like- Geo bags, Geo tubes, Geo net, geo grid, Geo Synthetic clay liner etc.

Biotechnical slope protection consists of two elements: biotechnical stabilization and soil bioengineering stabilization, both of which entail the use of live materials – specifically vegetation. Biotechnical stabilization utilizes mechanical elements (structures) in combination with biological elements (plants) to prevent and arrest slope failures and erosion. Both mechanical and biological elements must function together in a complementary manner. Soil bioengineering stabilization, on the other hand, can be regarded as a specialized subset of biotechnical stabilization in which live plant parts, i.e., roots, stems and branches, serve as the main structural/mechanical elements in the slope protection system.

Non Structural Measures

Taking care towards non- structural measures are also important aspect for preventing the landslide risk.

- Landslide hazard, vulnerability, and risk assessment.
- > Multi-hazard conceptualization.
- > Landslide remediation practice.
- Research and development; monitoring and early warning.
- > Knowledge network and management.
- > Capacity building and training.
- > Public awareness and education.
- > Emergency preparedness and response.
- Regulation and enforcement.

The issues related to awareness and preparedness are considered to be of crucial importance in both the pre- and post-disaster management processes. Mechanisms will be initiated for creating awareness among various stakeholders including

government officials, local communities and non-governmental organizations on a sustained basis in landslide affected regions so that all the stakeholders are empowered by information and knowledge and mentally prepared to face the hazard.

Capacity building is an important component of the disaster management process and is a field which needs attention. The requirement and importance of introducing appropriate capacity development interventions including capacity upgradation of institutions and organisations, education and training of stakeholders and responders, and proper documentation is included in the Guidelines.

Fire

Fires are the accidents which occur most frequently. It has whose diverse causes that require a range of intervention methods and techniques adapted to the conditions and needs of each incident. The fire risk can arise either from industrial processes, accidents in storage godowns or closely built timber framed buildings

Depending on the type of fire (nature of the material ablaze), meteorological conditions (wind) and the effectiveness of the intervention, material damage can be limited to a small area, or affect wide areas like forests or agricultural fires, hydrocarbons, gas or other highly flammable products, storage or piping installations, and rail or marine transport equipment. Fires are an important disaster to focus on as they can arise in response to other disasters like earthquakes or landslides. As fire disasters can be primary or secondary focus has to be on ensuring that fire services are able to respond despite disturbances caused by another disaster that has just occurred.

As a part of mitigation strategy, efforts should be made to

- Make fire fighting services available to rural areas outside the local municipal limits.
- Assist municipal authorities that don't have fire brigades to establish such a service.
- ➤ Encourage agricultural marketing committees and cooperatives in rural areas to establish their fire services.
- ➤ Evolve methods of coordination between municipal fire services and industrial safety departments.
- ➤ Undertake community education and preparedness for fire fighting in areas where fire services will not easily available.
- In industrial towns, fire services should be equipped with protective clothing and fire fighting devices including masks, gloves etc. for dealing with chemicals and toxic materials.
- > Special burns wards should be established in every civil hospital and in the hospitals near the industrial estates.
- ➤ Equipping fire services with communication facilities like wireless etc. and wherever such facilities exist, these should be upgraded.
- ➤ Computerized data management system should be introduced to keep the record of all fires including frequency, extent, fatality, economic losses etc.
- The roles and responsibilities of district administration, police, fire services and medical services should be clearly laid down.

Epidemics

An epidemic is the rapid spread of infectious disease to a large number of people in a given population within a short period of time, usually two weeks or less. An epidemic can be the consequence of other disasters like storms, floods, droughts etc. Strengthening surveillance programmes and warning systems go a long way in controlling epidemics.

Mitigating the risks from epidemic

Steps towards mitigating the risks from epidemic include the following –

- ➤ Identification of areas endemic to certain epidemics must be routinely updated to access field requirements
- > Identification of appropriate locations for testing laboratories
- Ensuring continuous flow of field data from both government establishments and private medical personnel.
- ➤ Collating and analysing the data at regular intervals to assess epidemiological monitoring requirements.
- > Creating awareness among the general population to encourage preventive measures that can help in controlling epidemics.
- Quality monitoring of piped drinking water supply and water.
- Vector Control programmes as a part of overall community sanitation activities which include surveillance of water bodies and canal distribution network for control of diseases like malaria.
- Promotion of personal and community latrines
- > Introduction of sewage, drainage and solid waste management systems
- ➤ Promoting and strengthening community hospitals with adequate network of para professionals to improve the capacity of the Public Health Department (PHD) for surveillance and control of epidemics.
- Establishing testing laboratories at appropriate locations in different divisions within the districts to reduce the time taken for diagnosis and subsequent warning.

Special reference to Pandemic (Covid – 19)

A new virus called the severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2) was identified as the cause of a disease outbreak that began in China in 2019. The disease is called coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19).

In March 2020, the World Health Organization (WHO) declared COVID-19 a pandemic. Public health groups, including the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and WHO, are monitoring the pandemic and posting updates on their websites. These groups have also issued recommendations for preventing the spread of the virus.

How does the corona virus spread?

Data has shown that it spreads from person to person among those in close contact (within about 6 feet, or 2 meters). The virus spreads by respiratory droplets released when someone infected with the virus coughs, sneezes or talks.

What are the symptoms of COVID-19?

COVID-19 symptoms can be very mild to severe. Some people have no symptoms. The most common symptoms are fever, cough and tiredness.

Other symptoms may include shortness of breath, muscle aches, chills, sore throat, headache, chest pain, and loss of taste or smell. This list is not all inclusive. Other less common symptoms have also been reported. Symptoms may appear two to 14 days after exposure.

What can I do to avoid becoming ill?

The best way to prevent illness is to avoid being exposed to the virus. The CDC and WHO recommend following these precautions:

- Keep 6 feet (2 meters) of distance between yourself and people outside your household.
- Wash your hands often with soap and water for at least 20 seconds, or use an alcohol-based hand sanitizer that contains at least 60% alcohol.
- Cover your mouth and nose with your elbow or a tissue when you cough or sneeze. Throw
 away the used tissue.
- Avoid touching your eyes, nose and mouth.
- Clean and disinfect surfaces you often touch on a daily basis.

If you have a chronic medical condition and may have a higher risk of serious illness, check with your doctor about other ways to protect yourself.

Role of district administration in Pandemic -

As health of the people is one of the prime responsibilities of district administration, district disaster management authority (DDMA) should take immediate action to control the pandemic under the guidelines of the Health department.

The incident response system to be activated with Head of Health department as deputy to Incident commander.

DDMA to initiate control rooms at, Health dept and other line departments with collector office as main control room (incident command control room).

After initial information regarding the spread of epidemic, the areas where spread is maximum should be taken in consideration and then the action plan (Response) for controlling of epidemic should be worked out with on consultation Health dept., the assistance of other line departments, NGOs and other agencies (such as private Hospitals, suppliers) should also be included in response plan.

The detail inventory of recourses to be prepared as per the type and spreading of pandemic.

Adequate preventive equipments (foggers, spreading pumps, pesticides, dusting powder, testing kits, masks, PPE kits, Human recourses are to be made available.

Industrial and Chemical Accidents

- Industrial and chemical accidents refer to incidents originating from technological or industrial accidents, dangerous procedures, infrastructure failures or certain human activities, which may cause the loss of life or injury, property damage, social and economic disruption or environmental degradation.
- Major accidents involving chemical substances have local effects, but in some circumstances they can affect whole regions because of factors like the weather conditions during the time of the accident. Prevention of such incidents must be the priority, but a positive result can only be assured if there are strict guidelines for using and handling of dangerous chemicals.
- ➤ When an accident involving chemical substances that could endanger life or the environment occurs in a chemical works or installation, those in charge of it should implement the safety measures which will minimise its consequences.
- ➤ They should immediately inform the relevant local authorities of the accident who will be responsible for informing the public and deciding upon the instructions to be followed by them.
- > The co-ordinated use of the civil and military means required to deal with the disaster should be ensured.
- All industrial concentrations should be encouraged to establish MARG for management of industrial accidents.
- Industries involved in the production or transportation of inflammable, hazardous and toxic materials should have a mandatory responsibility for preparing an off-site plan and communicating the same to the District Collector. Simulation exercises should be undertaken in the adjoining communities.
- ➤ Poison centers should be established in every civil hospital and in the hospitals near the industrial estates with facilities for detoxification.
- All transport of hazardous and toxic materials should be communicated to the RTO.
- All pipelines carrying hazardous and toxic materials should be equipped with devices to check any leakage or metal fatigue.
- > Small-scale industries releasing toxic wastewater should be encouraged to set up common effluent treatment facility.
- A common format for chemical data sheets should be devised which should be used to collect information from all industries in the district and the same should be available with fire brigade and police.

Cyclone

Ref - https://nidm.gov.in/PDF/safety/flood/link2.pdf

Cyclone is natural phenomena which have set pattern in Indian sub continent. Normally all the cyclones are developed between equator and 6 degrees North / south. These low pressure start moving towards north / south direction and start gaining speed as well as intensity as they start approaching to land. This speed and intensity depends upon the temperature difference between sea water and temperature on land.

In Indian continent, on east coast, the probability of cyclone hitting the land area has be around 8%. However, due to global warming, it is notice that frequency and the intensity has increased. This is now considered is potential hazard to Indian west coastal area.

According to the World Meteorological Organization (WMO), tropical cyclones are weather systems "in which winds exceed gale force (34 knots or 63 kmph)". A combination of warm sea temperatures, high relative humidity and atmospheric instability results in the formation of a tropical cyclone. These disasters are

characterised by destructive winds, storm surges and torrential rain causing massive community disruption.

A long coastline of 7516 Km has resulted in India's exposure to nearly 10% of all tropical cyclones. On an average, 5-6 tropical cyclones occur in a year in India, mostly in the Bay of Bengal. Post-monsoon cyclones occur most frequently and are generally more devastating in intensity. It is estimated that 58% of the cyclonic storms that form in the Bay of Bengal hit the coast in October and November. Strict implementation of Coastal Zone Regulations, efficient early warning dissemination mechanisms and construction of cyclone shelters and cyclone resistant housing practices are important mitigation measures to reduce the risk.

Vulnerability -

The vulnerability of a human settlement to a cyclone is determined by its siting, the probability that a cyclone will occur, and the degree to which its structures can be damaged by it. Buildings are considered vulnerable if they cannot withstand the forces of high winds. Generally those most vulnerable to cyclones are light-weight structures with wood frames, especially older buildings where wood has deteriorated and weakened the walls. Houses made of unreinforced or poorly-constructed concrete block are also vulnerable.

Early warning -

The warning for the cyclone is received from Indian Metrology department (IMD) giving indicators such as direction of wind, movement of epicentre, wind speed, wave height and probable land fall point. Normally such warnings are issued every 6 hourly and information is updated.

These warnings are sent to Mantralaya control room, Respective Collector office control room and Police dept.

The warning received in form of wind speed and probable landfall point is dissipated by district administration to probable affected area.

After receipt of warning (normally 12 hours before land fall time which is close to accurate) the prevention measures are initiated.

Prevention -

The prevention is not possible to control the cyclone but proper prevention methods by community surely helps in reducing the loss of life and property. Following 6 points are essential to reduce the damage. And this is possible by proper capacity building activity by district administration.

- 1. Avoid areas prone to storm surges and flooding.
- 2. Shelter domestic animals.
- 3. Secure vehicles.
- 4. Those in insecure dwellings, move as early as possible, to **cyclone** refugee centre with your emergency kit.
- 5. Avoid going outside.
- 6. Monitor closely **cyclone** bulletins on Radio/TV.

Mitigation –

Proper and solid construction is main to mitigate the impact of cyclone. However following 7 points helps in reducing losses in case of cyclone hits the area.

- 1. Installation of early morning systems.
- 2. Developing communication infrastructure.
- 3. Developing shelter belts.
- 4. Developing community **cyclone** shelters.
- 5. Construction of permanent houses.
- 6. Training and education.
- 7. Land use control and settlement planning.

Under the ongoing project of national cyclone risk mitigation project (NCRMP) which is funded by world bank and is implemented by National disaster Management Authority (NDMA) and State Disaster Management Unit (DMU) have initiated mitigation activity such as development of Mangrove forests, shifting electrical cables to underground, construction of cyclone shelters, capacity building of stake holders from different departments etc.

Tsunami

(https://tsunami.incois.gov.in)

A tsunami is a series of waves caused by earthquakes or undersea volcanic eruptions. But as the waves travel inland, they build up to higher and higher heights as the depth of the ocean decreases. The speed of tsunami waves depends on ocean depth rather than the distance from the source of the wave.

A tsunami in the deep ocean has very long wavelengths and very low **amplitude**. Approaching the shore the tsunami will slow down in **speed** and amplitudes will increase dramatically. This is due to the fact that the tsunami's **energy** flux, which is dependent on both its wave **speed** and wave **height**, remains nearly constant.

Vulnerability

Sindhudurg district have long coast line on west of the district. Even-though there is no record of Tsunami wave in coastal Sindhudurg, due to large floating population of tourist, Hotels, beaches resorts, and outside workforce working on fishing vessels. Labour working in mines and on various roads, rail, airport and seaport projects, the vulnerability is considerable.

This vulnerable group consists of low income group population and migrated workers with limited access to various information related to their safety.

It is difficult to state the number as in case of tsunami, the floating population and early warning will vary the number of likely affected population of the district.

Early warning

In response to December 26, 2004 tsunami, government of India has established Indian Tsunami Early Warning Centre (ITEWC) at Indian National Centre for Ocean Information Services (INCOIS), Hyderabad under the Ministry of Earth Sciences and is operational since October, 2007. Indian Tsunami Early Warning System comprises a real-time seismic monitoring and sea-level (Tsunami buoys and Tide gauges) network. In addition, INCOIS also takes the help of numerical model to assess the tsunami potential at different locations on the coast. The system is operational round the clock on all days. The ITEWC is capable of detecting 'tsunamigenic' earthquakes occurring in the Indian Ocean as well as in the Global

Oceans within 10 minutes of the occurrence of the earthquake and disseminates the advisories to the concerned authorities through email, fax, SMS, GTS and website. The ITEWC is providing advisories to all Indian Ocean rim countries as part of UNESCO-IOC framework.

Prevention

Unfortunately Tsunami cannot be prevented as its outshoot of earthquake in sea. How ever small measures such as mangrove forest, plants / trees those can reduce the serge of the water

Indicators that can help in preventing losses due to Tsunami.

- 1. Have Community Tsunami Risk Reduction Plan.
- 2. Have designated and mapped tsunami hazard inundation zones.
- 3. Have a public display of tsunami information.
- 4. Produce easily understood tsunami evacuation maps as determined to be appropriate by local authorities in collaboration with communities.
- 5. Develop and distribute outreach and public education materials.
- 6. Hold at least three outreach or educational activities annually.
- 7. Conduct an annual tsunami community exercise.
- 8. Address tsunami hazards in the communities Emergency Operations Plan (EOP)..
- 9. Commit to supporting the Emergency Operations Centre (EOC) during a tsunami incident, if an EOC is open and activated.
- 10. Commit to supporting the Emergency Operations Centre (EOC) during a tsunami incident, if an EOC is open and activated.
- 11. Have redundant and reliable means for a 24-hour warning point and/or EOC to disseminate official tsunami alerts to the public.

Mitigation

The strict implementation of Costal Regulatory Zone (CRZ) is key in reducing loss to life and property in case of Tsunami and cyclone.

Construction of cyclone shelters, mangrove development, ensuring safe houses which can withstand intensity of tsunami and gust of cyclone should be mandatory on 5 km distance from coastline specially in the bay areas.

Addition to above, capacity building of the people in coastal areas plays important role. Proper understanding at grass root level ensures the prompt and in time evacuation.

Mock drills involving district, state level functionaries also add to the mitigation ensuring in reduced loss of life

Drought

Drought is a slow creeping disaster. Its onset is difficult to demarcate and so also its end. Delay in the arrival of monsoon, failure of monsoon, irregular and scanty rainfall during kharif, falling of groundwater level, drying of wells and reservoirs and deficit in paddy plantation indicate the onset of drought. Generally non-structural and, therefore, difficult to quantify on immediate basis. Its spatial extent like that of floods denotes its severity.

The fall in groundwater level, less food production, availability of less fodder for animals, migration of labourers, water crisis determines its long-term impact. Its impacts like those of floods are cumulative and its continuance over a period or season magnifies the impact manifold.

Drought unlike other hazards does not cause any structural damages. The typical effects include loss of crop, livestock, timber, fishery production, food shortage, dehydration, loss of life, increased poverty etc. In fact, the impacts of drought are generally categorized as economic, environmental and social.

- Economic impacts denote loss of production in farm sector and also in nonfarm sectors like- forestry, fisheries, poultry, livestock because they depend upon surface and sub-surface water supplies. These losses result in loss of income and purchasing power among those rural people who depend on these for their livelihood. The processing industries based on agro-products suffer losses due to reduced supply of agro-products or supply at enormously increased prices. And losses both in primary and secondary sector result in unemployment, loss in revenue etc.
- > Environmental impacts are seen in the depletion of flora and fauna due to reduced availability of water both for feeding and drinking the wild life habitats with the loss of forest cover, migration of wild life and their increased mortality due to preying by starving population. Continuance of drought for a longer period may result in the loss of biodiversity.
- > Social impacts are seen in the large scale migration of the population from the drought affected areas to areas less affected, thereby causing dissensions. Children prefer doing some wage earning rather than going to school. People start selling their

possessions to manage two times meal for the family. The social status and dignity get compromised. Inadequacy of food supply causes starvation. Inadequacy of water supply generates social conflict. Thus the social capital and moral economy, the woof and warp of social fabric, is tattered and reduced to pieces.

Drought Mitigation Measures

Structural Measures

Water Management: In the land of flooding rivers, if drought is a recurring feature then surely, it is a clear-cut case of poor water management.

- ➤ Keeping in view the drainage and irrigation as interdependent to maintain the quality of soil, following water conservation related measures are required to be taken in drought prone areas.
- Maximising efficient use of available surface and groundwater in drought prone areas i.e. to resort to drip and sprinkler practices wherever possible, particularly for commercial crops including fruit orchards,
- > Construction of underground reservoirs to escape the impact of evaporation.
- > Conservation of floodwater in the branches of mainstreams and the network of rivulets.
- > Creation of Anicuts or check dams to hold water in the river beds and make it flow through the canals for irrigation purposes.
- Revival of dam, reservoir and pond systems of the past and maintain the same.
- > Digging of recharge wells and water harvesting structures to conserve water through rain water harvesting and by developing the culture of roof water harvesting in each household.
- > Spring water harvesting by diverting hill streams through small excavated channels, called KULS for irrigation and domestic use.

Soil Management:

The other factor responsible for drought conditions in Bihar is the nature of soil for which the first and foremost measures to be taken are:

- > The use of organic fertilizers which not only enriches the soil with minerals but also slowly but surely enhances its water holding capacity. Besides, the use of organic fertilizer gets better values of the products in the market, specifically in the developed countries.
- Aforestation which helps in both water and soil conservation. Such plants that have shorter growing period should be preferred. It helps the soils in enhancing its capacity to hold water and prevents erosion. It is also said to be the best method to contain the spread of drought.

Crop Management:

The third factor responsible for agricultural drought is kind of cropping being done. There are cropping patterns that help in soil conservation as well as in getting better farm yield. They are:

- > Strip cultivation: Consist of cultivation of different crops in different strips simultaneously.
- ➤ Cover Cropping: In plantation fields where gestation period of trees is long., creeper crops are planted which spread fast and provide cover to the top soil and thereby conserve it.

- > Crop rotation: Instead of grooming the same crop in the same field every year which tends to exhaust the same kind of mineral in the soil, as well as the moisture content in the soil. By rotating different types of crops soil fertility and moisture contents both are preserved.
- Alternate cropping: In deficit and/or irregular rainfall situations, alternate crops requiring less irrigation like bazra, need to be sown.

Introduction of modified Crop insurance:

Disaster management is an integral part of agriculture and a well functioning insurance scheme is the only answer. Response to disasters through NCCF and CRF has failed to adequately address to the problem of agrarian distress due to vagaries of nature. National Agriculture Insurance Scheme (NAIS) even in the modified version fails to address this issue – indemnity levels are low, threshold levels are unrealistic, premium rates are high even after subsidy, crop compensation is unsatisfactory.

> To mitigate the drought and market risks, a farmer friendly crop insurance scheme through private insurance companies would be introduced for all major crops where the development cost of insurance product would be shared by the State Government. Scheme being an area insurance scheme amounts to a car insurance scheme when the owner would get compensation only when certain number of cars also meet accident before the owner gets the compensation.

Non- Structural Measures

Along with the structural measure non- structural measures are necessary to implement. Sometimes implementation of the structural measures are not possible due to funding issues on that scenario a strong ground for non- structural measures can prevent the drought scenario on greater extent. The different kind of measures can be adopted by the states are:

- ➤ Working towards convergence of lessons learnt from studies carried out by multiple institutions working in related fields such as Central Research Institute for Dry land Agriculture (CRIDA), Agriculture Institute, India Meteorological Department (IMD), National Remote Sensing Centre (NRSC) and Indian Council for Agricultural Research (ICAR), etc.
- ➤ Impact of drought on agricultural economy should be assessed in terms of indicators like area sown, input use, livestock, crop yield, farm and overall income, employment and migration of families.
- Impact of drought on the poor in urban areas should also be assessed.
- > Great stress be laid on preventing deterioration in quality of life during drought.
- > Drought mitigation measures should be strengthened with the help of the on-going communication revolution. Remote sensing techniques should be used extensively for drought assessment and mitigation. Satellite data may be used to target potential ground water sites for taking up well digging programmes.
- > There should be adequate accountability of drought management authorities at all concerned levels of administration. There should be proper monitoring, assessment and evaluation of actors taken by the authorities.
- Agricultural extension agencies should be effectively involved in drought mitigation efforts; these agencies should remain very alert during the period of drought and should be strengthened in drought prone areas.
- > Timely and adequate supply of inputs like drought resistant seeds by the concerned authorities should receive emphasis.

- > There should be Water Availability and Outlook Committee and Impact Assessment Committee at local levels.
- > Capacity Building program for different group of people at different level, likearrange demos on drip and sprinkle irrigation and water harvesting for farmers at drought prone areas.
- > Encourage farmers to adopt crop pattern development programs.
- Arrange awareness program regarding drought at different level.

Mitigation Measures/ Activities and Responsibility of line departments at various stages of Disaster Cycle of Various Hazards

Flood

Task	Activities	Responsibility
Development of techno- legal regime/ regulations	 Prohibition of development in wetlands, flood zone and low lying areas Encourage for flood proofing structures in flood prone areas Build new water and sewage systems and utility lines Prescribing standards for different flood prone zones on flood plains Enactment and enforcement of laws regulating development activities in flood plain Specific building by-laws for 	 Revenue Dept. Irrigation Dept. UD Dept. Panchayat and Rural Housing Local Governments PWD
	flood plains	

Safe dwelling in flood hazard areas

Task	Activities	Responsibility
Arrangement of safe dwelling in flood hazard areas	 Development of flood hazard map Study of past history on floods occurred and estimated loss and damage Asses the vulnerability of risk elements Build houses in safer zones 	 Revenue Dept. Irrigation Dept. UD Dept. Panchayat and Rural housing Local Governments PWD

Development and Redevelopment Policies

Task	Activities	Responsibility
Development and redevelopment of flood preventive policies	 Develop long term flood policies to protect natural resources, property and lives. Legislative and regulatory requirements 	 Revenue Dept. Irrigation Dept. UD Dept. Panchayat & Rural Housing Local Governments PWD

Modifying floods

Task	Activities	Responsibility
Modifying flood by construction works	 Construction of dams and reservoirs, dikes, levees, and floodwalls, channel alterations, high flow diversions, storm water management, coastline protection works and watershed management. Development of catchment area of the flood plain Forestation and vegetation Land sloping and small check dam construction 	 Revenue Dept. Irrigation Dept. UD Dept. Panchayat & Rural Housing Local Governments PWD

Flood Forecasting and Warning System

Task	Activities	Responsibility
Updating of flood forecasting and warning system	 Strengthening and up gradation of existing flood forecasting system Stay in touch with IMD and CWC Establish infrastructure for flood warning and dissemination Ensure proper communication between 	 DDMA Authority Irrigation Dept. CWC IMD

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district authority and	
SEOC.	

Non-structural Measures

Task	Activities	Responsibility
Capacity Building	 Prepare departmental flood contingency plan Establish rain gauge recording station with trained manpower in the state Train the flood rescue teams and ensure they have functional rescue materials. 	 Revenue Dept. DDMA Authority Irrigation Dept. Line Dept.
	 Conduct demos/ mock drills in flood prone areas time to time and ensure that rescue teams are properly trained and equipped Organize trainings for various stakeholders involved in flood mitigation and management Organize mock drills on flood rescue 	
Awareness Generation	 Undertake public awareness activities in flood affected areas and let people know what to do and what not to do after, before and during flood. Design and develop the IEC materials in local language and ensure their storage and distribution among people. Motivate all families in flood prone areas to prepare the family kit of emergency materials 	 Revenue Dept. DDMA Authority Irrigation Dept. Information Dept. Line Dept.

Earthquake

Structural measures

Zoning and Building codes

Task	Activities	Responsibility
Zoning and Building codes	 Conduct micro- zonation study and prepare seismic map in earthquake prone locations Identify the Vulnerable structures Adapt building code and suggestions given by micro zonation study and do construction works accordingly 	 Revenue Dept. DDMA UD Dept. PWD Dept. Gram Panchayats Local Urban Bodies Housing Dept.

Development of safe siting and Earthquake Resistant Structure

Task	Activities	Responsibility
Safe siting in earthquake areas.	 Select rock or stiff soil for building construction Avoid constructing the capital-intensive infrastructure, hazardous facilities and important buildings in Seismic fault areas 	❖ Revenue Dept.❖ UD Dept.❖ PWD Dept.
Develop earthquake resistant structures	 ❖ Adopt earthquake resistant structure in all construction works ❖ Incorporate the earthquake resistant design in all houses build by government departments and private agencies 	 ❖ Gram Panchayats ❖ Local Urban Bodies ❖ Housing Dept.

Retrofitting of weak structures

Task	Activities	Responsibility
Retrofitting the weak structures	 Develop a database of existing private and govt. building in the state Identify the buildings need retrofitting Prepare a project/scheme for retrofitting 	 Revenue Dept. UD Dept. PWD Dept. Gram Panchayats Local Urban bodies Housing Dept.
Avoid use of very weak/ risk structures	 Identify the very weak/ old structures Put notice not to use and vacate 	

Instrumentation for monitoring of seismic activity

Task	Activities	Responsibility
Regular monitoring of seismic activities	 Set up seismic recording stations in seismic prone areas with modern equipment's Ensure regular study and research work in this field by technical groups Ensure dissemination of data and information to all concerned 	Science and technology Dept.Local urban bodies

Non-structural measures

Task	Activities	Responsibility
Capacity	❖ Strengthening of Techno- legal regime	Education &
Building	 Organize trainings on earthquake 	technical
	resistant structures for engineers,	Education Dept.
	architects, masons and other working in	Revenue Dept.
	construction industry.	DDMA
	 Prepare departmental earthquake 	Line Dept.
	contingency plan, action plan and SOP	
	 Carry out structural safety audit of all 	
	critical Infrastructures and key resources	
	 Motivate disaster insurance of buildings 	
	 Improvement of emergency response 	
Awareness	 Organize school programs, public 	Information
Activities	awareness campaigns on earthquake	Dept.
	safety.	DDMA
	 Organize Drop. Cover Hold demo in 	
	Schools	
	 Develop IEC Materials and distribute 	

4.11.3 Drought

Structural Measures

Task	Activities	Responsibility
Water management construction works Soil management	 Construction/ repair/ strengthening of dams, reservoirs, lift irrigation, water sheds, tube wells and canals for surface irrigation Construction/ repair/strengthening of percolation tanks, farm ponds, check dams etc. Construction/ repair/ strengthening of warehouses and cold storages for preservation/ storage of food grains Use of organic fertilizer to enhance 	 Revenue Dept. Irrigation Dept. Agriculture Dept. Agriculture Dept.
	water holding capacity of soil Prefer shorter growing period plants	
Crop management	 Adaptation of strip cultivation of different crops Adaptation of Cover cropping to moisture the soil for long period Do crop rotation for soil fertility and moisture contents 	❖ Agriculture Dept.
Adaptation of new technology	 Application of advanced agroscience technology and agro engineering inputs to improve agriculture production 	Revenue Dept.Agriculture Dept.

Task	Activities	Responsibility
	 Adaptation of new technology for water harvesting and watering crops Undertake programs to motivate farmers to change crop patterns, and follow alternative livelihood sources 	
Techno-legal regime	 Enactment and enforcement of laws regulating ground water level and exploitation of natural resources Do insurance for all crops 	Revenue Dept.Agriculture Dept.
Forecasting and warning	 Strengthening the existing drought forecasting system Establish infrastructure for drought warning and dissemination 	 Revenue Dept. DDMA Irrigation Dept. IMD

Non-Structural measures

Task	Activities	Responsibility
Capacity building	Develop departmental drought contingency plan, action plan and SOP	 Revenue Dept. Irrigation Dept. Agriculture Dept. Forest and
	 Provide training on drought mitigation and management to all stakeholders 	Environmental Dept.Rural Development
	 Arrange demos on drip and sprinkle irrigation and water harvesting for farmers 	❖ All Line Dept.
	 Encourage farmers to adapt crop pattern developed for drought prone areas 	
	Rational use of fertilizers and pesticides	
	Motivate farmers to adapt the technique for preservation of	

		green folder		
Awareness	*	Aware general public on	*	DDMA
		drought consequence and	*	Revenue Dept.
		provide tips on water	*	Irrigation Dept.
		conservation, drought resistant	*	Agriculture Dept.
		crops, new technology, off-	*	Information Dept.
		farming activities and	*	All line Dept.
		alternative livelihood sources		
	*	Aware farmers about		
		government schemes and		
		insurance Policies for crops,		
		animal husbandry, fishery,		
		horticulture etc.		

4.11.4 Fire

Structural Measures

Task	Activities	Responsibility
Develop fire infrastructure and other fire facilities	 Extend coverage of fire and emergency services to rural areas Involve the new stakeholders Strengthen coordination between municipalities and industrial safety department Equip fire stations with modern fire engines and other equipment's Provide fire proof devices to fire fighters Insurance coverage for fire staff Make provision for special fire burn ward in the hospital 	 Fire and emergency services dept. Industrial safety department Urban local bodies Health Dept.
	 Ensure that all fire stations are connected to effective communication system 	

Non-structural measures

Task	Activities	Responsibility
Capacity	 Impart fire management training to 	Urban
Building	fire staff and strengthen their	Development
Č	working skill.	Disaster
	 Organize regular demo for fire 	Management
	brigade to familiar them with fire equipment's	Unit
	 Conduct mock drills to check up 	
	the departmental preparedness	
Awareness	 Organize awareness programs on 	

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Generation		fire safety in Schools, Colleges and offices.	
	*	Disseminate fire safety tips among public through print and electronic media	
	*	Develop IEC materials on dos and don'ts for public distribution	

4.11.5 Industrial and Chemical Accidents

Structural measures

Task	Activities	Responsibility	
Industrial safety measures	 Set up Emergency response Centre (ERC) Strengthen Mutual Aid Response Group (MARG) Form and strengthen the crisis Groups at District and local levels. Industries not to be allowed in Hazard prone areas Develop on-site and off-site plans Set up toxic water treatment facility 	 Industrial Dept. MIDC District Authorities Local Authorities 	
	 Set up leakage checkup devices Purchase, store and keep functional all necessary industrial safety equipment's. Make Provision for poison ward in Civil hospital 		
Techno – legal regime	 Implement the Acts and Rules related to industrial safety firmly. Ensure structural safety inspection/ audit inspection/audit by competent authority. 	Industry Dept.MIDCLocal Authority	
Strengthening EOC and warning systems	 Establish/ strengthen EOCs at all level Set up on site and off – site warning dissemination system 	 Nodal Authority MIDC Dist. Collector Municipal Commissioner 	

Non-Structural Measures

Task	Activities	Responsibility
Emergency Planning	 Prepare/ update emergency onsite and offsite plan 	Nodal Authority: MIDC
5	Regular monitoring of safety activities in all the factories/	Dist. CollectorMunicipal

	industries	Commissioner
Organize	 Organize industrial safety 	Nodal Authority:
Capacity	trainings for officers and staff	MIDC
Building	working in the factories	Dist. Collector
	❖ Set up an on −site and off −site	Municipal
	monitoring team to check up all	Commissioner
	safety measures	
	 Conduct mock drills in regular 	
	interval	
	 Encourage disaster insurance 	
Awareness	 Organize community awareness 	Nodal Authority:
Activities	programs for the communities	MIDC
	residing near the factories and let	Dist. Collector
	people know what to do what not	Municipal
	to do in case of industrial disaster	Commissioner
	 Develop IEC materials on local 	DDMA
	language and distribute them in	
	schools and local communities	
	 Organize School level awareness 	
	activities and ensure students	
	participation in large number	

4.11.6 Epidemics

Structural Measures

Task	Activities	Responsibility
Surveillance and warning	 Identify the epidemic prone areas Establish mechanism for regular monitoring of such locations Set up testing laboratories with trained manpower if required Collect data and disseminate to concerned authorities 	 Public health Dept. Local Govt. Bodies Municipal Authorities
Preventive and promotive Measures	 Ensure clean drinking water, personal toilets, and proper sanitation facilities in epidemic prone areas Ensure safe drainage and proper waste management system 	 Public health Dept. Local Govt. Bodies Municipal Authorities
Strengthening Institutional infrastructure	 Organize Capacity building trainings for health staff Establish testing labs with modern equipments and trained manpower 	 Public Health Dept. Local Govt. Bodies Municipal Authorities

Non-structural Measures

Task	Activities	Responsibility
Capacity Building activities	 Identify the primary stakeholders of current epidemic Organize epidemic management trainings for all stake holders Provide necessary safety devices to health staff who manage and work in epidemic areas 	❖ Health Dept.
Awareness Programme	 Organize public campaigns to aware them on what to do and what not to do to control the epidemic Use both electronic and print media to disseminate the safety measures and the actions government taken to check the epidemic 	❖ Health Dept.

4.11.7. Road Accidents

Structural Measures

Task	Activities	Responsibility
Strengthening Intuitional capability	 Make provisions for special enforcement wing Set up traffic posts and trauma care centers on Highways Set up hotline and speed monitoring technology Keep equipments for removal of accident Vehicles Fix a lead agency for monitoring Make provision of special route for hazardous Vehicles 	❖ Transport Dept.
Strengthening Road Infrastructure	 Avoid parking at any point on National and state highways Make special provision for parking with food, water, fuel and other facilities Show excavation locations with barricades Put road dividers, speed breakers, information sign boards and men at railway crossings Keep machines for removal of debris in emergency 	❖ Transport Dept.
Improving	 Insurance regulation 	Transport Dept.

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Regulations	*	Strictly use protective materials by two wheeler drivers	
	*	Special rules for school buses	
	*	Training for drivers carrying	
		hazardous materials	
	*	Use blinking lights for Stationary	
		Vehicles	

Non – Structural Measures

Task	Activities	Responsibility
Capacity Building	Organize capacity building training to all stakeholders involved in road transport, and traffic management.	
	Strengthen the management skill of traffic police and RTO staff organizing mock drills in regular interval	
Awareness Generation	 Create Public awareness on road safety, traffic rule, and noise pollution control. Disseminate the transport rules and regulation among public and the 	Transport
	consequences of its violation	

4.11.8 Land slides

Structural measures

Task	Activities	Responsibility
Preventive and protective measures	 Treating Vulnerable slopes and existing hazardous landslides Restricting development in landslide – prone areas Preparing codes for excavation, construction and grading Protecting existing developments Monitoring and warning systems Putting in place arrangements for landslides insurance and compensation for losses. Creation of landslide Inventory Selecting landslide hazard zonation methodologies for different scales Multi- hazard integration especially integrating seismic hazard Prioritization of areas for land slide hazard zonation mapping 	 PWD Revenue IMD Police GSI

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❖ Landslide risk Zonation	

Non- structural measures

Task	Activities	Responsibility		
Capacity	 Land slide remediation practice 	Revenue Dept.		
building	 Research and development; monitoring and early warning. 	DDMAPolice		
	 Knowledge network and management 			
	 Public awareness and education 			
	 Emergency preparedness and response 			
	 Regulation and enforcement 			

Summary of Mitigation measures:

Task	Activity	Authority for	Starting	Date of	Cost	Funding
		implementation	date	completion		source
1	2	3	4	5	6	7

Chapter 5

Preparedness Measures

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Chapter 5 Preparedness Measures

5.1.1 Identification of stakeholders involved in disaster response

Community is the first responders in case of most of the disasters. This shows the importance of VDMP as well as Village Task Force and their training. Local people who can do search and rescue operations should be identified and given training. But not every levels of disasters can be managed by village task force. Highly trained professionals are needed for response. It includes swimmers, divers etc. They can be identified at Taluka level and given training at village level.

Response and evacuation of disabled population is very important as they are highly vulnerable. Training can be given for the rescue workers for rescuing them or evacuating them during emergency. Fire brigade are adequately trained in this and carry people using different cradle carry method, firemen carry method, blanket carry method etc. The Taluka level rescue workers should be trained in it.

5.2 Formation of teams

For different activities in Rescue and relief activities different teams should be formed so that the activities can be carried out easily during the time of disasters.

Response and evacuation of disabled ((Availability of assistive devices and technologies for persons with disabilities in preparing for and responding to disasters)

Formation of Teams for-

The teams are formed in three phases of disaster i.e.- pre during and post. The break up is as follows-

Pre-disaster- Capacity building

Public Awareness

Preparation of plans, up-dation, verification

Training

During- Search and Rescue

First aid Relief Camp

And all other components required by IRS.

Post Disaster- Understanding needs of affected community

Rehabilitation

Distribution of relief aid

Policy advocacy to bring normalcy in affected area.

Documentation

Additional measures as described in IRS.

5.2.1 Early Warning

Early warning is the most essential component in preparedness as it can effectively help in understanding the forthcoming hazard likely to get converted into disaster. Early warning is especially effective in case of cyclones, heavy rains, cloud burst, tsunami, etc. The hazards such as earthquake or in many cases of man made disasters, is not that eminent.

Establishing proper early warning mechanism helps administration to take the necessary steps such as evacuation, managing response teams, developing shelters and if the likely intensity is high then probable loss assessment. These warning are mainly from Indian Meteorology Department which is responsible for monitoring of cyclones and rainfall.

Upon receiving the early warning, the administration should take the responsibility to reach out to the vulnerable villages and intimate them regarding the possible disaster and likely damage. This will help in reducing the loss of life to the larger extent.

5.2.2 Search & rescue

Referring to the Disaster management cycle, search and rescues is the first step in post disaster scenario. Effective mobilization of search and rescue teams can reduce loss of life or injuries to the large extent.

For this, preparedness of search and rescue teams at district and tahasil level are essentially important. This preparedness involves upto date training to rescue teams as well as mobilization of well-maintained equipment.

It is observed that in most of the cases, local communities are the first responders to carry out search and rescue activities. If community level trainings are properly done, the load on tahsil and district level can be considerably reduced.

VOs like NCC, NSS, NYK, civil defence, Home Guards and other task forces available at various departments, local trekking groups, youth clubs etc..

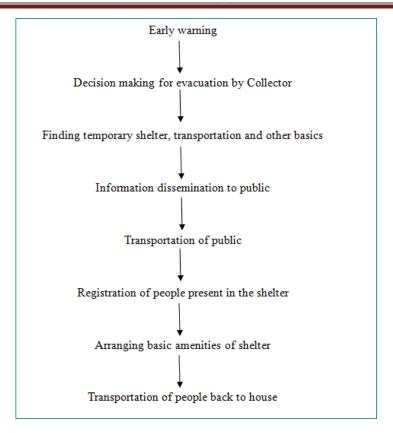
5.2.3 Evacuation

Depending upon the impact and the size of affected population (vulnerable group), chances of spreading of the damage in surrounding area is to be considered before planning the evacuation process. This process can be implemented by using various transport facilities such as bus, train, boats and airlift.

In IRS process the logistic dept can actively coordinate all such facilities.

While evacuating authorities should consider evacuation of affected people, Live stock as well as their valuable belongings.

The evacuation process, where early warning is issued, the process can be initiated well in advance. This helps in transport of large number of community members and their live stock along with their belongings to mobilise at much suitable way.



5.2.4 Damage and Loss Assessment

In order to start any post disaster activity, it is essential to know the extent of the damage to the life, property and environment. To understand this, inputs from government officials from different departments deputed at village level are taken into consideration. For different disasters, the geographical area that needs to be assessed will vary depending upon the extent of the hazard.

Type	Number	Remarks
Number of affected population		
Number of affected families		
Loss of life		
Injured		
Missing		
No of house fully damaged		
No. of house partially damaged		
Crops fully damaged (acre)		
Crops partially damaged (acre)		

Fully damaged educational institutions	
Partially damaged educational institutions	
No of water sources damaged/not functioning	
No of latrine damaged	
Loss of livestock's (no.)	
Embankment Fully damaged(km)	
Embankment partially damaged (km)	

5.3 Activation of IRS in the district

The District Collector (Chairman of SDMA) automatically becomes the head or the Chairperson of the DDMA, and hence he is appointed as the Responsible Officer of the district. Under his advice, other members of the IRS team are appointed as per the type of disaster, its intensity, chances of spreading and the concerned line department etc.

Some of the responsibilities may be passed on to the Additional District Collector for management and supervision of any incident that occurs in the district, as he is the Chief Executive Officer of the District. The District Emergency Operation Centre and the Incident Commander will make him aware of all the developments and progresses of responses activities in the district.

5.4 Protocol for seeking help from other agencies

Protocol for seeking help from other agencies such as Govt. of India, State Government, Public Sector Undertaking (PSUs), Other State Governments, National Disaster Response Force (NDRF), State Disaster Response Force (SDRF), Army, Navy and Air Force, Central Para Military Forces. -

The line departments and their head will perform different roles and responsibilities based on the nature and kind of disaster. These responsibilities of the line departments shall be clearly defined based on different types of disasters in the DDMP, which will be further approved by the State Government.

Army, Air Force & Central Paramilitary Forces

The Chairman of the DDMA will report to the State Home Department which will further ask for military help to the Central Home Ministry, who will take the subject with the concerned departments for the requisition of Army, Air force and Central Paramilitary Forces.

National Disaster Response Force

The DDMA can immediately make arrangements for requisition the NDRF team or battalion directly, if there are cases of sudden onset of disasters in areas, where early warning systems may not be present. The DDMA will maintain a close association with the NDRF Commander in Chief of the NDRF located nearest to the district

(Pune), for the rapid deployment of the team in case of threatening disastrous situations.

State Disaster Response Force

The DDMA will write to the State Disaster Management Authority who will consult further with concerned ministries for requisition of SDRF, if it exists in the State.

5.5 Mechanisms for checking and certification of logistics, equipment and stores

The DDMA will write to the concerned Logistic Section Chief (LSC) in the Revenue Department, to further carry out the responsibility of checking and making certifications of logistics, equipment and stores

5.6 Operational check-up of Warning Systems

The DDMA will conduct operational check-ups of warning systems periodically. The pre-monsoon preparedness meeting also leads to checking of warning equipment. A checklist is to be prepared for routine maintenance and testing of the equipment. During the mock drill, the early warning systems for various hazards should be checked and verified. Also the response to the early warning by the respective department should also be verified on the timeline prepared by DDMA.

In general, the early warnings are dissipated to the village level through the police department and if available, fire department. In case of unavailability, the warning is dissipated to the village level through Talathi/ Gram-sevak and if not available then local person responsible e.g. elected member, police patil or teacher who may be available at village.

5.7 Operational check-up of EOC

EOC is the crucial in handling the during and post disaster scenario. DDMA will create a check list of parameters for smooth functioning of EOC.

Ensure proper manning, functioning of various equipment such as internet connections, wireless equipment, detail maps showing various vulnerable areas in district, Hot lines, telephones (land line and Mobile) social media groups, Whatapp groups etc.

Periodic maintenance of the equipment shall be carried out. For emergency situation, alternate system such as power back-up, alternative devices (e.g. satellite phone, HAM radio etc.) for communications should be available at EOC and other important officials so that communication with EOC is not disrupted at any point of time. All essential documents and GRs should also be available in the EOC.

The references are and can be drawn from NIDM document on EOC, which is available on NIDM portal.

5.8 Seasonal inspection of facilities and critical infrastructure

The DDMA shall coordinate along with the Public Work Departments, to conduct a seasonal inspection of facilities and critical infrastructures like bridges and Highways, bridges, government buildings especially before the onset of monsoons.

5.9 Command and coordination

Identification of quick response teams

The head or the Chairperson will coordinate meetings regularly with all the departments and stakeholders and even include various NGO's and groups for effective management and preparedness of summer seasons and monsoons.

5.10 NGOs and other stakeholders coordination

The NGO which are working in development sector as well as disaster management sector can be used for different purposes such as Post Disaster Need Assessment. The NGO workers or volunteers should be trained regarding their work during L0 phase of disasters and during the issue of warning, NGO officials can be communicated and can be used. Also in case f temporary shelter preparation, water and sanitation etc. can be managed by NGO with the support and monitoring of government officials.

5.11 Seasonal preparedness

Identifying Risks: Listing out various risks from hazards like floods, fire to the infrastructures and facilities. This will decrease the geographical susceptibility of the structure. Identifying vulnerability of the objects and structures are also an important process of the preparedness. Hence this identification process will focus on the prevention and mitigation of any damages that can take place in the future.

Identifying Resources: The DDMA shall identify resources available in the district for assistance in a disastrous situation and sources which can lower the damage and the risks.

Decreasing Risks: Once the list of risks and vulnerabilities are prepared and specified, then the DDMA shall conduct and formulate a program making arrangement of activities that can decrease the risks. This can be done with the help and association of various line departments.

Sensitization of community about the needs of persons with disabilities

People with disability are some of the most likely impacted groups during any disaster with high risk of death, injury, additional impairment. Various initiatives have been taken to deal with the group and make things accessible to them. Among them one of the initiatives is sensitization of communities about the needs of disabled people. Even in disaster risk reduction measures disability- inclusion is one of the important point. Some of the following measures are to be taken for person with disability in community preparedness.

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Task	Activity
Identification	 Identification of person with disability in community with the kind of disability. Making the area of stay and work in the village.
Awareness and dissemination of Information	 Awareness programs related to disasters and vulnerabilities in their area. Capacity building training with on rescue and emergency exits Conducting mock drills including people with disability.
Monitoring	 Basic provisions for person with disability in Safe shelter with light, toilet, sanitation. Accessibility of the safe shelter through ramps for them. Ensuring safety evacuation doors for them.

5.12 Community Preparedness

Community preparedness plays a crucial part in disaster management. Community is one seem to be one of the exposed entity in any disaster risk. The two main elements to be explored in the community preparedness are community based and people centric. Community based disaster management is believed to have direct involvement of community in every phases of disaster. It is vital that community members themselves are aware and self-reliant in getting the knowledge and information of the risks and vulnerabilities of the area. The core activities where community people could get involved are

Risk Knowledge	 Knowledge about historical hazards. Identification of hazards and disaster prone areas. What are the pattern and frequency of disaster.
Dissemination and communication	 Develop community based early warning system. Dissemination of information to vulnerable communities Dissemination of information to person with disability.
Monitoring	 Parameters for the development of early warning. Parameters for structural development and implementation.
Response Capabilities	 Take all the prevention, mitigation and preparedness measures. Capacity building and awareness programs. Provide support to conduct post disaster assessment studies.

5.13 Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs)

5.13.1 Protocol and arrangements for VIP visits

In case of post disaster scenario, the physical presence of high authority government officers and/or local elected representatives/ministers is unavoidable as it helps to control the public sentiments as well as provides interactive participation from the community. The visit to the position of incidence by government functionaries is based on the system protocols.

These visits attract lot of public and media attention and can aggravate public sentiments. Hence, it is suggested to minimize the movements by VIPs and VVIPs until situation is under control and proper information regarding the gravity of the situation is made available to VIPs and VVIPs. Normally incident commander may accompany them during this visit.

5.13.2 Procurement (essentials Tents, blankets, tarpaulins etc., SOP for Rate contracts)

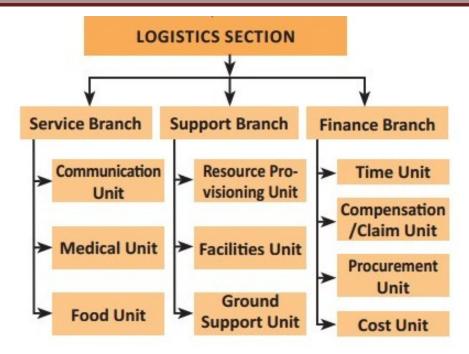
Based on the type of disaster, the relief material is needed to be provided. This material can be in different forms such as food grain, utensils and other household items. In the last 2-3 disasters it was noticed that all the material made available by the public, NGOs and private companies is routed through the centralized distribution system which is under the guidance of either divisional commissioner or district magistrate for L2/L3 level disasters.

In case of L1 level disasters such as building collapse, small fires this procurement of material and distribution system is carried out at the tahasil level.

Procurement at the government level is done by the rate contract decided by state government and in case of any item not included in the list, DM can procure such items after approval from DDMA with the available funds for management of emergencies.

5.13.3 Logistics

Logistics in case of emergencies is governed by the incident commander through the officer made in charge of logistics. Logistics involves three branches- Service, Support and Finance.



5.14 Knowledge Management, networking and sharing

Knowledge management is all about getting right knowledge, in right place and at the right time. Preparedness is to develop, support and enhance the organizational knowledge process of knowledge creation, storage, retrieval, transfer and application. The management focuses on capturing, organizing and converting organizational knowledge into common database, for further effective retrieval of relevant contents through advanced searches from the data base. At the lower end organizations focuses on learning, sharing and collaborating through physical interactions, workshops, documentation of experiences or sharing through web portals. The networking comprises of all the SDMD, DDMD, and administrative training institutes.

Task	Activity	Responsibility
Knowledge Management	 Disaster management activities carried out at various levels. Documentation and dissemination of information to line departments. Training and awareness programs Government, community and private organization resource mapping. Recording of best practices, lessons learnt, work experience and sharing with stakeholders in meetings, workshops and seminars. 	 Revenue Department DDMA Technical Department.

5.14.1 Uploading of information on resources on IDRN and SDRN sites

IDRN is a web based common information system for managing the inventory of equipment, skilled human resources and critical supplies for emergency response. It manages the district level resource database throughout the nation. The primary focus is to enable the decision makers to find answers on availability of equipment and human resources required to combat any emergency situation. This database also enables the organization to assess the level of

preparedness for specific vulnerabilities. Total 266 technical items are listed in the resource inventory. The districts have been given the username and password through which they can perform data entry and data updating on IDRN for resources available in the district. The IDRN network has functionality of generating multiple query options based on specific equipment, skilled human resources and supplies with their location and contact details. Every year the resource inventory has been updated at the district level by DDMOs. Whereas NIC provides its technical assistance by updating it in website.

5.14.2 Documentation of lessons learnt and best practices after each event

The documentation of any disaster is essential to identify the gaps in all three phases of disaster management. This helps the authorities in order to prevent occurrence of such disasters by taking additional measures in terms of capacity building, resource management, financial management and logistics.

This can act as a resource material for research also.

The shortfalls identified in this document can be incorporated in department d.m. plan and add in preparedness. The capacity building can also be amended based on lesions learnt.

The best practices helps other districts to make their essential changes in their operation system

5.14.3 Community registries to collate basic contact information for persons with disabilities

Community registries should be maintained by collating basic contact information of the persons with disabilities (physical and mental). This data can be collected through VDMP and should be updated at least once in a year.

One of the best practice can be identifying probable ares where village level vulnerable families can be transported. This information can be incorporated in village level plans.

The inputs can be taken from government agencies and NGO's working for disables or for various sections of society who can not respond on their own

5.15 Media management / information dissemination

Mass media and communication system plays vital role in predicting and dissemination of information in advance. The communication system has significantly developed to a great extent in predicting and disseminating information about the disaster, there has been an impact on how public learns of and perceives the impact of disasters. Both the electronic and printing media has been linked to the disaster preparedness in awareness programs, warning dissemination, and evacuation, alerts government officials and in coordination with various stakeholders. Communication virtually links all the hazards mitigation process. The capabilities of communication, data gathering and data management technology have leaped forward in parallel with the increase knowledge about the origin and behaviour of natural hazards. The advancement in mass and

telecommunication with technology had major contribution in forecasting and dissemination of information.

5.15.1 Training and interaction strategies with Media/pre-event awareness for Media.

- A. To control the rumours spreading via various sources such as social media and issue strict warnings and instructions to public and government stakeholders.
- B. To establish a system to monitor social media such as Whatsapp, Twitter, Facebook, etc.
- C. Depute a responsible officer under IRS system to give correct information to print and electronic media and ensure that incorrect information is not spread through print and electronic media.

5.15.2 Identification and training of the Official Spokesperson

Normally PRO deputed at DM office is well aware about his responsibility as a spokesperson and passes on the information only after approval by DM. However, at the disasters scaling L1 and L2 i.e. on tahasil and village level, such spokesperson is not available and local available officer may not be aware of media management.

A special training module is required to be developed for such officers/ spokespersons including Tahasildar.

5.16 Medical Preparedness and mass casualty management

For medical preparedness, the details of all the hospitals available in the district should be made available in the DDMA or Control room. In preparedness phase, the hospital authorities, management, doctors and other staffs should be trained in emergency management. Details of medical equipment and manpower available in each region should be made available and in case of emergency, the transportation of injured people should be made accordingly. During emergency, first aid for injured and triage in case of heavy causality is the duty of medical professional in the Taluka or district level. Based on the need for critical care facilities, Surgical Services, Transfusion Services etc. victims should be allotted to different hospitals as per the available resources.

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Chapter 6

Capacity Building and Training Measures

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Chapter 6 Capacity Building and Training Measures

6.1 Approach

Capacity building of the various stakeholders and periodic training is important factor in the preparedness. As government officials are mainly engaged in daily roles and responsibilities periodic trainings become important to build their capacities.

The modules will be specific to the participants by conducting TNA and references will be taken from NDMA, NIDM and state level ATI directives.

Developing the capacities of the public is essentially important as disaster management should be 'To the people, by the people, for the people'.

As the neighbour is first responder for any disaster scenario, it is very essential to develop capacity of the public which not only will be available in golden hour, but will be helpful to government functionaries in order to prevent or mitigate the disasters.

Hence, training at all levels to all stakeholders becomes extremely essential, irrespective of hazard.

6.2 Capacity Building Plan

A year-long training, capacity building plan should be made available and discussed with DDMA, including financials involved therein.

This plan should include all stakeholders from public ,NGOs, VOs, elected members and government officials.

6.2.1 Institutional capacity building

6.2.1.1 Officials / policy makers

District level institutional mechanism runs from District collector to village level functionaries such as Talathi and Gram-sevak; who represent revenue department, which is responsible for Disaster Management and PRI who are policy makers and elected members from respective area. They have good communication in their constituency which is essential for effectiveness in 3 phases of Disaster Management. In addition to this, the capacity should be developed for all line department stakeholders e.g. Irrigation, Public works department, Health, animal husbandry, police, state transport etc. Who are government agencies and have capacity to support revenue dept.

6.2.1.2 Engineers, Architects, Masons, Doctors, Nurses, Teachers etc. Professionals from various fields in the private sectors should be trained in including disaster management perspective into their profession. Their skills in the respective fields can also be used during and post disaster period when required.

6.2.1.3. Police, Fire Services, SDRF

Police, Fire Services, SDRF and TDRF are mainly responsible for responding in the first phase of disaster scenario and are normally first to reach to the position of the incidence. Hence, the modules designed to train these forces should be focussed on first aid, search and rescue and fire safety by using the available equipment and manpower.

Special focus should be given to the periodic maintenance of equipment and repairing their-off. A special focus on maintaining of the spares should be also considered in these modules.

6.2.2 Community capacity building and Community Based Disaster Management

- a) Community as a whole is main component in the DRR. As they are the sufferers from any natural or manmade disasters, it is essential to convey the importance of understanding hazard and prevention and mitigation therein.
- b) If proper capacity is developed at community level, it is possible that many of the hazards will be eliminated before they get converted into disaster.
- c) The capacity of the community is inversely proportional to the intensity of the disaster. More the capacity of the community, lesser will be the losses due to disaster.
- d) Separate modules are required to be designed for teachers, students, NSS, NCC, housing societies and VOs like home guard, civil defence and NYK.

6.2.3 Training of Trainers (ToT)

As reaching to all stakeholders at grassroots level is near impossible to any institution, it is required to train the master trainers specific to their expertise. The knowledge and experience of these shortlisted master trainers helps in taking the subject further down the ladder.

These master trainers can be short listed from various sections of society e.g. teachers, Youth groups, Civil Defence, NSS, NCC, NYK etc.

6.3 Disaster Management Education

6.3.1 Schools

As school teachers are responsible in child development, it is very essential component that the knowledge of disaster management should be imbibed from the early age of education.

This can be done by training school teachers (at-least 2 teachers) from each school as Master trainer. Which in turn they can train other teachers and conduct training to students in dos and don'ts in various disasters.

Due to lack of knowledge, physical and mental frame, school students are not required to face emergency but are expected to understand type of disaster / situation and help others to alert and leave the affected area to safe place as soon as possible.

This can be done only by developing safety culture in schools.

The school safety program is initiated by central and state government and should be implemented in district on priority basis.

6.3.2 Colleges – (medical and engineering)

The college students plays vital role in specially post disaster situation. However with proper training and under guidance of government offices, their strength can be utilized in all three phases of disaster.

With developed mindset and physical ability, they can contribute in all phases depending upon their branch / profession. This contribution can be from capacity building, community awareness, and technical support to responders, running first aid centers, relief camp etc.

NSS, NCC, NYK are taking positive stand in bring youth to main stream of disaster management.

6.4 Skill up gradation and follow up training programmes

As occurrence of disasters, is unpredictable, it is likely that for a larger time period if no disaster is occurred, training of the stakeholders happened in the past will be forgotten or obsolete.

This becomes responsibility of the DDMA to conduct periodic training of the participants by making yearlong activity calendar.

6.5 Inventory of trained professionals Attached in annexure.

Engineers, architects, masons, medical professionals, rescue specialists etc. (All details in the annexure)

This information of trainers is to be uploaded on IDRN site.

The list of Tahasil-wise trained personal is included in Tahasil level information attached in Annex.

6.6 Data Documentation with sectorial emphasis for various vulnerable groups.

Chapter 7

Response planning (multi-hazard),

preparedness and assessment

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7.1 Response Planning (multi-hazard), preparedness and assessment 7.1.1 Quick assessment of damages and need

Damage and loss assessment should be done immediately after rescue operations. It helps to understand the extent of damage in the region. Data regarding the following details should be collected, including the extent of damage such as partial or complete.

Table 2 Showing the Format for Damage Data Collection

Туре	Number	Remarks
Number of affected population		
Number of affected families		
Loss of life		
Injured		
Missing		
No of house fully damaged		
No. of house partially damaged		
Crops fully damaged (acre)		
Crops partially damaged (acre)		
Fully damaged educational institutions		
Partially damaged educational institutions		
No of water sources damaged/not		
functioning		
No of latrine damaged		
Loss of livestock's (no.)		
Embankment Fully damaged(km)		
Embankment		
partially damaged (km		

7.1.2 Response flowchart

In case of any disaster, quick response is a key to reduce losses. For this, platinum time (i.e. first 15 minutes after disaster) and golden time i.e. first 60 minutes after disaster are to be considered while planning response activity.

In general, the response, activities is under the guidance of incident commander (DM, Tahsildar or HOD of concerned department).

At district level, the stakeholders for response are- NDRF, SDRF, DDRF, TDRF, village response force and Civil defence, Home Guards etc.. However, involvement of NGOSs who have specific expertise depending upon the nature of the disaster and the life-saving/ rescue equipment available with them. As a normal practice, such NGOs are part of DDMA and are directly involved in addition to the government agencies and voluntary organizations.



7.1.3 Warning and alert

Early Warning Systems: Two way communication system between village, tahasil and district is established via land line phone, mobile phone, wireless system used by Police and Irrigation depts..

In addition to this HAM operators and infrastructure available with them within the district is also used. The repeaters installed can be useful in case of disaster. District administration will take measures to strengthen this network.

Warning dissemination: Arrangements for dissemination to the last person DDMA to translate the alert warning in local language(s) and disseminate the same through various medium. Withdrawal of warning should also be done by DDMA

7.1.4 District CMG meeting

The crises management group essentially need to mobilize at the issue of early warning system.

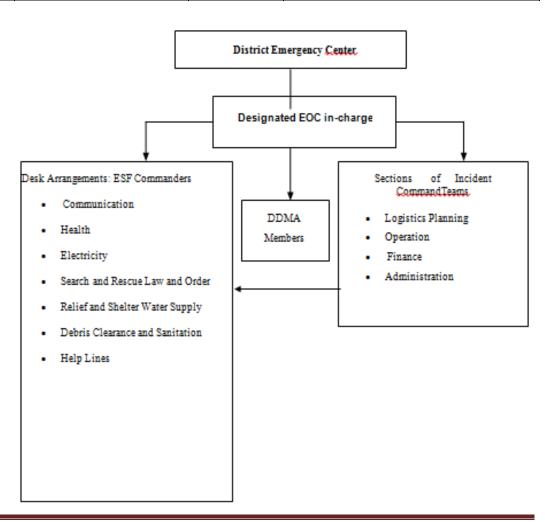
Under the guidance of DDMA, depending upon type and intensity of disaster, this crises group will conduct meeting and plan coordination with other agencies (RDMC, TDMC, NDRF etc)

In general, this meeting is conducted as and when required or when DDMA feels necessary activation of CMG.

7.1.4 Activation of EOC

Sr.No.	Emergency Management Functions / Tasks	Function / Tasks Lead	Support Function Officer Agencies
1	Direction ,Control , Coordination	DM	SP, Resident, DY.Collector, Tahasildar,
2	Information Collection Analysis and Damage Survey	DM	SP, Resident, DY.Collector (RDC), Tahasildar, DIO, DDO, Ex.Engr, R & D from PWD Irrigation, MSEB, Kokan Railway and other line Departments
3	Communication	RDC	Nayab Tahasildar, Mobile Operators, TV, Radio, Police, Forests Dept. Fire. HAM Operators
4	Alert and Warning	RDC / SP	EOC, Tahasildar, District Information Officer (DIO). Taluka EOC
5	Transport (ESF Evacuation relief Supply)	RTO / DTO	RDC,CAFO, DSO, SP, DHO.
6	SAR (Search and Rescue	SP / Civil Defence / SDFR /NDRF	Fire, Civil Defence, Home Guards & SDRF (When magnitude of any disaster would beyond coping capabilities of these response agencies, NDRF may be requisitioned for search & rescue operations)
7	Emergency Public Protection	DIO	EOC / Police / Transport / Forest
8	Law and Order / Public Information	SP	Dy. SP, Home Guards Commandant, NGOs, Para-Military, and Armed Forces
9	Public Works	Ex.Engr.R & B	Irrigation, Ex.Engr, Panchayat, NGOs, Water Supply Board, Municipalities, Home Guards, Police.
10	Mass Care / Emergency Assistance / Shelters	Dist. Primary Education Officer	School Principle, Teachers Health, PHC State Transport, Water Supply, RTO, Tahasildar
11	Health and Medical Services, Psycho social Care.	Chief District Health Officer (CDHO)	Supt.Govt.Hospital, Municipalities, PHCs, Red Cross, Fire Brigade, Civil Defence, R & B, NGOs, Doctors, , Tahasildar.

12	Animal Health & Welfare	Dy. Director Animal Husbandry	NGOs. Livestock Development Officer (LDO)
13	Water Supply and Sanitation	Ex.Engr. Water Works	Dy. Ex.Engr.Talathi, Tahasildar, TDO Health, Dy.Engineer
14	Power	Supt. Engr. Electricity Board	Ex.Engr, Ex.Engr. Technical, EB, Transport.
15	Resource Management (Including food and relief supplies and other logistic support)	Civil Supplies Officer	RTO, DSO, Private & Public sector, Municipal Water Supply Board, Tahasildar, Dis.Supply Tahasildar
16	Dist. EOC and Coordination between Dept and outside Agencies		DDMO



7.1.5 Activation of EOC.

The operation of the EOC will be at L0 level of maintenance pursuing the following activities:

Regular Functions of EOC during Normal Times

- 1. Updating and Maintenance duties of the EOC
- 2. Managing Inventories and reviewing existing logistic facilities
- 3. Keeping updated with other hazard, weather and terror events across the world.
- 4. Tracking and documenting new forms of disaster response measures and technology used around the world.
- 5. Capacity Building including mock exercises and other preparedness and training exercises.
- 6. To ensure the continuous operation of the regular Public Safety facilities at all times.
- 7. The EOC is normally staffed twenty-four hours a day during seasons of extreme weather events and therefore it can quickly be activated for any emergency. When a major emergency occurs, or is imminent, it will be the responsibility of the Emergency Coordinator to set up and staff an appropriate Emergency Operations Center (EOC). The EOC is usually activated at the orders by Chief Secretary at the State level or the collector in the district level respectively. The activation of EOC should normally occur when the Government proclaims a State of Emergency affecting the area due to weather, hazardous materials, terrorism, etc. It also depends upon the severity and nature of the hazard event. It should be noted that the activation of EOC should be followed by the issuance of warning by nodal technical agencies. When the situation returns to normal, automatically the response operations cease and the EOC staff strength also reduced automatically. The deactivation of EOC takes place upon the receipt of Chief Secretary's order.
- 8. In case of extreme disasters such as chemical disasters, bomb blasts and terrorist attacks, national security and control takes precedence. The Ministry of Home has to establish special measures to ensure the security of the nation by sealing and evacuating strategic government and national institutions well within 3-4 hours of the occurrence. National borders, air and sea space also have to be protected and if need be, sealed off. The designated officers of the Home Guards at the EOC will provide security to the EOC entrance points. In addition to EOC staff, the authorized individuals are allowed by the Home Guards to enter the EOC.

EOC Levels of Operation

The EOC activation at various levels depends on the level of disaster. The National/state/district EOCs are activated in the L3, L2 and L1 levels of disasters respectively.

EOC Levels of Operation

Level	Nature of EOC Operation
Level 0 (L0)	Normal: Situation is monitored by EOC in charge
Level 1 (L1)	Watch: When an event / disaster may occur, notification is made to agencies and support staff who would need to take action as part of their responsibilities.
Level 2 (L2)	Partial Activation: Limited activation of EOC when an event / disaster is very probable or following an event which doesn't require full activation. All primary or lead staff will be notified and will staff the EOC.
Level 3 (L3)	Full Scale Activation: All primary and support agencies are notified. All EOC Support personnel will staff the EOC.

Immediate Tasks on EOC Activation

The Chief Secretary will initiate the activation of the emergency services of the EOC as established.

Immediate Tasks upon EOC activation

1	The Chief Secretary will determine what staff he/she deems necessary to effectively operate the EOC apart from the prescribed staff. The Personnel from various departments and agencies are called to work in the EOC.
2	Orders are faxed from the crisis management committee to related ministries and departments for additional resources.
3	The emergency operation taskforces are asked to send report on the situation and the immediate resource requirements to the EOC within 4-8 hours of activation.
4	The EOC produces a situation report summarizing there ports.
5	Records will be maintained in the emergency control room.

EOC Tasks during emergency phase as suggested by HPC

Time	Task	
First 24 hours of the emergency	 Establishing Control rooms at the airport with information desks at the arrival, departure and assembly points. Set up General Information Desk at airport EOC. Establish and activate emergency phone lines and help lines immediately within few hours of the disaster. Set up separate desks for each ESF and international aid/NGO. Set up desks for donations (cash and material). Establish contact with the affected State EOC. Set up EOC at neigh boring States. Establish contact with NRSA/ISRO/Defence for aerial and satellite imageries of the affected area. Provide information and standard operating procedures for civilian population such as media, researchers, volunteers, field workers, etc. through: Organize/coordinate aerial surveys for rescue operations Establish contact with the disaster site which will have Incident Command Systems placed at the disaster site based on the scale of the disaster Deploy Incident Commanders in consultation with the Center at strategic incident commands. 	
	EOCs at the State and the central levels will be jointly involved in the following:	
	1. Set up information desks at critical locations	
	2. Identify and channelize different categories of workers under the following at the information desks and provide identification	
	the following at the information desks and provide identification tags for the following:	
Next 48 Hours	- Media	
ineal 40 flouis	ResearchersNGO/International Agency	

Time	Task
	- Fieldworkers/Volunteers
	- Government officials
	3. Place situation reports at bulletin boards outside information desks and E OC.
	4. Direct Central and international agencies to priority areas (worst affected areas).
	5. Identify locations for international and other NGO agencies to set up their site offices for the uniform distribution of aid in all parts of the affected area.
	 6. Communicate with the District Magistrate and the SRC for local information through: Information flow chart of Information and Arrival Centre at airport.
	- Material/Manpower flow chart of Information and Arrival Centre at airport.
	- Information flow chart of EOC at Centre.
	- Information flow chart of desk for ESF.
	- Information flow chart of NGOs.
	- Information flow chart of media.
	- Information flow chart of researchers.

EOC Communication

The Telecommunication Task Force Leader of the EOC shall ensure immediate restoration of disrupted communication facility or infrastructure to ensure uninterrupted communication for effective disaster management operations. The task force will also ensure that the communication shall be brief and simple, and no chaotic situations arise. Telephones or Hot Lines shall be used wherever possible to avoid congestion of radio communication. All task force members shall communicate only through their allotted frequency channel to avoid congestion in the particular channel. The personnel who use radios should be acquainted with the operation of the equipment, various channels, code words, length of speech, etc. The EOC has an important role in issuing early warning.

EOC Information Center Management

The principal role of information center in the EOC constitutes collection of data, analysis and dissemination of information to relevant organization. Upon the activation of EOC, this center coordinates the flow of information with respect to activities associated with relief operations. During normal times, it maintains a systematic database of the resources available, important phone numbers, name and addresses of important government officials, EOC emergency staff members, trained officials and first responders, international aid agencies and NGOs. The EOC- information center does damage assessment of the affected areas, collect all related information of government schemes for smooth management, monitors different disaster mitigation programmes, coordinate with different organizations, also conducts evaluation of the programmes and immediately takes up.

Preliminary Steps to Set up an Emergency Operations Centre

While setting up of an EOC, the following aspects should be given due consideration:

- **Number of people involved:** The number of people at an EOC should be limited to the people directly involved in the EOC operations.
- Presence of decision makers and operations staff: All key individuals involved in decision making and executing them needs to be present at the EOC, as and when policy decisions are being taken.
- Communications and other equipment: The EOC should have sufficient physical space and support equipment to enable staff to operate effectively. An EOC requires the best available communications and other equipment to operate efficiently. However, the lack of equipment should not be used as an excuse for not setting-up an EOC. Runners can work in the place of radios, paper and pens in the place of computers and printers, and chalk boards in the place of whiteboards.
- **Information Resources:** The EOC should contain maps and documentation on other relevant resources needed to respond to adisaster.
- Alternate sites: There should always be an alternate site for the EOC in case it has to be abandoned.
- **Knowledge of the EOC location**: Only those who need to know where the EOC is located should be told its exactlocation.

EOC Basic Requirements

- **Site or Location of the EOC:** The Emergency operation center (EOC) should be established near the office of key government functionaries and is ideal to be positioned away from the disaster scene. As per the recommendations of the HPC, a network of EOCs is to be set up in national, state capitals and headquarters of disaster prone or vulnerable districts.
- **EOC Space Requirements:** Table 15 suggests the space required for specific functions of the EOC.

TABLE 3EOC SPACE REQUIREMENTS

Functions	Space Requirement
Policy Makers	A separate room from the main EOC area, often designed also as a conference room.
Media Information Provision	Separated from the main EOC area.
Communication and Data Processing	Designed separately from the main EOC as a Radio Room. It should include computer servers and similar equipment's.

Incident	Separate cabin for the Incident Commander
Task Forces	Space for up to 15 Task Forces members with separate desks, which is able to host atleast 3-4 persons at a desk at a time.
Logistics	Desks and space to host five persons
Administrative	Desks and space to host five persons
Finance Personnel	Desks and space to host five persons
Restrooms and	Restrooms and toilets for personnel at EOC

While designing EOCs, specific attention should also be given to aspects related to the electrical/data circuit layout, security considerations, lighting considerations, projection displays, visual aids, equipment, communication considerations, UPS/backup power considerations, and functional considerations with a view toward avoiding potential pitfalls in design, construction, and equipment functionality.

EOC Equipment

List of Essential items in control room
Furniture
Suitable table and chairs (for minimum 4 staff members + cabin for DDMO)
2. Storage cupboards (capacity to hold atleast 50 files + one loft to store old record)
3. storage drawers for Maps Large size 5 ft x 4 ft minimum)
4. Computer tables 4 nos.
5. Air conditioner
6. Fan – (1 fan to cover 50 sq ft)
7. Drinking water facility (dispenser + cooler)
8. Rest room for staff with bunks for at-least 2 persons
9. Toilet with wash basin
10. Two exit doors (main entrance plus one emergency)
11. Conference table with chairs (to accommodate 6 chairs around the table with projection facility)
12. T.V, set with cable connection.
13. Projector
14. Screen
15. Copy Machine
16. Fax
17. Printer (colour / black & white 2 nos-)
18. Scanner plus copier
19. Adequate ventilation (exhaust fan with flaps)
20. Adequate lighting arrangement
21. UPS with at-least 6 hours back up (Full Load condition – computer,

Sindhu	durg District Disaster Management Plan April 2023 (Vol-1)
f	Cans, lighting +)
22. H	Filing cabinet
	Firefighting equipments (smoke detectors, sprinklers, extinguishers, buckets, blankets etc)
25. 8	separate space to store search and rescue equipments. Separate electrical connection from main meter with overload circuit oreakers.
	Note :- all furniture must be made up of fire proof material. (no carpets or leather or wool / wood furniture or carpets, mattress etc.
Reading	and reference material
1. (Copy of D.M. Act
2. (Copies of all G.Rs
3. H	Record of previous occurrences and case studies
4. I	D.M. Plan of city or district / village plans
5. (Copies of all Word / Tahasil plans
	Resource inventory of equipments available with District, Nagar palika, nagar panchayat, Tahasils, village and with private and NGOs (Ref IDRN)
	Guidelines given by NDMA, NIDM, State Govt.
8. F	Reading and reference material along with case studies from outside Maharashtra
9. I	Directory of all essential tel. numbers
r	D.M. Plans of line departments such as MSEB, Irrigation, railway, Police and neighboring districts with road map and essential s & R equipments in border area. Details of shelters and facilities available in identified shelters.
Maps (a	all maps that of size 4 ft x 3 ft, coloured)
1. I	District map showing road, rail network
2. 7	Tahasil maps showing road, rail network
	Γahasil maps showing dams and rivers With villages on the bank of river.
4. 7	Γahasil map showing Hazardous industries
5. I	Hazard Map of district and all Tahasils.

6. Tahasil map showing Resources such as- fire stations, rescue boats, S & R equipments, civil defence and home guards, S.T Depot, MSEB, food supply

godowns, HT lines grids, etc

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Log books/ Record books
Entry and exit in control room
2. communication record of important call record
3. wireless communication
4. testing and maintenance record of various equipments (S & R, Battery, Gen Set, Electrical Equipments etc
5. Handing and taking over of shift
6. Record of faults
7. Record of equipments maintenance
8. attendance register
9. Inventory of equipment and furniture
10. Video conf. Facility usage record (Dept. Date, time, and duration of use)
11. Record of first information from various sources about occurrence of disaster situation.
12. Record of various trainings.
13. Record of cash received and utilization of same
14. Check in record (daily or routine check of communication equipments as per schedule)

A list of equipment that is essential for the Emergency Communication Centre of the EOC is given in below.

- Radio communications supported with capabilities on all public safety frequencies
- Amateur radios (multiple bands in UHF, VHF)
- Secure satellite telephone
- Doppler weather radar and infrared satellite imagery
- Quick-call and community siren warning system
- Emergency Alert System encoder/decoder
- Primary telephones, backup phone system and dedicated circuits
- Group paging terminals
- Fax machines
- Internet leased line and wifi (using dongal)

Emergency Communication Centre – Essential Equipment

Back up Control Room

In case of rare incidents or disasters, the EOC building may be severely damaged and cease to function. In that case a backup EOC or a temporary set up can be used for coordination and control of emergency operation. In district, this alternative control room can be either from divisional commissioner office or nearby municipal corporation or in case of extreme situation, the control room can be shifted to nearby district HQ.

However, if IRS is formed and is established in the staging area, then this alternative control room can be operational from staging area itself.

7.1.6 Resource mobilization

The resources are normally identified at village and tahasil level as well as RDMC, municipal councils and corporations. The detailed information of available material and manpower is available on IDRN network. Also, it is attached in the annexure.

7.1.7 Seeking external help for assistance

In case of L2 or L3 level disasters, where the capacity developed at the local level or in the affected area is not adequate. Outside help is required and is called from surrounding tahasils or districts. These can be NDRF or SDRF or from nearby states. The army can also be called where the resources, equipment and manpower available with NDRF, SDRF is not sufficient and extent of affected area is large.

This can be asked after approval from DDMA and consent taken from SDMA or DMU, Mantralaya Mumbai.

7.1.8 Psycho Social care

Psyche Social care of affected population (Availability of psychosocial support service personnel that have the capacity to assist persons with disabilities affected by disasters)

District administration should identify the expert manpower of counsellors, psychiatrist etc. available in the district to provide psycho social care in case of disaster. Trainings of task forces should be organized on psycho social care with the help of experts from NIMHANS, AIIMS etc. so that they are capable of handling people in trauma.

7.1.9 First assessment report

Normally first assessment report is generated immediately after occurrence of the disaster. This is generated by local revenue department officer available at site (tahasildar, mandal adhikari or talathi) they are supported by gram sevek, police patil, school teacher etc).

The first assessment normally gives first extent of damage (life, live stock or structure)

7.1.10 Media management / coordination / information dissemination

Mass media and communication system plays vital role in predicting and dissemination of information in advance. The communication system has significantly developed to a great extent in predicting and disseminating information about the disaster, there has been an impact on how public learns of and perceives the impact of disasters. Both the electronic and printing media has been linked to the disaster preparedness in awareness programs, warning dissemination, and evacuation, alerts government officials and in coordination with various stakeholders. Communication virtually links all the hazards mitigation process. The

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capabilities of communication, data gathering and data management technology have leaped forward in parallel with the increase knowledge about the origin and behaviour of natural hazards. The advancement in mass and telecommunication with technology had major contribution in forecasting and dissemination of information.

6.1.11 Development of SOPs/Checklists/formats

related to Emergency Support Functions (ESFs) etc (Specific details to be provided in the Annexure)

(Details Not available at present)

6.1.12 Reporting:

This topic is covered in detail in IRS, responsibility of information and media officer.

6.1.13 Demobilization and winding- up:

This topic is covered in detail in IRS planning section.

7.2 Responsibility Matrix

This should be evolved for each response measure within a time frame and the responsibility matrix for major stakeholders should be given in annexure

7.2.1 Hazard Specific "Responsibility Matrix"

for emergency response functions for sudden disasters where Early Warning is available:

7.2.1 Hazard Specific "responsibility Metrix where early warning is available

Time	Task	Department / Agency	Activity
D-72 Hr	Activate the EOC Establish communication with irrigation	Revenue Dept.	
D-48 Hr			
D-24 Hr			
D0 Hr			
D +15 Min			
D +30 Min			
D + 1 Hr			
D +2 Hr			
D +3 Hr			
D +6 Hr			
D +12 Hr			
D +24 Hr			

7.2.2. Hazard Specific"Responsibility Matrix" where Early Warning is not available

Time	Task	Department / Agency	Activities
D +15 Min			
D +30 Min			
D + 1 Hr			
D +2 Hr			
D +3 Hr			
D +6 Hr			
D +12 Hr			
D + 24 Hr			

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Chapter 8

Reconstruction, Rehabilitation and Recovery Measures

Chapter 8 Reconstruction, Rehabilitation and Recovery Measures

Reconstruction should also take into consideration to various businesses so that they can restart their business and go back to their normal life cycle. In this case government may give tax waivers, infrastructural facilities such as construction of road, communication, restore availability water, drainage system electricity etc. These measures will help to reconstruct businesses and bring back the normal life for business as well as for the people working.

The best case study for reconstruction activity can be rehabilitation of landslide in village Malin in Pune district.

After reconstruction of the infrastructure, rehabilitation process comes into picture. In the structural part of rehabilitation- housing, school, health facilities and other basic civic amenities are developed so that, community can go back to their houses, area and start living. Whereas, in the non-structural rehabilitation, focus should be given on regenerating livelihood of the affecting communities. Livelihood needs to consider the needs of landless, farmers, local businesses, industries affected. While supporting communities for income generation activities, preference should be given to widow women, single parent mothers and women in general. For livelihood support, various government schemes can be used. For sustainability of these inputs and efforts, preferably support should be provided to beneficiaries through the self-help groups, farmer groups. In case of disaster where agriculture is severely affected, daily wage earners who are dependent on the agriculture works for livelihood are severely affected. As farmer has no resources to invest in the farming, daily wage earners are left without work. Also, as they do not have any land or business activities, they are not often covered under the compensations provided by the government. Therefore, the district administration should also take this part into consideration and use this workforce into reconstruction and other works as and when required. MGNREGA can be very effectively used to engage the productive workforce of the community in the work. Otherwise, lack of work might divert them towards engagement into addiction, thefts etc.

DDMP will describe the strategy required to restore normalcy to the lives and livelihoods of the affected population as per the guidelines set by the NDMA and NIDM. These guidelines will be specific to the needs of the district and can be included in the DDMP after approval from DDMA.

Short-term reconstruction requires return of vital life support systems to minimum operating standards while long term rehabilitation will continue till complete redevelopment of the area takes place.

8.1 General Policy Guidelines

In the post disaster situation the normal life is disrupted and day to day activities including livelihood are affected, it becomes DDMA's responsibility to provide assistance to the affected community.

Even though Reconstruction, Rehabilitation and Recovery is primarily responsibility of the district administration, due to limited resources the DDMA needs to rely on state and central government directives and resources. For this, the guidelines issued by NDMA and NIDM are need to be referred and must be moulded to suit the

capacity of the district administration, type of disaster as well as the damage assessment done.

8.2 Relief and Recovery coordination to and when be done by DDMA:

District collector to announce the support by other agencies which depends upon the type of disaster, no. of affected people, chances of spreading. Disaster may can be of different nature but can affect in different ways which can be linked to the different line departments. These line departments will have to utilise their resources- man power and equipment, essentially for providing relief and recovery to the affected community. E.g. in flood affected areas, MSEDCL will be responsible for restoring eclectic supply in fastest possible way. Similarly, PWD will be involved in repairs of roads, bridges so that relief material can be mobilized at fast speeds. By involving all line departments, relief and recovery process becomes prime responsibility of DDMA.

To achieve this, district plan as well as department wise plans need to be in place and properly updated.

8.3 Detailed damage and loss assessment

Damage and loss assessment is essential part in post disaster situation as this helps district and state government to make long term planning in case of L2/L3 disasters. After the occurrence of disaster, it is first priority of the government to prepare a detailed document which will give a fair and clear idea about the losses in terms of life, property and environment. This assessment will be further broken down to the losses incurred due to disaster. These losses can be of different types e.g. life, damage to buildings, roads, other structural damages. In this assessment, the tentative cost should also be mentioned which may not be accurate but can give a fair idea to the authorities, which will help them in planning response and relief . these assessment s can be done in 2 sections. 1. Immediately after incident which can be done by locally available government officials such as Talathi, gramsevak / Tahsildar. 2. In second option, damage/loss assessment can be carried out by involving district/state or even central government agencies in some cases, so that essential funds and long term rehabilitation activity can be undertaken by funds and expertise made available to the district administration.

8.4 Restoration

8.4.1 Basic infrastructure

In the affected communities, where all basic amenities are lost, and getting support from outside is difficult. If intensity of disaster and damage is high,in such cases, the restoration of basic amenities such as providing electricity, drinking water, food, sanitation facilities becomes the need of time. These bare necessities can only be made available with proper inter departmental coordination

8.4.2 Essential service as per the relief code of the State /District

The essential services such as transport, electricity, drainage, health need to be restored as soon as possible. This is essential for bring the life to normal level within first few days of disaster, If the line department plans are up to date including

department wise hazard mapping and the resources available is in place, such restoration is not a far reality.

It is responsibility of the administration to write their own relief code in line with the guidelines issued by the central government. This relief code is categorised hazard wise and

An INGO called Sphere has developed the guidelines which are useful for providing minimum standards of living for food, WASH, first aid, shelter and non food items for affected people due to various causes. This ranges from refugees to communities affected by disasters.

8.4.3 Livelihoods

Outcome of any disaster is loss of livelihood at various levels. The low income group looses maximum livelihood in any form of losses. For them, recovery becomes very difficult as due to non-availability of customers. They are pushed to search for better opportunities and move to nearby urban areas in search of livelihood. Its is imminent that, in any case of disaster, it takes about 5 to 7 days to bring back minimum living conditions- which is very difficult for petty businesses- e.g. cobblers, street vendors, labourers etc. Once they migrate outside the existing location, it becomes difficult for local community as these services can not be rendered and day to day life gets affected.

8.5 Reconstruction/repair

This reconstruction will be done after assessment of situation, type of disaster, number of people, family affected, and type of livelihood they have lost. In case of disasters such as earthquake, floods, building collapse, Landslides, the damage to human, animal and also structure is imminent. In such cases the livelihood is also lost along with the home. In such cases it becomes priority of the government to undertake reconstruction of the affected community. This reconstruction can be in terms of relocating the community to different location or provide assistance to reconstruct their homes.

8.6 Recovery Programme

S/N	Task	Department/	Activities	Time	Cost	Source
		agency		period		of Fund

8.7 Insurance

Losses in terms of the revenues are very large after any disaster. Government needs to raise huge amount of funds for reconstruction, rehabilitation and recovery process. For this, insurance sector can support by and large to the affected community which in turn can reduce financial burden on the government. It is recommended that the government authorities ensure that all the likely losses should be covered under insurance. This includes insurance of animals, crops, construction, etc. This will help in reducing post disaster financial burden on the government.

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Chapter 9

Financial Resources for implementation of DDMP

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Chapter 9 Financial Resources for implementation of DDMP

This chapter highlights the budget and other financial allocations to be made at district level in preparedness and execution of the disaster management plan, all relevant Government Orders (GOs) issued from time to time.

9.1 State

Establishment of funds by the State Government

Disaster management act 2005 point number 53 of chapter 9 highlights and talks about finance account and audit of the funds during the post disaster situation.

The State Government shall immediately after notifications issued for constituting the State Authority and the District Authorities, establish for the purposes of this Act the following funds, namely:-

- 1. The fund to be called the District Disaster Response Fund;
- 2. The fund to be called the District Disaster Mitigation Fund;

9.2.1 State Mitigation fund.

Where by reason of any threatening disaster situation or disaster, the National Authority or the District Authority is satisfied that immediate procurement of provisions or materials or the immediate application of resources are necessary for rescue or relief, -

- 1. It may authorize the concerned department or authority to make the emergency procurement and in such case, the standard procedure requiring inviting of tenders shall be deemed to be waived.
- 2. A certificate about utilization of provisions or materials by the controlling officer authorized by the National Authority, State Authority or District Authority, as the case may be, shall be deemed to be a valid document or voucher for the purpose of accounting of emergency, procurement of such provisions or materials.

9.2. Linking with the development plans.

Disaster management is no more confined to revenue department. It is a subject of all the departments. The following activities have been considered in mainstreaming it into development activities.

- 1. The Disaster Management has been included in school curriculum at CBSE level.
- 2. The Disaster Management is also made compulsory to NSS / NCC students at college level. So that during disasters they can be called upon for certain help.
- 3. Various Disaster Management courses have been offered in different institutions, colleges, universities taking its significance into account.
- 4. In construction work the civil engineers have to follow Bureau of Indian Standards (BIS) to construct resistant structures.
- 5. Special budget at district, taluka and village level should be allocated for training of various teams against disaster, purchasing of equipments to save the

life and property of the people, organizing mock drills to create awareness among the people, updating the disaster management plans, etc.

- 6. Government officers, staff are also trained under disaster management, so that their skill will be helpful at the time of disaster.
- 7. Earthquake resistant principle may be followed in Indira Awas Yojana, lifeline structures, all buildings may be insured by bank, private companies.
- 8. At district, Taluka and Panchayat level the plan should be adopted to reduce the risk and vulnerability in various activities.
- 9. Fund allocation should be made by Zilla Parishad, Panchayat Samiti and Gram Panchayat to carry out the following DRM activities:
 - a. To train Search and Rescue, First Aid groups
 - b. To create awareness among the people
 - c. To procure search and rescue materials
 - d. To evacuate and set up temporary shelters for disaster victims.

9.3 Disaster risk insurance

most of the insurance companies provide insurance for life and property many of them have covered animals and crops insurance also

Insurance should be made mandatory for all life and property as well as vehicles as it can provide essential financial support to individual or family in case of loss of life and property for disability

Insurance should be made mandatory for all all that is life property as well as vehicle as it can provide essential financial support to individual or family in case of loss of life injury or damage to the property due to disaster or in case of accident

Proper insurance can reduce the burden on the government as government need to spend large amount from their Corpus fund in in distributing humanitarian help in post disaster situation same funds can be utilised in development of affected area if if Basic support is provided bye by means of insurance

9.4 Other financial options

Other financing options for restoration of infrastructure oblique livelihoods like utilisation of Flexi funds within centrally sponsored scheme for mitigation Restoration activities in the event of natural calamities or in accordance with the broad objective of the central section scheme.

In addition to the funds available with the government at various levels in most of the disasters it is noticed that local as well as International NGOs come forward to help the affected community in various ways.

International NGOs such as United Nations, World Bank human habitat European Union Red Cross they all come forward during the emergency and provide financial and Technical Support to the local authorities. Such positive response should be always considered as disaster management and specially rehabilitation part should be seen as to the people by the people and for the people. District administration can coordinate with such NGOs to avoid duplication of work by NGO and optimum utilisation of the resources.

The classic example of involvement of local NGOs was seen during Malin landslide in Pune district in which the NGOs helped district administration in reconstruction of entire village at different location.

Chapter 10

Procedure and methodology for monitoring, evaluation, updation and

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Procedure and methodology for monitoring, evaluation, updating and maintenance of DDMP

10.1 Authority for maintaining and reviewing the DDMP

As a normal practice, in order to maintain correct information and adopt developments and new strategies, it is necessary to review the DDMP periodically. This timeframe can be set by DDMA during scheduled meeting or as and when required. However it is suggest that the plan should be updated and reviewed after occurance of each L2 / L3 level disaster. This will help authorities and Managers to plan and reduce losses and response time. This will also help to help departments to update their plan and man and material resources

For tahasil level plans, the responsibility will be that of Tahasildar to update information and provide inputs to district authorities to update their plans,

10.2 Proper monitoring and evaluation of the DDMP

The purpose of evaluation of DDMP is to determine

- 1. Understand changing nature of Hazards and its frequency.
- 2. Adequacy of resources
- 3. Co-ordination between various agencies.
- 4. Community participation
- 5. Partnership with NGOs
- 6. The plan can be updated to bridge shortfalls notice during handling emergencies.
- 7. Update and understand Organizational structures and whos who.
- 8. Effective use of Technology and how new technologies can be adopted for betterness of society and handling of disaster situation in all 3 phases.
- 9. Plan and conduct Mock drills to help Response mechanism following gaps and findings in drills or exercises
- 10. open strong line of communication with state and divisional level government agenciesIndentify shortfalls in role and responsibilities of various stake holders at district and tahasil level.

Individuals and agencies assigned specific responsibilities within this Plan will prepare appropriate supporting plans and related standard operating procedures, periodically review and update alerting procedures and resource listings, and maintain an acceptable level of preparedness.

10.3 Post-disaster evaluation mechanism for DDMP

After documenting the event of disaster, the gaps identified and the shortfalls in the system will surface and are needed to be repaired. This should reflect in the next update of DDMP, so that the gaps are bridged in time which will help to reduce the losses which may incur in future disasters.

10.4 Schedule for updation of DDMP:

Regular updation process for the DDMP, reflecting sections that need updation at various intervals

The existence of proper disaster management plan plan plays vital role during management of Disaster in all 3 phases. Hence it is essential that this paln should be updated at routine interval along with information collected at Tahasil level. This will provide up-to-date information to Managers in terms of Man and Equipments. This will effect speeding up the rescue and relief operations, but also in developing capacity building models up to village level functionaries.

The proper maintenance of equipments will reduce occurrences of eleventh hour failure of equipments and resource. Such document will also help in boosting the morale of Task force .

Disaster plan also helps in pre-disaster stage, when warnings could be issued. It also proves as a indicator to officials at the critical time and precious time is saved which might otherwise be lost in consultations with senior officers and getting formal approval from the respective authorities.

In short for the betterment of people of district and to control the losses the DDMP must be evaluated and updated by the district administration in association with all line department in L1 time i.e. (normal time).

The DDMP is a "living document" and the Chairman of DDMA (Hon. Collector) along with all line departments will update it each year taking into consideration

- 1. The resource requirements
- 2. Update of human resources
- 3. Technology to be used
- 4. Co-ordination issues
- 5. Standard operating procedures and role and responsibilities)

An annual workshop for updating DDMP under chairmanship of Hon collector and as per guidance of DDMA members will help in this regard. All concerned departments and agencies would participate and give recommendations on specific issues

10.5 Uploading of updated plans at DDMA/ SDMA on websites

DDMA is be responsible for approval of DDMP and make it available on district administration website. , which will be available to public, as well as can be a reference document for other stakeholders in case of emergency situation.

10.6 Conducting Mock drill

Conducting mock drills at district and sub district levels, at least once in a year (annually). It will ensure that all parties understand their roles and responsibilities clearly and deliver as and when required by the situation.

All the stake holders including NGOs, government agencies should be involved in the actual exercise. It would also help to test the efficacy of the response plan prepared. Based on feedback from such simulated exercises, the plans will have to be revised and capacity enhanced to fill the gaps. While indicating the mock drill plan of action, it is essential to list down

The Responsible parties for organizing district drills,

Each of the line departments should conduct mock drills at least twice a year- one for manmade and one for natural disaster.

Monitoring and gap evaluation.

This should be carried out by outside agency or responsible officer appointed by department or DDMA. The outcome of such mock drill should be documented highlighting the gaps observed and lacunas in human resource and equipment. The same should be made available to DDMA for their response and necessary changes in district plan.

Based on the gaps, department head should make arrangements to update skills of staff and help them to enhance their skills to face emergency. The equipments should also be maintained / updated / procured as to face emergency.

Check that the on –site /off-site emergency plan of major chemical, industrial and nuclear installations are received at DC Office.

10.7 Monitoring and Gap evaluation

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Chapter 11

Coordination Mechanism for Implementation of DDMP

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Chapter 11 Coordination Mechanism for implementation of DDMP

11.1 Intra and inter-Department coordination with horizontal linkages

Involvement of all line departments in three phases of handling of any emergency situation is extremely essential as management of disaster is not in the scope of any single department or community. Hence, all line departments need to work hand in hand and by following the guidelines of IRS.

This horizontal coordination should be as detailed into the tahasil and district plans and the SOPs set therein.

Depending upon the type of hazard, incident commander will depute his deputy. This deputy who is responsible for handling the particular disaster, will advise the IC regarding the horizontal system established in his department and will plan coordination and response with other line departments by communicating needs and gaps with horizontal equivalent officers.

This will expedite the response process.

11.2 Coordination mechanism

NGOs, CBOs, Self Help Group (SHGs), Industries, private schools and hospitals with horizontal and vertical linkages

The help from NGOs and VOs is extremely essential in pre, during and post disaster scenario as all above mentioned can share the responsibility of the district administration to generate awareness, spreading early warning and also act as first responders.

In the DDMC, it is essential that all these NGOS and VOs should be identified and their scope of work in terms of man and material is listed so that, there should be no gap during the actual implementation.

11.3 Coordination with block/ village level Task Force(s) with vertical linkages as also inter-block and inter-village coordination with horizontal linkages

During preparation of VDMP, the resources and manpower available at village level is also identified. The efforts are being made to train them and develop their capacity as village level task force, who will assist block level emergencies. This task force in general will be composition of volunteers, who are capable in various skills such as meson work, repairing of electrical equipment, catering of first aid, fire fighting, swimming (well, river, dam) etc.

In case of development of any emergency, this task force should be capable to control the situation till the external resources reach to the location of incidence.

11.4 Coordination system with state departments and training institutes at state and district level

Disaster Management Unit at Mantralaya has well equipped control room and is connected to all district HQs, RDMCs and other emergency services.

In case of occurrence of any disaster even at village level, immediate information is sent to state control room for their information.

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If the situation is under control of the district administration then, no further help is requested to state control room.

If the situation is beyond the control of district administration and involvement of outside agencies such as military, NDRF, SDRF is required, then the request is made by DDMA for further assistance.

State training institute is located at YASHADA Pune. This institute is responsible for policy advocacy to state and district government and also prepare training module and conduct trainings in guidelines of NDMA, NIDM.

13.5 Intra-block and intra-village coordination

Considering thee L1 level disasters/emergencies. Those can be managed at block and village level with the help of capacity developed and available resources in the block or village. Strengthening the infrastructure at block and village level should be the prime objective of capacity building program of the district.

11.6 Coordination with local self government (Panchayat Raj - Zila Parishad, intermediate level, if any, and Gram Panchayat and Urban Local Bodies).

The responsibilities of local authorities are already listed in the Act. However, these local authorities are required to function "subject to the direction of district authority" (section 41 of the DM Act 2005); and ensure that all the employees are trained in disaster management. In case of any emergency, all LSGs are to make available manpower and resources to DDMA.

11.7 Linkage with DDMPs of neighbouring districts

In case of any disaster located at the boarder of districts, it is advisable to get assistance from neighbouring districts who may have adequate infrastructure available in their districts. This will expedite response process and will save time resulting reducing the loss.

Such help from the neighbouring district can be made from one district to the other district after approval from DDMA.

11.8 Linkage with SDMP

The SDMP focuses on to larger scope and mainly focuses on L2 L3 level disasters where districts have their own limitations in terms of manpower and resources.

The references are needed to be drawn from SDMP while preparing DDMP.

Chapter 12

Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) and Checklist

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Chapter 12 Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) and Checklist

SOPs and checklists could be prepared for various stakeholders effective response. These can be made based on the functioning of Emergency Support Function (ESF) groups or IRS. Depending on the hazard profile and level of exposure the district should decide in a participatory way the number of ESF covering all the above. The SOPs would briefly describe the following:

Roles and responsibilities of Departments and stakeholders

Revenue Department

Normal Time Activities

- ♦ A map of disaster prone areas in the district, history of the district, geographical conditions occupational details, settlements, rain, irrigation and industries etc.
- Safe alternative routes to utilize during disaster in the disaster prone areas.
- Key officers of all the departments, staff, vehicles and buildings.
- Details of control room arrangement.
- Details of geographical groups and assignment of Zonal Officer.
- Details of food grain storage places in the district and the Fair Price Shops.
- ♦ Details of vehicles, boats and equipments available in the district for rescue operation.
- Setting up of communication to communicate the messages from village to village.
- Details of operating systems for District Disaster Management Committee.
- ♦ List of NGOs and self help groups and their addresses and phone numbers in the district in the prescribed annexure
- Orientation Training to various District level officers and departments for effective functioning of control room, co-ordinations and operations.
- Details of salt pan workers and fisherman who can become the victims of Disasters and sufficient arrangement to contact the owners of saltpan.
- Special appointments of persons in charge of control room.
- Hazard analysis, seasons, and possibilities of disasters and review of disaster history.
- Review of disaster prone areas, risks, response plan, resource and utility of resources and equipments.
- ♦ Strategy for disaster management
- ♦ To update the DDMP.
- ♦ To check the condition of safe shelter during his visits in the district places and if necessary gets it repaired by co-coordinating with the local authorities, available financial resources and voluntary organizations.
- Repairing of roads and ways leading to safe shelters by co-ordinating with various development plans/schemes.
- Evacuation plan as a part of DDMP.
- ♦ To undertake development projects like rural housing, scarcity of relief works, disposal of rainwater and water conservation and water harvesting.
- ♦ To co-ordinate scheme for poverty eradication, self-employment and the schemes of other departments.

On receiving the warning

- Will review the alarming situation in the meeting of DDMC.
- Assigning the work as to what to be done by which officer in case the disaster hits.

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- ♦ Will review and have co-ordination task
- ♦ Will alert and activate the functionaries' related to early warning and communication looking to the possibilities of disaster and will see that the messages are intimated to the members.
- Distribution of work for operation of round the clock control room.
- Will send the vehicles with mikes and sound system for the areas of top priorities.
- Will instruct all the staff to remain present at their respective places.
- ♦ Shifting the people living in low lying areas, seashores, and economically weaker people socially and economically backward families and houseless families to safe places.
- ♦ Will work out the arrangements for search and rescue operation, shifting of people and utilization of human resources as per necessity with the help of DMTs and local community through zonal officers.
- Will arrange for temporary shelter for the people evacuated by giving the warning in advance.
- Will provide the vehicles to shift the people to the safer place when necessary.
- Will undertake the operation of forceful evacuation of people if they are not ready to leave even after warning.
- ♦ Will arrange for food, drinking water, medicines at temporary shelters and relief camps with the help of local NGOs, doctors, industrial houses, etc.
- ♦ Will make in advance preparations for relief activities through local NGOs, industrial houses, and donors over and above normal norms of the relief.
- Will work out the financial estimates for search and rescue and immediate relief.

Post Disaster Activities

- ♦ Will segregate the villagers and areas victimized by the disaster and activate the DMTs.
- Will start relief activities including emergency relief distribution and work out the strategy of damage assessment and provide the formats for the same and explain to all the staff members.
- Will guide the team members about the payments of relief accident to damage as per the rules and policies of the government before the start of duty.
- ♦ Will make arrangements for the transportation and distribution of Govt. relief amount and materials.
- Will make due arrangements to see that there should be no haphazard distribution of relief material so that needy people are not deprived ofit.
- Will arrange for drinking water and essential things at community kitchen / relief camps as per the necessity.
- Will work out the primary estimates of the damage.
- Will undertake the rescue operations to save the trapped people through DMTs trained police personnel and swimmers on needbase.
- ♦ Will requisite more vehicles for rescue work, shifting the people to temporary/permanent dispensary for treatment through DMTs, NCC, Home Guards, Local Police, and Para Military Forces etc.
- ♦ Will arrange for identification of the people, who died, maintain the dead bodies till legal procedure is over.

Police Department

A. Normal Time Activities

The Superintendent of Police will co-ordinate the work of disaster management as nodal officer. He will prepare a separate and comprehensive plan of district regarding the department of police and also prepare details of resources as a part of DDMP. He will consider the following in it.

- Details of contacts of all the staff members under the district.
- Maps and statistical data of district areas.
- Resources and human resources useful at the time of disaster.
- Details of police staff and retired officers/staff of the police and the control room.
- Details of functions of staff of the district control room.
- Appointment of the nodal officer in the control room.
- Traffic arrangements towards the disaster affected areas.
- Details of anti social elements.
- Security arrangements at relief camps and food storages.
- Security for the transportation of the relief material.
- Immediate police procedures for human death.
- To assist the authorities for the evacuation of people from disaster affected areas.
- ♦ Adequate equipments for communication.
- ♦ List of swimmers.
- Wireless stations in the district and communication network.
- ♦ To update the related details of Disaster Management Plan.

B. ON RECEIVING THE WARNING

- Will contact the district collector.
- Make advance preparation to implement the action plan for search and rescue.
- Will prepare a plan for police personnel for search and rescue.
- ♦ Will arrange to communicate the messages through all the equipments of communication and vehicles as per then necessity.
- Willrequisitevehiclesafterobtainingtheordersforthesamefromthedistrictauthorities.

C. POST DISASTER ACTIVITIES

- Will arrange law and order against theft in the disaster affected area.
- Will co-ordinate the search and rescue operation through NCC/VTF/NGO.
- Will arrange for security at the relief camps/relief materials storages.
- Will see the law and order is maintained at the time of distribution of relief material.
- Will assist the authorities for evacuation of people to the safer places.
- Will make due arrangements for post mortem of dead persons, and legal procedure for speedy disposal.

Health Department

A . Normal Time Activities

While preparing the DDMP / updating the same, the health department shall take care to include the following particulars carefully.

• A separate plan for disaster management regarding health.

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- Arrangements for exchange of information in the control room.
- ♦ Appointment of nodal officer.
- Advance arrangements for life saving medicines, insecticides and vaccines.
- ♦ Maintenance of vehicles such as ambulance, jeep and other equipments such as generators etc.
- Distribution of work by forming groups of staff during emergency.
- List of private practicing doctors / medical facilities.
- ♦ Arrangement for survey of disaster.
- ♦ Mobile dispensary units.
- ♦ Information regarding proper places for on the spot medical services in various villages during disaster.
- Dissemination of information among the people regarding the death, injury.
- Primary information of disaster related relief activities to all the staff members.
- ♦ Training to PHC / Community Health Centre staff to prevent spreading of diseases among the people, animals, and advance planning for the same.
- ♦ Blood group wise list of blood donors with contact telephone numbers and addresses.
- ♦ Training of DMTs regarding first aid.
- ♦ To prepare an action plan for the availability of equipments to be useful at the time of disaster management for medical treatment.
- ♦ Co-ordination with various government agencies schemes to meet the necessity of equipments in emergency.
- ♦ To see that all vehicles like ambulance, jeep and equipments like generators and equipments essential for health care are in working condition.

B. ON RECEIVING THE WARNING

- ♦ Will ensure the availability of important medicines, life saving medicines, insecticides and if necessary contact for additional supply.
- Round the clock control room at the district level.
- Will send the health staff for duty in their areas as per the plan of disaster management.
- Activate the mobile health units for the post disaster situation.
- Will organize in advance to mobilize the local doctors and local voluntary agency for emergency work.
- Will contact the blood donors for blood donation, on the basis of lists prepared.

C. POST DISASTER ACTIVITIES

- Provide first aid to the injured and shifting of seriously injured people to the nearby hospital.
- Send sufficient stock of medicines to the affected areas immediately.
- ♦ Will make arrangements for the available additional health staff in the affected areas deputed by the state authority.
- Will organize to get the insecticides to prevent spreading of diseases.
- Will ensure the purity of drinking water by testing the sources of water.
- Will depute the mobile units for first aid.
- Distribution of chlorine tablets and other necessary medicines from house to house.
- Will shift the seriously injured people to the hospital.

• Will immediately start the procedure for post mortem of the dead persons as per the rules.

Water Supply Department

- **A.** Normal time activities
- ♦ The water supply dept. shall ensure the following to be included in the DDMP:-
- Setting up of control room and arrangement for the control room operator.
- Assign the responsibility as nodal officer to the Executive Engineer or any other officer.
- Prepare an alternative contingency plan to provide drinking water in case of failure of regular water distribution system during disaster.
- Detailed information of available water resources throughout the district.
- Arrangement of Govt. or private tankers to provide water temporary and immediately.
- Preventive measures for water borne diseases and chlorination of water.
- Availability of safe drinking water in the affected areas.
- ♦ Inform the staff about the disaster.

ON RECEIVING THE WARNING.

- Organize the teams to check the sources of water / drinking water.
- Standby arrangements of tankers for drinking water through tankers or any other available source.
- Will make available chlorine tablets insufficient quantity and arrange to distribute through DMTs.

B. POST DISASTER WORK.

- Implement the alternative contingency plan to provide drinking water in case of failure of regular water distribution systems during disaster.
- Will start work for immediate repairing of water pipes in case of damage.
- Will arrange to check the water tanks, overhead tanks, and pumps, reservoirs and other water resources.
- Will contact the electricity authorities to re-establish the electric supply in case of failure.
- Will provide chlorinated water either by activating group water supply schemes individual schemes or through tankers.
- Will provide drinking water to the relief camps / relief kitchens, shelters etc. through available resources.

Irrigation Department

A. Normal time activities

The irrigation department shall carefully include the following particulars while preparing / updating the DDMP:-

- Contact address and phone numbers of all the staff / officers, vehicles and swimmers of the District.
- Details of irrigation related factors in the district such as rivers, pools canals, large and medium dams ,etc.

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- Control room arrangements and appointment of Nodal Officer.
- Details of damage prone areas.
- Location of water level gauge station for flood situation.
- To disseminate information /warning to the damage prone areas in case offload situation.
- Details of immediate action to be taken in case of leakage in large water storage reservoirs.
- Supervision over major storage /reservoirs.
- Very clear explanation of disaster and priorities during disasters to all the staff.
- Effective working of control room at every major dam.
- Enough and ultra modern equipments for communication.
- Periodical checking of Dam /Waste veer, canal –tunnel, roads leading to Dams etc. for maintenance during normal time.

B. ON RECEIVING WARNING

- Ensure that communication equipments like telephone, mobile phone, wireless set and siren etc. are in working conditions.
- Keep the technical and non-technical staff under control, ready and alert.
- Get status report of ponds, dam, canal and small dams through technical persons.
- Will take decision to release the water in consultation with the competent authority and immediately warn the people living in low lying areas in case of increasing flow of water or overflow.
- Keep the alternative arrangements ready in case of damage to the structure of dam / check dam to leakage or overflow in the reservoirs.
- Make due arrangements to disseminate the information about the increasing and decreasing water level whatever it may be to the community, media etc.
- A senior office will remain and work accordingly at large storage reservoirs.
- Will arrange to provide the dewatering pumps, generators, trucks and bulldozers, excavator, boats for search and rescue operations wherever required.

A. POST DISASTER WORK.

- Will obtain the clear picture of the condition of all the reservoirs through teams of technical officers.
- Ensure about no overflow or no leakage.
- If overflow or leakage is found, start immediate action to avoid adverse effect to the reservoir as per the action plan.
- If there is no possibility and risk, keep the people and media informed about "everything is safe".
- If overflow or any leakage is found, he will immediately warn the people living in the low lying areas.

- Will take due care for the transportation of drinking water if drinking water is provided through irrigation scheme.
- Will assist the local administration to use boats, dewatering pumps, etc. search and rescue operations.

Agriculture Department

A. Normal time activities

- All the details of his subordinate staff with addresses and phone numbers and resources of irrigation for agriculture in all the villages.
- Details of buildings, vehicles and equipments under his control and list of contractors with vehicles and equipments used by them.
- Maps showing details of agricultural resource laboratory, seed center, agriculture training school with statistical data.
- Details regarding agricultural production, extension, seed growth centres, agriculture university campus, training centersetc;
- Action plan regarding the repair/alternative arrangement in case of agricultural production related facilities are disrupted.
- Will prepare the action plans to avail the technical, semi technical and administrative employees along with vehicles from near by district and taluka offices.
- Will inspect the sub-ordinate offices, other centres and sub-centres under his control, which are damage prone.
- Will prepare a sub-plan for timely and speedy availability of machines and equipments to restoration of the economic activities in case of loss of properties as well ascrops.
- Will maintain the departmental equipments such as diesel generators, dumpers, generator, cutters, tree cutters, ladders, ropes, flood lights, shovels, axes, hammers, RCC cutters, cable wires, fire equipments, de-dusting equipments etc; which can be used during emergency and ensure every 3 months those are in working condition.
- Will prepare a list of public properties related to agriculture in the damage prone areas and will in advance make arrangements to lessen the damage.
- Will take due care to see that the emergency services at hospital, shelters, with special reference to agriculture are not disrupted.

B. ON RECEIVING WARNING

- Will immediately contact the District Control Room and will assist in the work assigned to him as a part of his duty.
- Will ensure that the staff under this control is on duty at the headquarters.
- Will assign the work to his subordinate officers and staff the work to be done regarding agriculture under DDMP and will send them to their sites.
- Will receive instruction from the district liaison officer and will take necessary action.
- Will ensure the availability of resources included in the DDMP and will make due arrangement to get those during emergency.

- Will make groups having vehicles for emergencywork and will assign the areas to them.
- Will set up a temporary Control Room for the dissemination of information for emergency work and will appoint a nodal officer.

C. POST DISASTER ACTIVITIES

- Will follow the instruction of the District LiaisonOfficer.
- Will carry out the duty assigned to him for search and rescue work.
- Will deploy the resources and manpower available to manage the disaster.
- Will review the matters regarding discontinuation of movement for safety measures and will see that it is restarted very soon.
- Will send DMTs with necessary equipments in case the crop is washed away, and if there is water logging in a very large amount.
- Will act in such a way that the human life is restored again speedily and timely in the priority areas.
- Will contact the circle office or central control room if machines equipments, vehicles, man power, technical personnel are required to restore the agricultural activities.
- Will make arrangement to avail the external helps to manage to disaster.
- Will collect the details of loss of crops to send it to the district administration.
- Should have the details of village wise various crops in the district.
- Will prepare a primary survey report of crop damage in the area and will send the same to district control room and also to the administrative head
- Will immediately put the action plan in real action during the emergency.

M.S.E.D.C

A. Normal time activities

While preparing a separate plan regarding M.S.E.D.C /Energy Department will prepare the list of available resource as a part of DDMP. It will include the following:

- Details of the staff members with their contact addresses and telephone numbers.
- Maps showing the power stations, sub-stations, Diversification of Power units (DPs), transformers and major electric lines with detail information.
- Otherimportantdetailslikewatersupplyschemedependingonelectricity,drainag esystems, railway stations, bus-depots, ports, strategically important places, army, air force, navy camps, light houses, major hospitals and for that he will check and ensure of electric supply during emergency.
- Prepare an action plan for repairs *I* alternative arrangement in the case of electricity disruption as a part of DDMP.
- Inspect at every 3 months the power stations. Sub-stations etc; which are damage prone.
- The, plan should include for timely supply of electric poles, D.Ps, transformers etc; at the time of line disruption.

- To prepare an action plan for immediate procurement of the required tools and equipments for restoration of electric supply on temporary bases.
- To prepare a list of public properties related to M.S.E.D.C, which are in the damage prone areas and will make advance arrangements to minimize the damage.

B. ON RECEIVING THE WARNING

- To contact the District Control Room and assist in their work.
- To ensure that all the employees remain present on duty at the taluka headquarter.
- To assign work to all officers/employees related to M.S.E.D.C.
- Will ensure to make available the resources available and will establish contacts for the same to deploy those at the time of emergency, which are included in the DDMP.
- To consult the District Liaison Officer to discontinue the supply in case of damage in the line or for the safety of the people and property.
- To make groups having vehicles for the emergency work and will assign the areas.
- To immediately set up a temporary control room in the office for dissemination of information during the disaster and will appoint a nodal officer from MSEDC for this work.

C. POST DISASTER ACTIVITIES

- To follow the instructions of the district liaison officer.
- ♦ To perform the duties assigned for the search and rescue work.
- To deploy the resources and manpower required for the disaster management.
- To dispatch the task forces with necessary equipments to the place where the electric supply is disrupted and ensures that the same is restarted at the earliest.
- ♦ Contact the circle office or the Central Control Room of MSEDC to

procure the machines and equipments, vehicles ,manpower, technical {personnel for restoration of the electric supply.

- ♦ To utilize the external resources and manpower allotted to him in a planed manner for disaster management.
- To immediately undertake the emergency repairing work as mentioned in the action plan.
- ♦ To prepare a primary survey report regarding damage in the area and send the same to the district control room and to the own administrative head immediately.
- ♦ To make temporary arrangement for electric supply to the places like hospitals, shelter, jail, police stations, bus depots etc; with D.G. stein.

<u>Public Works Department</u> A .Normal time activities

- Details of the staff members with their contact addresses and telephone numbers.
- Details of buildings, vehicles and equipment as well as the names of contractors and the vehicles & equipment used by them.

- Maps of the areas in the district with the statistical data related to available resources.
- The position of approach roads and other road of all the villages including bridges, railway crossing etc.
- To strictly observe the rules during the constructions regarding earthquake and cyclone proof materials.
- The PWD will inspect periodically the buildings, residences, high rise buildings under their control.
- Damage prone road bridges and arrangement for their inspections
- Action plan for emergency repairs.
- Will appoint an officer of the rank of Assistant Engineer to coordinate during emergency at the District Control Room.
- Will maintain the departmental equipments such as bulldozers, tractors, water tankers, dumpers, earthmovers excavator, de-watering pumps, generators, cutters, tree cutters, ladders, ropes, flood lights, shovels, axes, hammers, RCC cutters etc; which can be used during emergency and will quarterly check up these to ensure in working condition.

B. ON RECEIVING THE WARNING

- Will immediately contact the District Control Room for assistance.
- Will ensure that all the staff members remain on duty at the headquarters.
- Will send the officers and the staff assigning them specific duties for the DDMP
- ♦ Undertake all the action for the disaster management required to be done by the PWD after receiving instructions from district liaison officer.

C. POST DISASTER ACTIVITIES

- Will follow the instructions of the District Liaison Officer
- Will remain active for search and rescue activities
- ♦ Will provide all the available resources and manpower for disaster management.
- ♦ Will mobilize the service of technical personnel for the damage survey work to help the district administration
- ♦ Will prepare a primary report of damage in the affected area within 12 hrs / 24 hrs looking to the emerging situation
- ♦ Will make arrangements for electricity, water, and latrines in the temporary shelters. Will also inspect the approach roads leading to the temporary shelter and repair the same if so required.

Telephone Department

A. Normal time activities

• Details of the staff members with their contact addresses and telephone numbers.

- Details of buildings, vehicles and equipments including the contractors and the vehicles and equipments used by them.
- ♦ Maps showing the details of telephone exchanges, D.Ps, important telephone lines, hot lines, telex lines, microwave towers with statistical data.
- ♦ Details of telephone numbers of water supplies, Control Room, hospitals, drainage system, railway stations, bus depots, strategically important places, ports, Army, Air force, Navy camps, Jail, Police Station and other sensitive places, light houses, major industrial units, and other communication channels which can be used during emergency.
- ♦ Action plan for repairs/alternative arrangement in case of disruption of telephone line and microwave towers.
- Inspect the telephone exchanges/sub-exchanges in the damage prone area at every 3 months.
- ♦ To appoint an officer not below the rank of telephone inspector to coordinate the district control room during emergency.
- ♦ To maintain the equipments such as diesel generators, dumpers, generator, cutters,

tree cutters, ladder &, ropes, flood lights, shovels, axes, hammers, RCC cutters, cable wires, fire equipments, etc; which can be used during emergency and ensure every month that these are in working condition.

- To ensure that the telephone lines at the shelters, emergency hospitals, police stations, control room and other places of emergency services, which can be used during disaster, are not disrupted.
- To prepare a list of public properties related to the telephone department which are in damage prone areas and will make arrangements to lessen the damage.

B. ON RECEIVING THE WARNING

B. ON	RECEIVING THE WARNING
	To contact the District Control Room and assist in the work.
	To ensure that the staff are on duty at the headquarters.
	sites.
	To receive the instructions from the District Liaison Officer and to do the needful.
	To ensure availability of resources included in the DDMP and establish contacts for the same during emergency.
	To setup a temporary control room for the exchange of information for emergency
	work and will appoint a nodal officer.
C. POS	ST DISASTER ACTIVITIES
	To follow the instructions of District Liaison Officer.
	To perform the duties assigned for search and rescue work.
	To deploy the resources and manpower available to manage the disaster.
	To review the situation regarding disconnected telephone lines due to safety
	measures and re-establish the communication network as soon as possible.
	To send the Disaster Management Teams with the necessary equipments for
	restoration of the telephone lines speedily where the lines are disrupted and to
	such places, which are strategically important.

Sindhudurg District Disaster Management Plan April 2023 (Vol-1) ☐ To make arrangements to obtain external help to manage the disaster. ☐ To prepare a primary survey report of damage and to send the same to the District Control Room and also to the administrative head within 6hours. ☐ To arrange for temporary hotline services or temporary telephone connections at the District Control Room, hospitals, shelters, ports, jails, police station, bus depots, etc. ☐ To immediately undertake the emergency repairing work. To make an action plan to avail immediately and timely, telephone poles, D.Ps, transformer to the established the communication system. To prepare an action plan to avail temporarily, technical personnel from the near by district, staff and vehicles from the district office which are not affected in consultation with the district authority. Animal Husbandry **A.** Normal time activities ☐ Addresses of members with telephone numbers. Details of veterinary centres, artificial insemination centres, veterinary dispensary, veterinary colleges' buildings, vehicles, mobile dispensaries and equipments and also the details of vehicles and equipments used often by outsource. ☐ Maps showing the details of animal breeding laboratories, animal vaccination centres, animal husbandry training school with statistical data. Details of essential facilities to be provided at sensitive place such as important animal husbandry centres, veterinary college campus, training center etc; ☐ Arrangement of repairs/alternative arrangements in case the facilities related to animal husbandry and veterinary services are disrupted. ☐ To make arrangements to necessary medicines, vaccines and other material, for treatment of animals. ☐ To collect the details of cattle in each village of the taluka, details of safe places for the treatment of animal, milk dairies, other private veterinary doctors and facilities related to it. ☐ To appoint an employee not below the rank of livestock inspector to coordinate the District Control Room during emergency. ☐ To maintain the equipments available such as stands to keep animals, sharp instruments, insecticides, diesel generators, dumpers, generator, cutters, tree cutters, ladders, ropes, flood lights, shovels, axes, hammers, RCC cutters, cable wires, fire equipments, de-dusting equipments etc; which can be used during emergency and will also ensure that they are in working condition. To see that essential services related to animal husbandry and Veterinary services are not disrupted at the time of emergencies. ☐ To prepare a list of public properties related to animal husbandry, which are damage prone areas and will make advance planning to lessen the damage. **B.** ON RECEIVING THE WARNING

☐ To immediately contact the District Control Room and will assist in the work.

☐ To ensure that the staff is on duty at the headquarters

	to their sites.
П	To receive instructions from the district liaison officer and do the needful.
П	To ensure the availability of resources included in the DDMP and will make
	necessary arrangements to obtain those during emergency.
	To consult the Liaison Officer to prevent the probable epidemic among the cattle
	and also for the safety measures.
	To make groups having vehicles for emergency work and will assign the areas
	totem.
	To set up a temporary control room for the exchange of information for
	emergency work and will appoint a nodal officer.
C. POST	DISASTER ACTIVITIES
	To follow the instruction of the District Liaison Officer.
	To carry out the duty assigned to him for search and rescue work.
	To deploy the available resources and manpower to manage the disaster.
	To review the matters to restart the milk collection activity where it has been
	closed for security measures.
	To send DMTs with necessary equipments in case of cattle death are there in the
	affected areas for the disposal of carcass with a view to restoration of public life
	and result oriented work. To arrange to treat the injured cattle.
	To contact the State Director of A.H. if additional equipments vehicles,
	manpower, technical personnel etc; are required for restoration of the cattle
	related activities.
	related delivities.
State Tran	
	al time activities
	Details of the staff with contact numbers, details of bus drivers, conductors,
	mechanical and supervisory staff.
	Details of location of buses in all the areas of the district available round the
	clock.
	Details of fuel arrangements for buses for emergencywork.
	Do's and Don'ts to be observed strictly during emergencies and details of
	priorities should be given to the staff.
	Arrangement for additional buses for evacuation of people from the affected areas.
	Details of buildings, vehicles and equipments under his control and list of
	contractors with vehicles and equipments used by them.
	Map showing S.T. depots, pick up stand, control point, S.T. garages and important
	routes with equipments of communication, telephone line, telex lines, megaphone,
	amplifiers with statistical data.
	Details of important telephone numbers of water supply schemes, control room
_	hospitals, drainage system, railway stations, bus depots, strategically important
	places, ports, Army Air force Navy camps and other sensitive places, light houses,
	major industrial units, and other communication channels which can be used
	•
	during emergency/calamity.

		Action plan regarding repairs/alternative arrangement in case of disruption of transport services.
		Alternative routes for the transportation and road network.
		To inspect the damage prone S. T. Depots, pick up stand, control points, garages
		etc; at the frequency of every three months.
		To plan out for restoration of goods transportation in case of damages observed, to
		the buses & parcel van.
		To prepare an action plan to procure temporary buses, the technical personnel
		from the near by district which are not affected.
•	Т	o maintain the equipments available such as cranes, diesel generator, earth over
•		achines, de-dusting pumps, cutters, tree cutters, ladders, ropes, flood lights,
		novels, axes, hammers, RCC cutters, etc. which can be used during emergency and
		ill ensure that those are in the working conditions.
•		o take due care to see that the transportation at shelters and emergency hospital is
		ot disrupted during calamities.
•		o prepare a list of public properties related to transport department, which are in the
		amage prone area and will arrange in advance to minimize the damage.
B. C	N R	ECEIVING THE WARNING
		To set up a temporary special control room and information center at the main
		bus station.
		To immediately contact the district control room and will assist in the work.
		To ensure that the staff at the headquarter is on duty.
		To assign the work to be done by the subordinate officers and staff regarding
		transportation under DDMP and to send them to their sites.
		To receive instructions from the district liaison officer and will do the needful. To
		ensure for not allowing passenger buses to move out of the S.T. Depots during
		final warnings of cyclone, flood etc; to take safety measures for passengers who
		cannot return back to their home.
		To ensure the availability of resources included in the DDMP and will make due
		arrangements to get those during emergency.
		To consult the Liaison Officer to close the transportation in the damage prone
		areas for the safety of the people and the property.
		To make groups having vehicles for emergency work and will assign the areas
		tothem.
		To set up a temporary control room for the dissemination of information for
		emergency work and will appoint a nodal officer.
		To make available the sufficient number of S.T. buses to the state administration
		for the evacuation of the people to safe places from the disaster prone areas.
		To assist the administration to send the messages of warning to the remote areas
		through the drivers/conductors on transport routes.

C. POST DISASTER ACTIVITIES

To follow the instructions of District Liaison Officer.

♦ To	o carry out the duty assigned for search and rescue work
	To engage the resources and manpower available to manage the disaster.
	To review the matter regarding closing of movement of buses for safety reason
	and see that those are restarted very soon.
	To send DMTs with necessary equipments if the transportation is disrupted.
	To contact the District Control Room if additional equipments, vehicles,
	manpower, technical personnel, which are required to restore the transportation
	related activities.
	To prepare a primary survey report on damage in the area and will send it to the
	district control room and also to the administrative head within 6hours.
	To make temporary arrangement of transportation for control rooms, hospitals,
	shelters, bus depots etc.
	To immediately undertake repairs needed at the bus stations.
	To collect the details of roads, damaged and will get them repaired
	in co-ordination with competent authority and will restore the bus services.
Forest Dep	partment
	al time activities
	Addresses of members with telephone numbers.
	Details of veterinary centres, artificial insemination centres, veterinary dispensary.
	veterinary colleges' buildings, vehicles, mobile dispensaries and equipments
	under his control and also the details of vehicles and equipments used often by
	outsource.
	Maps showing the details of area with statistical data.
	Approach roads under forest department and their condition including bridges,
	causeways, railway crossing etc.
	Inspection of damage prone roads, bridges, check dams, causeways, under forest
	department
	To inspect periodically the buildings, residencies, high causeways under forest
	department
	To maintain the equipments available such as sharp instruments, insecticides,
	diesel generators, dumpers, generator, cutters, tree cutters, ladders, ropes, flood
	lights, shovels, axes, hammers, RCC cutters, cable wires, fire equipments, de-
	dusting equipments etc; which can be used during emergency and will also ensure
	that they are in working condition.
	To take care of public shelters, other places to be used for evacuation with
	•
	primary facilities like water To propose a list of public propostics in the demand propost coast areas and will
	To prepare a list of public properties in the damage prone forest areas and will
	make advance arrangements to lessen the damage.
B. ON RI	ECEIVING THE WARNING
	To immediately contact the district control room and will assist in the work.
	To ensure that the staff at the headquarter is on duty.
	To assign the work to be done by the subordinate officers and staff regarding
	transportation under DDMP and to send them to their sites.
	-

- ☐ To arrange for wireless, telephones, manpower, forest guard in advance to disseminate information of the disaster in the damage prone areas and will play a key role with the district administration to warn the public.
- To make in advance arrangement for fuel wood and bamboos for priority areas.

C. POST DISASTER ACTIVITIES

- ♦ To follow the instructions of District Liaison Officer
- To carry out the duty assigned for search and rescue work.
- To engage the resources and manpower available to manage the disaster.
- To prepare a primary report of damage for the affected areas.
- ♦ To take actions to provide electricity, water and latrine to the temporary shelters in the forest areas.
- ♦ To send task forces with vehicles, tree cutters, ropes, flood light, generator in case of closure of roads due to felling of trees.

Port Office

A. Normal time activities

- Details of the staff with their address and phone numbers, details of port workers, securities, mechanics and supervisory staff. Details of location of ports & jetties in all the areas of the district working round the clock.
- Details of fuel arrangement for ships-mechanized launches at the time of emergency.
- ♦ Do's and Don'ts to be observed during emergencies and details of priorities should be given to the staff.
- Set up for evacuation of people from affected area of the port area.
- ♦ Details of buildings, vehicles and equipments and list of contractors with vehicles and equipments.
- ♦ Map showing ports, Jetties, light houses, signals, as well as important routes, communication equipments, telephone line, telex lines, megaphone, amplifiers with statistical data.
- ♦ Details of important telephone numbers of water supplies, control room, hospitals, drainage system, railway stations, bus depots, strategically important places, Army Air force Navy camps and other sensitive places, light houses, major industrial units, and other communication channels which can be used during emergency.
- Arrangement for transportation & evacuation of people from the affected areas.
- ♦ Action plan regarding repairs and alternative ways in case of disruption of transportation.
- Plan showing the alternative routes and arrangement for transportation of goods etc; during emergencies.
- ♦ To inspect the port, jetties, lighthouses, signals, pick up stand, garages, control point etc; which are damage prone.
- ♦ To make due arrangement for materials to restore the facilities in case the movement of the materials and goods on the ports are damaged.
- ♦ To prepare an action plan to avail on temporary bases, the technical personnel from the near by district which is not affected. Will also collect the details of swimmers in the district.

- To make arrangement for sufficient fuel during emergency.
- ♦ To maintain the equipments available such as cranes, diesel generator, earth mover machines, de-dusting pumps, cutters, tree cutters, ladders, ropes, flood lights, shovels, axes, hammers, RCC cutters, etc. which can be used during emergency and willensurethat those are in the working conditions.
- ♦ To take due care to see that the transportation at shelters and emergency hospital is not disrupted during calamities.
- ♦ To prepare a list of public properties related to transport department, which are in the damage prone area and will arrange in advance to minimize the damage.

B. ON RECEIVING THE WARNING

- ♦ To set up a temporary special control room and information center at the main bus station.
- To immediately contact the district control room and will assist in the work
- To ensure that the staff is on duty at the headquarter.
- ♦ To assign the work to be done by the subordinate officers and staff regarding transportation under DDMP and to send them to their sites.
- ♦ To specifically take action to ensure that the port workers, tourists and fishermen do not move out for fishing as well as sailing during the final warnings of cyclone, flooded.
- ♦ To evacuate the fishermen and saltpan workers to a safe place and if they deny, to get it done forcefully.
- To ensure that the warning signals are received in time and shown immediately to the people.
- To undertake the work of search and rescue and also the relief work in co-ordination with Navy Coastguard.
- ♦ To ensure the availability of resources included in the DDMP and will make due arrangements to get those during emergency.
- ♦ To consult the liaison officer to close the ports and sailing in the sea, which is damage prone or dangerous for the safety of the people as well as the property.
- ♦ To assist the administration to send the messages regarding warning to the remote area as well as the coastal areas through the port staff.

C. POST DISASTER ACTIVITIES

- To follow the instructions of District Liaison Officer.
- ♦ To carry out the duty assigned for search and rescue work.
- To engage the resources and manpower available to manage the disaster.
- ♦ To review the matters regarding closing of movement at the port for safety measures and will ensure that it is restarted very soon.
- ♦ To contact the district control room if additional equipments, vehicles, manpower, technical personnel are necessary to restore the port related activities.
- ♦ To prepare a primary survey report of damage and send it to the Control Room and to the administrative head.
- ♦ To collect the details of ports, jetties, light houses as well as approach roads connecting the damaged ports and will get them repaired in co-ordination with the

competent authority and will help for restoration of the economic activities pertaining to ports.

Checklist of Various Department

Preparedness Checklist for the District Collector

- Preparation of the DDMAP with the assistance of DDMC.
- Setting up District Control Room.
- ♦ Under the DDMP, district level agencies would be responsible for directing field interventions through various agencies right from the stage of warning to relief and rehabilitation.
- At the disaster site, specific tasks to manage the disaster will be performed.
- Collector will be an integral part of the DCR.
- ♦ Collector will be assisted by SOC.
- ♦ SOC will be headed by a Site Manager.
- Site Manager will co-ordinate the activities at various camp sites and affected areas.
- ♦ The site Operations Centre will report to the District Control Room.
- ♦ The Collector will co-ordinate all the field responses which include, setting up Transit Camps, Relief Camps and Cattle Camps.

Preparedness Checklist for the Police Department

- ♦ The department is familiar with the disaster response plan and disaster response procedures are clearly defined.
- Orientation and training for disaster response plan and procedures undertaken.
- Special skills required during emergency operations imparted to the officials and the staff.
- Reviewed and updated the precautionary measures and procedures, the precautionstobetakentoprotectequipment, the post-disaster procedures to be followed.
- Adequate warning mechanisms established for evacuation.
- ♦ An Officer has been designated as Nodal Officer for Disaster Management.
- Sources of materials required for response operations have been identified.

Preparedness Checklist for the Health Department

- ♦ The department is familiar with the disaster response plan and disaster response procedures are clearly defined.
- Orientation and training for disaster response plan and procedures undertaken.
- Special skills required during emergency operations imparted to the officials and the staff.
- Reviewed and updated the precautionary measures and procedures, the precautions to be taken to protect equipment, the post-disaster procedures to be followed.
- ♦ A hospital plan for the facilities, equipment and staff of that particular hospital based on "The Guide to Health Management in Disasters" has been developed.
- ♦ Hospital staff is aware of which hospital rooms /buildings are damage-proof
- ♦ All the staff of the hospital has been informed about the possible disasters in the district, likely damages and effects, and information about ways to protect life, equipment and property.

- An area of hospital identified for receiving large number for casualties.
- Emergency admission procedures with adequate recordkeeping developed.
- Field staff oriented about DDMP, standards of services, and procedures for tagging.
- ♦ An Officer has been designated as Nodal Officer for Disaster Management.
- Sources of materials required for response operations have been identified.

Preparedness Checklist for M.S.E.D.C

- ♦ The department is familiar with the disaster response plan and disaster response procedures are clearly defined.
- Orientation and training for disaster response plan and procedures undertaken.
- Special skills required during emergency operations imparted to the officials and the staff.
- Reviewed and updated the precautionary measures and procedures, the precautions to be taken to protect equipment, tempo st-disaster to be followed.
- ♦ An Officer has been designated as Nodal Officer for Disaster Management.
- Sources of materials required for response operations have been identified.

Preparedness Checklist for Water Supply Department

- The department is familiar with the disaster response plan and disaster response procedures are clearly defined.
- Orientation and training for disaster response plan and procedures undertaken.
- Special skills required during emergency operations imparted to the officials and the staff.
- Reviewed and updated the precautionary measures and procedures, the
 precautions to be taken to protect equipment, the post-disaster procedures to be
 followed.
- Adequate warning mechanisms for informing people to store an emergency supply of water have been developed.
- Procedures established for the emergency distribution of water if existing supply is disrupted.
- An Officer has been designated as Nodal Officer for Disaster Management.
- Sources of materials required for response operations have been identified.

Preparedness Checklist for Irrigation Department

- The department is familiar with the disaster response plan and disaster response procedures are clearly defined.
- Orientation and training for disaster response plan and procedures undertaken.
- Special skills required during emergency operations imparted to the officials and the staff.
- Reviewed and updated the precautionary measures and procedures,
- the precautions to be taken to protect equipment, the post-disaster procedures to be followed.
- Flood monitoring mechanisms can be activated in all flood prone areas from 1st of June.

- All staff is well aware of the precautions to be taken to protect their lives and personal property.
- Each technical assistant has instructions and knows operating procedures for disaster conditions.
- Methods of monitoring and impounding the levels in the tanks evolved.
- Methods of alerting officers on other dam sites and the district control room, established.

Chapter 13

Annexure:

Sindhudurg District Disaster Management Plan April 2023 (Vol-1)				
			Page 15	
			rage 15	

Chapter 13 Annexure:

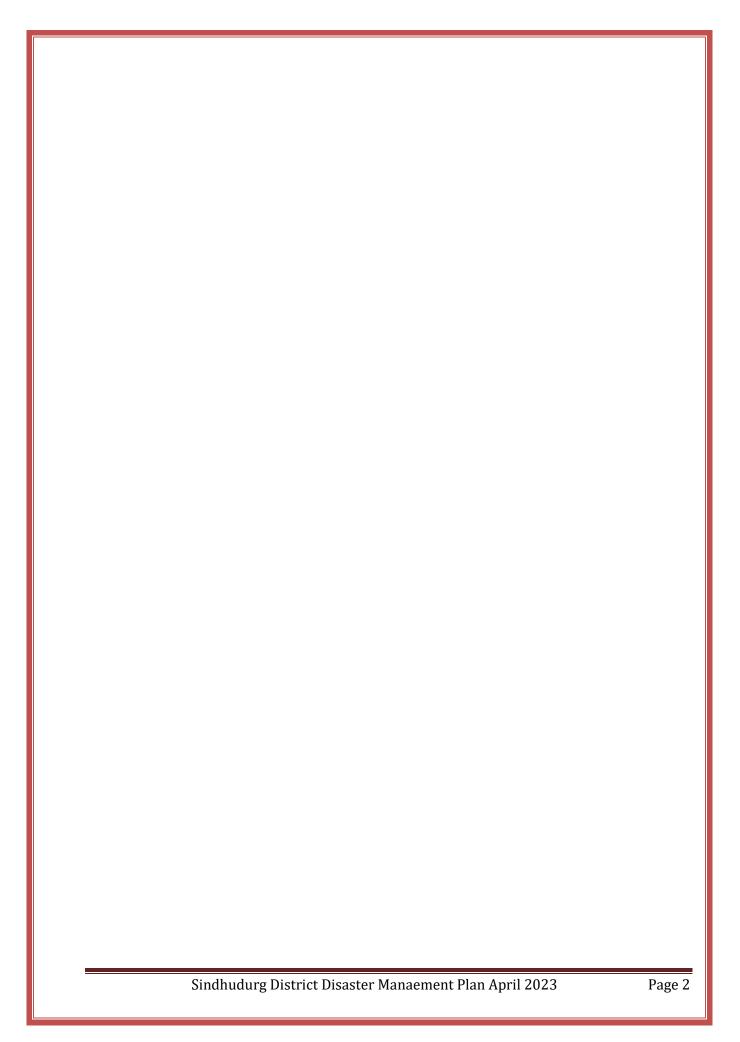
Pls refer to volume II and III

Volume II

Sindhudurg District Tahasil Level Plans of 8 Tahasils

Sindhudurg District Disaster Management Plan Volume ii – April 23

दोडामार्ग तालुका आपत्ती व्यवस्थापन आराखडा



तालुक्याचा भौगोलिक नकाशा (ज्यात चतुःसीमा, मंडले, प्रमुख रस्ते व मंडळाच्या सीमा, नद्या, धरणे, प्रमुख गावांची तसेच MIDC, तालुका आपत्ती व्यवस्थापन आराखडा

तालुक्याचे नाव : दोडामार्ग

तालुक्याचे मुख्यालयाचे ठिकाण : तहसिल कार्यालय दोडामार्ग

मा.तहसीलदार यांचे नाव : श्री.अरुण खानोलकर

दूरध्वनी / मोबाईल क्र. : ०२३६३-२५६५१८

आपात्कालीन संपर्क क्र. : Satelite Phone No - ०८९९११२४४६१

मा. गटविकास अधिकारी नाव : श्री.वासुदेव नाईक

दूरध्वनी / मोबाईल क्र. : ०२३६३-२५६७२४

आपात्कालीन संपर्क क्र. : ०२३६३-२५६७२४

तयार करण्याचा दिनांक : -

अद्ययावत करण्याचा दिनांक : -

नियंत्रण कक्षाचा दूरध्वनी क्र. : १०७७ / ०२३६३-२५६५१८

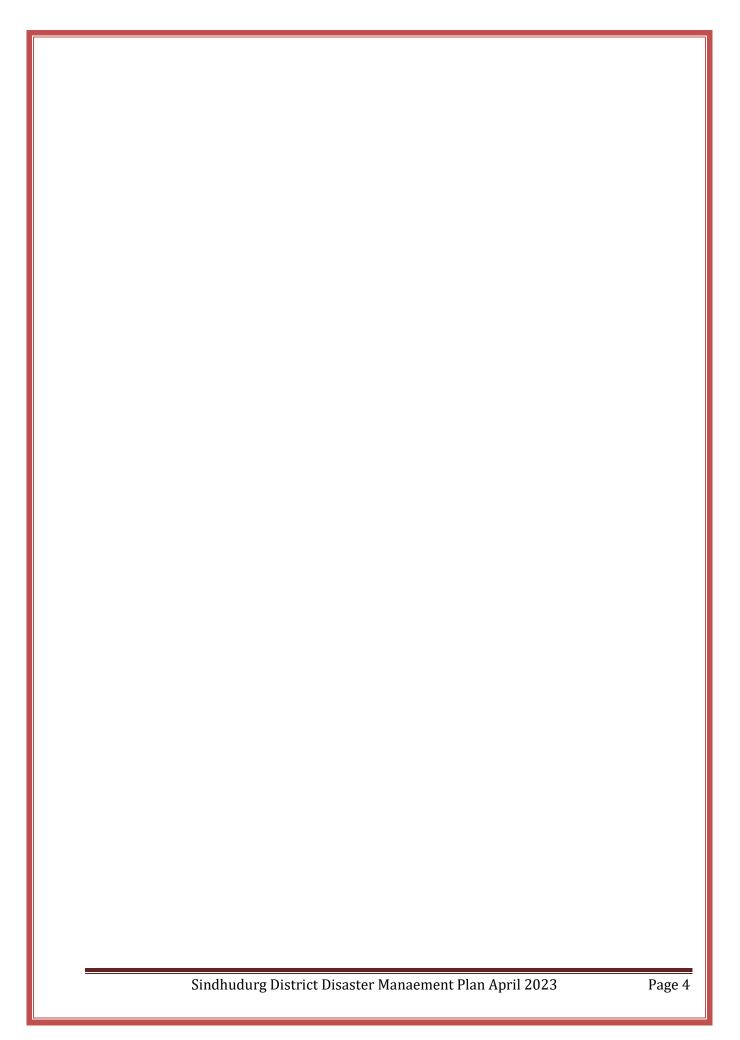
नियंत्रण कक्ष चालू असणायचा कालावधीअथवा २४ x ७

तालुका स्तरावरील आपत्ती व्यवस्थापन नियंत्रण कक्ष सांभाळणारा जबाबदार अधिकारी (नायब तहसीलदार / अव्वल कारकून ई.)

नाव :१) श्री. संजय गवस (निवासी नायब तहसिलदार) ह्दा : तहसिल कार्यालय दोडामार्ग

- २) श्री. एन.एन.देसाई (महसूल नायब तहसिलदार)
- 3) श्री. विजयकुमार वाडकर (नायब तहसीलदार)
- ४) श्रीम. एस आर गवस (अव्वल कारकून)
- ५) श्री. एस.जे. गावडे (रजा राखीव तलाठी)
- ६) श्री. ए.बी. पाटमोरे (लिपिक/महसूल सहायक)

आपत्कालीन क्र. Satelite Phone No - ०८९९११२४४६१



तालुक्याची आपत्ती व्यवस्थापन अनुषंगाने लागणारी माहिती -

क्र	जिल्हा मुख्यालयापासून अंतर	किमी ७६		
8	चतुःसीमा -	पूर्वेस -कोल्हापुर (जि पश्चिमेस -गोवा (राज् दक्षिणेस - गोवा (राज् उत्तरेस - सावंतवाडी	न्य) ज्य)	
२	क्षेत्रफळ (चौ. कि.मी. मध्ये)	४५०५३ हे.आर		
3	लोकसंख्या -४८३९८	पुरुष -१६८३२	महिला - १६४९३	
8	तालुक्यातून जाणारे राष्ट्रीय महामार्ग	कोठून निरंक	कोठे निरंक	लांबी (कि.मी.) निरंक
ч	तालुक्यातून जाणारे राज्य महामार्ग (१. राज्य महामार्ग क्र. १८६)	कोठ्न बांदा	कोठे आयी	लांबी (कि.मी.) ४०
ξ	तालुक्यातून जाणारे रेल्वे मार्ग	कोठून निरंक	कोठे निरंक	लांबी (कि.मी.) निरंक
	विमानतळ / हेलिपॅड आदीचा	ठिकाण	अक्तांश	रेखांश
b	तपशील ८ अंकात उदा.१८.३६.१२००	-	N	S
		-	N	S
			वाहण्याची दिशा	तालुक्यातील लांबी कि.मी.
6	तालुक्यातील नद्यांचा तपशील	तिलारी	पुर्व ते पश्चिम	२४ कि. मी
९	नदीवरील धरणे	धरणाचे गाव	नदी	धरणाचे नाव तिलारी मोठा
		आयनोडे	तिलारी	आंतर-राज्य

तालुक्यातील मंडल निहाय हवामानाचा तपशील

क्र.	मंडलाचे नाव	वार्षिक पावसाची सरासरी	गेल्या २० वर्षातील कमाल व किमान पाउस	वार्षिक सरासरी तापमान	गेल्या २० वर्षातील कमाल व किमान तापमान
8	भेडशी	५१००	४३००/५१००	30	२४ ते ३६
ર	कोनाळ	५१००	४३००/५१००	२८	२४ ते ३६
3	तळकट	४५००	3८००/४ ५ ००	२६	२२ ते ३४
8	कसई	४५००	3८००/ <u>४</u> ५००	२६	२२ ते ३४

आपत्ती व्यवस्थापन समितीचा तपशील

क्र.	हुद्दा	पद	नाव	संपर्क क्र.	जबाबदारीचे स्वरूप
8	मा.	अध्यक्ष	श्री.अरुण	७२७६ ५३६४२७	आपत्तीच्या तीनही
	तहसीलदार		खानोलकर		स्तरावरील कामाची जबादारी.
					मदत बचावाचे नियंत्रक
२	गट विकास		श्री. वासुदेव नाईक	o२३६३-२५९७२४	
	अधिकारी			०९४२२३९३५४२	
3	निवासी नायब		श्री. संजय गवस	०९४२३९५०९४२	
	तहसीलदार				
8	अव्वल		श्रीम. एस आर.	৽৻৪ঽ৽ঽ৽ঽ৻৽৻	
	कारकून		गवस		
y	पोलीस		श्री. ऋषिकेश	०२३६३-२५६६५०	
	निरीक्षक		अधिकारी	(৽९५५२७४७४८०)	
ξ.	आरोग्य		श्री. रमेश सुधाराम	०२३६३-२५६६५०	
	अधिकारी		कर्तस्कर (THO)		
6	पाटबंधारे		निरंक	निरंक	
		1			
6	सार्वजनिक		श्री. अनिल बढे	०९२८४०५८४११	
	बांधकाम				
9	समाजसेवी	निरंक	निरंक	निरंक	
	संस्था १				
१०	समाजसेवी	निरंक	निरंक	निरंक	
	संस्था २				
8 8	इतर	निरंक	निरंक	निरंक	

महसूल विभागातील मंडल अधिकाऱ्याची (Circle) माहिती

क्र.	मंडलाचे नाव	मंडल अधिकाऱ्याचे नाव	संपर्क क्र. वापरातील	संपर्क क्र आपत्ती काळातील	जबाबदारीचा तपशील
8	भेडशी	श्री. एस. पी. सावंत	<i></i>	९४२३९४ ४७७५	मंडळातील सर्व तलाठी यांचेकडून अहवाल मागवून घेणे व वरिष्ठ पातळीवर देणे. आपत्ती व्यवस्थापन नियोजन करणे.
ર	कोनाळ	श्री. एस. पी. सावंत	<i>୧</i> ୪२३ ୧ ୪୪७७५	९४२३९४४७७ ५	वरीलप्रमाणे
3	कसई	श्री. आर. व्ही. गवस	९६५७७७०३५०	९६५७७७०३५०	वरीलप्रमाणे
8	तळकट	श्री. आर. व्ही. गवस	९६५७७७०३५०	९६५७७७०३५०	वरीलप्रमाणे

तालुक्यातील आपत्ती निर्माण होण्याच्या संभाव्य जागा (स्थळ दर्शक नकाशा जोडावा)

<u>पूर</u>

क्र .	नदीचे नाव	मंडलाचे नाव	संभाव्य पूर प्रवण गावे	गावाची लोक	संभाव्य बाधित घरांची	बाधितांना स्थलांतरित करण्यासाठी स्थानिक उपलब्ध
				संख्या	संख्या	इमारती, शाळा व तेथील
						सुविधाची माहिती.
8	तिलारी	भेडशी	कोनाळ,		४२,	१) एम. आर. विद्यालय
	नदी		घोटगे,		3 ६,	कोनाळकट्टा
			साटेली		१६	२) न्यू इंग्लिश स्कूल
			भेडशी,भरपालवाडी		०९	भेडशी
			घोटगेवाडी		११	
ર	तिलारी,	कसई	मणेरी	१८०१	32	जि.प.पू.प्रा.शाळा मणेरी १
						माध्यमिक विद्यालय मणेरी
3	मणेरी	कसई	कुडासे		6	जि.प.प्रा.शाळा वानोशी
						सरस्वती विद्यामंदिर कुडासे
						सरस्वती विद्यामंदिर कुडा

दरड कोसळणे

क्र.	मंडलाचे नाव	संभाव्य पूर प्रवण गावे	गावाची लोक	संभाव्य बाधित घरांची संख्या	बाधितांना स्थलांतरित करण्यासाठी उपलब्ध इमारती, शाळा व तेथील
			संख्या		सुविधाची माहिती.
8	तळकट	झोळंबे(दरड कोसळणे)	१०५४	१२	श्री. विव्वल मंदिर झोळंबे

तालुक्यातील यात्रास्थाने(१०,

१००० पेक्षा जास्त भाविक जमण्याची यात्रा स्थाने)

क्र.	गावाचे नाव	मंडल	यात्रेचे नाव	संभाव्य भाविकांची	यात्रा नियमक मंडळा व त्यांचा	
				संख्या	अध्यक्षांचे नाव	संपर्क क्र.
9.	तेरवणमेढे	भेडशी	महाशिवरात्री	११००० ०	१. श्री. देवू तुकाराम गवस २. श्री. प्रवीण गवस	9423320981 9404779904

आपत्तीचा मागील २० वर्षातील इतिहास(स्थळ दर्शक नकाशा वर दाखवावे)

हयामध्ये कारखान्यात, रस्त्यावर झालेले अपघात, पूर, गारपीट, ढगफुटी, यात्रातील घटना, पूल पडणे, वाहून जाणे, धरण / नदील बुडून मृत्यू, सहली मध्ये झालेल्या घटना, घातपात आदी सर्व घटक असावेत ज्यामुळे जीवित, वित्तीय अथवा निसर्गाचा ऱ्हास झालायांचा तपशील देणे

2000	प्रतीचा आपत्तीचे झालेले नुकसान				
आपत्तीचा तपशील	आपत्ताच कारण	जीवित	बाधित घरे	जनावरे	वाटप केलेली मदत रु
			वाटप.		
नैसर्गिक आपत्ती	अतिवृष्टी पुरपरिस्थिती	-	387	06	1387310

तालुक्यातील शासकीय विभागातील जबाबदार अधिकारी यांचा तपशील

क्र.	विभाग	जबाबदार अधिकारी	हुद्दा	संपर्क क्र.
9,	महसूल	श्री. अरुण खानोलकर (तहसिलदार दोडामार्ग)	तहसिल कार्यालय दोडामार्ग	कार्यालय: ०२३६३-२५६५१८ घर : मोबाईल : आपत्कालीन : ०८९९११२४४६१
ર	आरोग्य	श्री. रमेश सुधाराम कर्तस्कर (तालुका आरोग्य अधिकारी,दोडामार्ग)	तालुका आरोग्य अधिकारी कार्यालय दोडामार्ग	कार्यालय: ०२३६३-२५६९८३ घर : मोबाईल : आपत्कालीन : ०२३६३- २५६९८३
3	पोलीस	श्री. ऋषिकेश अधिकारी (पोलिस निरीक्षक दोडामार्ग)	पोलिस स्टेशन दोडामार्ग	कार्यालय:०२३६३-२५६६५० घर : मोबाईल :०९५५२७४७४८० आपत्कालीन :०२३६३-२५६६५०
8	पाटबंधारे	श्री. रोहित कोरे (कार्यकारी अभियंता)	तिलारी पाटबंधारे विभाग चराठे सावंतवाडी	कार्यालय:०२३६२-२७२२३१ घर : मोबाईल :०९४०३३०३४०२ आपत्कालीन : ०२३६२- २७२२३१
y	पंचायत समिती	श्री. वासुदेव नाईक (गटविकास अधिकारी दोडामार्ग)	पंचायत समिती दोडामार्ग	कार्यालय:०२३६३-२५६७२४ घर : मोबाईल :०९४२२३९३५४२ आपत्कालीन : ०२३६३२५६७२४
દ	सार्वजनिक बांधकाम	श्री. अनिल बढे (उपअभियंता दोडामार्ग)	(उपअभियंता दोडामार्ग)	कार्यालय:- घर : मोबाईल : ९२८४०५८४११ आपत्कालीन :
b	वीज महामंडळ	श्री. संतोष नलावडे (उपकार्यकारी अभियंता दोडामार्ग)	(उपकार्यकारी अभियंता दोडामार्ग)	कार्यालय:७८७५७६५१४१ घर : मोबाईल : आपत्कालीन : ७८७५७६५१४१
۷	वीज वितरण	श्री. संतोष नलावडे (उपकार्यकारी अभियंता दोडामार्ग)	(उपकार्यकारी अभियंता दोडामार्ग)	कार्यालय:७८७५७६५१४१ घर : मोबाईल : आपत्कालीन : ७८७५७६५१४१

9	पशुसंवर्धन	श्री. एम टी दाभाडे	निरंक	कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल : ०९४२३५१३०६५ आपत्कालीन :
१०	पर्यटन	निरंक	निरंक	कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल : आपत्कालीन :
88	शालेय शिक्षण (प्राथ)	श्री. एन. एम. नदाफ	गट शिक्षण अधिकारी दोडामार्ग	कार्यालय: दोडामार्ग घर : मोबाईल : ८९९९८९४८७६ आपत्कालीन :
१२	शालेय शिक्षण (माध्य)	श्री. एन. एम. नदाफ	गट शिक्षण अधिकारी दोडामार्ग	कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल :८९९८९४८७६ आपत्कालीन :
१ ३	MIDC अधिकारी	निरंक	निरंक	कार्यालय: मोबाईल : आपत्कालीन :
१४	पाणी पुरवठा विभाग	श्री. सुभाष केतकर	नगरपंचायत कसई- दोडामार्ग	कार्यालय: मोबाईल : ०८२०८४१३९७४ आपत्कालीन :
१५	तालुक्यातील म.न.पा / न.पा यांचे आयुक्त/मुख्यअधिकारी	श्री. परितोष कंकाळ गायकवाड (मुख्याधिकारी)	नगरपंचायत कसई- दोडामार्ग	कार्यालय:०२३६३-२५६६३३ मोबाईल :०८०५५३०७८२१ आपत्कालीन : ०२३६३- २५६६३३
१६	तालुक्यातील म.न.पा / न.पा यांचे आयुक्त/मुख्यअधिकारी	श्री. चेतन सुभाष चव्हाण (मुख्याधिकारी)	नगरपंचायत कसई- दोडामार्ग	कार्यालय:०२३६३-२५६६३३ मोबाईल :०९४२३३१३७४१ आपत्कालीन : ०२३६३- २५६६३३
१७	वन विभाग	श्री. अरुप कन्नमवार (वन क्षेत्रपाल)	वन विभाग कार्यालय दोडामार्ग	कार्यालय:०२३६३-२५६६२५ घर : मोबाईल : ९४२०५७५४२६
86	कृषी	श्री. पी.डी.बनकर (तालुका कृषि अधिकारी)	तालुका कृषि अधिकारी कार्यालय दोडामार्ग	कार्यालय:०२३६३-२५६९६४ घर : मोबाईल: ०९४२२८६१६१५ आपत्कालीन : ०२३६३-

				2/05/05/1
				२५६९६४
१९	महा भू आलेख	श्री. व्ही. आर. ठाकरे (उपअधिक्षक, भूमी अभिलेख दोडामार्ग)	उपअधिक्षक, भूमी अभिलेख कार्यालय दोडामार्ग	कार्यालय:०२३६३-२५६६१० मोबाईल : ०९४२२०२३३२३ आपत्कालीन : ०२३६३- २५६६१०
२०	राज्य परिवहन	श्री. अमोल आनंदा कामते (आगार व्यवस्थापक)	आगार व्यवस्थापक दोडामार्ग	कार्यालय: ०२३६३- २५६८९४ मोबाईल :९४०३३६८५८५ आपत्कालीन : ०२३६३- २५६८९४
२१	हवामान विभाग	निरंक	निरंक	कार्यालय: मोबाईल : आपत्कालीन :
२२	गृह रक्षक दल	निरंक	निरंक	कार्यालय: मोबाईल : आपत्कालीन :
23	नागरी संरक्षण दल	निरंक	निरंक	कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल : आपत्कालीन :
રષ્ઠ	मेरिटाइम बोर्ड	निरंक	निरंक	कार्यालय: मोबाईल : आपत्कालीन

तालुकास्तरीय प्रशिक्षित शीघ्र कृती दलाचा तपशील

हयामध्ये पट्टीचे पोहोणारे, मदत व बचाव, प्रथमोपचार, अग्निशमन आदी बाबीत प्रवीण असणाऱ्यांची नावे, जे आपत्ती काळात उपलब्ध असतील व स्थानिक प्रशासनाबरोबर त्याच्या मार्गदर्शनाखाली काम करू शकतील. सोबत, विविध प्रकारची वाहन चालवण्याचा अनुभव असणारे, गवंडीकाम करूशकणारे अश्यांचा समावेश असावा.

(उदा. पोहणारे, JCB, ट्रक चालक, विद्युत उपकरणे, वाहन दुरुस्ती)

蛃.	नाव	संपर्क क्र.	रहात असलेल्या गावाचे नाव	उपयुक्ततेचा तपशील चालक / पोहणारा/ संपर्क व्यवस्था ई
8	श्री. गुरुनाथ डांगी	९४२०३६७२३६	भेडशी/साटेली भेडशी	चालक
२	श्री. श्याम जयवंत चांदेलकर	9823382998	बाजारपेठ	चालक
3	श्री. संतोष विश्राम म्हावळकर	९४२३८१८८६२	वरची धाटवाडी	चालक
R	श्री. श्यामराव ज्ञा गावकर	९४२११४५१७५	केळीचे टेंब	चालक
५	श्री. पांडुरंग आत्माराम बोर्डेकर	९८२३३६३४०५	सावंतवाडा	संपर्क व्यवस्था
æ	श्री.प्रशांत आंमडोसकर	९०२१०४७८९८	बाजारपेठ	पोहणारा
6	श्री. संदीप हरिश्चंद्र गवस	९४०३२८८४६८	कसई- गावठाण	संपर्क व्यवस्था
6	श्री. विठोबा रामा पालयेकर	९४२३३०१७८०	आंबेली	ट्रक चालक
۹.	श्री. शंकर हरिश्चंद्र पालयेकर	९४२३३०१७८६	आंबेली	ट्रक चालक
80.	श्री. रामा लक्ष्मण गुळेकर	९४२३३०१७७७	आंबेली	ट्रक चालक
88.	श्री. प्रशांत सखाराम निंबाळकर	९७६३९३१६९५	आंबेली	ट्रक चालक
१२.	श्री. लक्ष्मण रामा गुळेकर	९४२३३०१७७७	आंबेली	पोहणारा
१3.	श्री. नितिन नारायण गवस	९४२३३०२१९४	आंबेली	ट्रक चालक

तालुक्यातील पेट्रोल पंपांचा तपशील (स्थळ दर्शक नकाशा जोडावा)

क्र.	पंपाची सेवा देणाऱ्या	मंडलाचे	सरासरी उपलब्द साठा लिटरमध्ये		
	कंपनीचे नाव		पेट्रोल	डीझेल	LPG / CNG
8	निरंक	निरंक	निरंक	निरंक	निरंक

तालुक्यातील उपलब्ध वाहनांचा तपशील

क्र.	व्यक्तीचे नाव	संपर्क क्र.	वाहनाचा प्रकार (बरोबरची खुण करावी)				
			क्रेन	jcb	ट्रक	ट्रक्टर	जीप/प्रवासी
8	श्री. चंदन सूर्यकांत टोपले	८८०५३५७३५३		√			
२	श्री. महेश राजाराम नाईक	९४२११५३४२८		√			
3	श्री. श्याम ज चौकेकर			√	√		
R	श्री. राजेश प्रसादी	९४२०२०८३८२			✓		
y	श्री. शैलेश गोवेकर	९४२३३०१८८५			√		
Ę	श्री. सागर लक्ष्मण चांदेलकर	९४२०७४१३२२		√	√		

तालुक्यातील उपलब्ध उपकरणांचा तपशील (खाजगी व शासनाकडून मिळालेल्या)

क्र.	साठवणीची	संख्या							
	जागा	लाईफ बोय	लाईफ जॅकेट	जनरेटर	बोट	बोट इंजिन सह	शिडी	दोर	żσ
8	तहसिल कार्यालय दोडामार्ग	15	25	1	1	0	0	1	1
२	भेडशी	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	कोनाळ	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
R	तळकट	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
y	कसई	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

तालुक्यातील आपदा मित्रांची माहिती

प्रशिक्षित आपदा मित्रांची यादी

अ.क्र.	नाव	गावाचे नाव	मोबाईल नंबर
የ.	अभिजीत श्रीराम सिनारी	दोडामार्ग	९८८१३८८८९३
₹.	नितीन सगुण देसाई	कळणे	९६०४०८८१५१
3.	शांताराम राघोबा तेली	घोटगेवाडी	९८३४७४९८११
٧.	लक्ष्मण रामदास सावंत	घोटगेवाडी	७ ५८८७२७५८३
ઝ .	अमित दत्ताराम गवस	सुरुचीवाडी	९३२५८२०९३६
ξ.	संयोग गोकुळदास तोरसकर	दोडामार्ग	९५७९७७६२४८
b .	अनिरुद्ध अविनाश शेटकर	पाळये	८२६३०२५१८३
۷.	विशाल उल्हास सावंत	वझरे	८७८८०१७१५८
۹.	सागर उल्हास सावंत	मेढे	९६९९४४६५३४
१०.	गौरी विलास ठाक्र	दोडामार्ग	८४५९३६७२०९
११.	सेजल प्रभाकर गवस	पिकुळे	८६६८४९१२६५
१२.	अश्विनी अरुण पाठक	आंबेली	७२६४९८७०४३
१३.	तन्वी चंद्रकांत गवस	भिकेकोनाळ	९४०३३१७७६१
१४.	सिद्धी नवनाथ गवस	मांगेली	८२७५४२१६३६
የዓ.	सुप्रिया बुधाजी सावंत	भिकेकोनाळ	९४०३२२८२४६
१६.	समीक्षा संतोष फाले	मणेरी	९३२२११७६६४
የ७.	अंजू नारायण खरवत	झरेबांबर	९६९९००६४६२
१८.	ईश्वरी श्रावण घाडी	तळकट	९४०५८४४५६८

सावंतवाडी तालुका आपत्ती व्यवस्थापन आराखडा

तालुका आपत्ती व्यवस्थापन आराखडा

तालुक्याचे नाव : सावंतवाडी

तालुक्याचे मुख्यालयाचे ठिकाण : तहसिलदार कार्यालय सावंतवाडी

मा.तहसिलदार यांचे नाव : श्री. अरुण उंडे

दूरध्वनी .मोबाईल क्र / : 9822795922

आपात्कालीन संपर्क क्र . : 02363-272028

मा गटविकास अधिकारी . : श्री. वास्देव महादेव नाईक

दूरध्वनी .मोबाईल क्र / : 9422393542

आपात्कालीन संपर्क क्र . : 02363-272026

तयार करण्याचा दिनांक : 01/06/2020

अद्ययावत करण्याचा दिनांक : 11/05/2023

नियंत्रण कक्षाचा दूरध्वनी क्र. : 02363-272028

नियंत्रण कक्ष चाल् असणायचा कालावधी. २४ x ७

तालुका स्तरावरील आपत्ती व्यवस्थापन नियंत्रण कक्ष सांभाळणारा

जबाबदार अधिकारी (निवासीअ ना. तहसिलदार/ अव्वल कारकून इ)

नाव :श्री. मनोज मुसळे, ह्दा :निवासी नायब तहसिलदार

मोबाईल- 9423804525 आपत्कालीन 02363-272028

तालुक्याचा भौगोलिक नकाशा (ज्यात चतुःसीमा, मंडले, प्रमुख रस्ते व मंडळाच्या सीमा, नद्या, धरणे, प्रमुख गावंची तसेच MIDC, रेल्वे मार्ग, विमान तळ ई. तपशील असावा.)

तालुक्याची आ. व्य. अनुषंगाने लागणारी माहिती -

क्र	जिल्हा मुख्यालयापासून अंतर	किमी३५	किमी	
		पूर्वेस -कोल्हापूर जिल	हा	
	===-	पश्चिमेस - वेंगुर्ला त	ालुका	
8	चतुःसीमा -	दक्षिणेस -दोडामार्ग त	गालुका	
		उत्तरेस -कुडाळ तालु	का	
२	क्षेत्रफळ (हेक्टरमध्ये)	८४,५४	0	
3	लोकसंख्या - १,४८,९८०	पुरुष -७	१,९२० महिला	- ७७,०६०
8	तालुक्यातून जाणारे राष्ट्रीय	कोठून	कोठे	लांबी (कि.मी.)
•	महामार्ग ६६	नेमळे	बांदा	14 कि.मी
	यायकाप्यय याणारे गाया	कोठून	कोठे	लांबी (कि.मी.)
₄	तालुक्यातून जाणारे राज्य महामार्ग	कोलगाव	बांदा	20 कि.मी
	-101411-1			
		कोठून	कोठे	लांबी (कि.मी.)
ξ	तालुक्यातून जाणारे रेल्वे मार्ग	मळगाव	मडूरा	20 कि.मी
	विमानतळ / हेलिपॅड आदीचा	ठिकाण	अक्षांश	रेखांश
b	तपशील	निरंक	निरंक	निरंक
	८ अंकात उदा.१८.३६.१२००	निरंक	निरंक	निरंक
		नदीचे नाव	वाहण्याची दिशा	तालुक्यातील लांबी कि.मी.
(तालुक्यातील नद्यांचा तपशील	वाघोटन	पूर्व -पश्चीम	15 कि.मी
		कर्ली	पूर्व -पश्चीम	20 कि.मी
	-0-0-0-	धरणाचे गाव	नदी	धरणाचे नाव
९	नदीवरील धरणे	माडखोल	तेरेखोल	माडखेाल धरण
	संवेदनशील आस्थापना -	ठिकाण	आस्थापना प्रकार	धोक्याचे वर्णन
१०	हयात अश्या जागा किवा घटक ज्यामुळे आपत्ती जन्य स्थिती निर्माण होऊ शकते - उदा - लष्कराचे तळ, दारुगोळा गोदामे, रासायनिक कारखाने , गॅस, पेट्रोल ई.चे साठे, १००० पेक्षा जास्त संख्येची यात्रा स्थाने.	निरंक	निरंक	निरंक

तालुक्यातील मंडल निहाय हवामानाचा तपशील

क्र.	मंडलाचे नाव	वार्षिक पावसाची सरासरी	गेल्या २० वर्षातील कमाल व किमान पाउस	वार्षिक सरासरी तापमान	गेल्या २० वर्षातील कमाल व किमान तापमान	
8	सावंतवाडी	३००० ते ३५०० मी.मी	३००० ते ३५०० मी.मी	३००० ते ३५०० मी.मी	३००० ते ३५०० मी.मी	
ર	आजगाव	३००० ते ३५०० मी.मी	३००० ते ३५०० मी.मी	३००० ते ३५०० मी.मी	३००० ते ३५०० मी.मी	
3	मडूरा	३००० ते ३५०० मी.मी	३००० ते ३५०० मी.मी	३००० ते ३५०० मी.मी	३००० ते ३५०० मी.मी	
8	आंबोली	३००० ते ४००० मी.मी	३००० ते ४००० मी.मी	३००० ते ४००० मी.मी	३००० ते ४००० मी.मी	
ц	बांदा	३००० ते ३५०० मी.मी	३००० ते ३५०० मी.मी	३००० ते ३५०० मी.मी	३००० ते ३५०० मी.मी	
Ę	क्षेत्रफळ	माहे नोव्हेंबर २०२० पासून नवीन मंडळ करण्यात आले आहे				
6	माडखोल	माहे नोव्हेंबर २०२० पासून नवीन मंडळ करण्यात आले आहे				
C	निरवडे	माहे नोव्हेंबर	२०२० पासून नव	वीन मंडळ करण्यात	आले आहे	

आपत्ती व्यवस्थापन समितीचा तपशील

क्र.	हुद्दा	पद	नाव	संपर्क क्र.	जबाबदारीचे स्वरूप
8	मा. तहसीलदार	अध्यक्ष	श्री.अरुण उंडे	• २३६३-२७२ • २८ 9822795922	आपत्तीच्या तीनही स्तरावरील कामाची जबादारी. मदत बचावाचे नियंत्रक
2	गट विकास अधिकारी	उपाध्यक्ष	श्री. वासुदेव महादेव नाईक	02363-272026 ९४२२३९३५४२	आपत्कालीन परिस्थितीत मनुष्यबळ पुरविणे
3	निवासी नायब तहसीलदार	सभासद	श्री. मनोज मुसळे	9423804525	समन्वय साधणे
4	अट्वल कारकून	सभासद	श्रीम. गावडे	9637888145	संबंधित नैसर्गिक आपत्ती लिपिक यांचेवर पर्यवेक्षण करणे
4	पोलीस निरीक्षक	सभासद	श्री.फुलचंद मेंगडे	9823273523	आवश्यक तो पोलिस बंदोबस्त उपब्ध करुन देणे
Ę	आरोग्य अधिकारी	सभासद	डॉ. वर्षा शिरोडकर	९२८४४०९०९३	मानवी आरोगयाशी निगडीत सर्व कामकाज पहाणे
b	पाटबंधारे	सभासद	श्री आजगेकर	02362 - 272213 ९४२३८५७४९९	बंधारा सुस्थितीत आहे का याची खातरजमा करणे
C	सार्वजनिक बांधकाम	सभासद	श्री.राहूल अडोळे	॰२३६६-२६२११२ 9637061301	रस्त्याची देखभाल व दुरुस्ती करणे
9	समाजसेवी संस्था १	सभासद	रोटरी क्लब		मानवतावादी दृष्टीकोन विचारात घेऊन प्राथमिक स्वरुपात आवश्यक असे अन्न, वस्त्र व निवारा याची मदत करणे

महसूल विभागातील मंडल अधिकाऱ्याची (Circle) माहिती

क्र.	मंडलाचे नाव	मंडल अधिकाऱ्याचे नाव	संपर्क क्र. वापरातील	संपर्क क्र आपत्ती काळातील	जबाबदारीचा तपशील
8	सावंतवाडी	टी.जी.गिरप	9421146708	9421146708	आपत्ती व्यवस्थापन
ર	आंबोली/माडखोल	जी.आर.गुरव	9423303382	9423303382	आपत्ती व्यवस्थापन
3	बांदा/क्षेत्रफळ	व्ही.ए. राणे	9421462012	9421462012	आपत्ती व्यवस्थापन
8	मडूरा	अशोक पवार	9850363172	9850363172	आपत्ती व्यवस्थापन
ч	आजगांव/निरवडे	व्ही.एस.कोदे	9420209847	9420209847	आपत्ती व्यवस्थापन

तालुक्यातील आपत्ती निर्माण होण्याच्या संभाव्य जागा (स्थळ दर्शक नकाशा जोडावा)

<u>पूर</u>

क्र.	नदीचे नाव	मंडलाचे नाव	संभाव्य पूर प्रवण गावे	गावाची लोक संख्या	संभाव्य बाधित घरांची संख्या	बाधितांना स्थलांतरित करण्यासाठी स्थानिक उपलब्ध इमारती, शाळा व तेथील सुविधाची माहिती.
8	तेरेखोल	बांदा	बांदा	6611	14	खेमराज मेमोरीअल इंग्लिश स्कुल बांदा

दरड कोसळणे

क्र.	मंडलाचे नाव	संभाव्य पूर प्रवण गावे	गावाची लोक संख्या	संभाव्य बाधित घरांची संख्या	बाधितांना स्थलांतरित करण्यासाठी उपलब्ध इमारती, शाळा व तेथील सुविधाची माहिती.
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1 निरंक निरंक निरंक निरंक	निरंक
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तालुक्यातील यात्रास्थाने(१०,१००० पेक्षा जास्त भाविक जमण्याची यात्रा स्थाने)

क्र.	गावाचे नाव	ो मंडल	यात्रेचे नाव	संभाव्य भाविकांची	यात्रा नियमक मंडळाच्या अध्यक्षांचे नाव व त्यांचा संपर्क क्र.		
			•	संख्या	अध्यक्षांचे नाव	संपर्क क्र.	
1	निरंक	निरंक	-	-	-	-	

तालुक्यातील विभागांची जबाबदार अधिकारी यांचा तपशील

क्र.	विभाग	जबाबदार अधिकारी	हुद्दा	संपर्क क्र.
ę	महसूल	श्री.अरुण उंडे	तहसिलदार	कार्यालय:तहसिलदार कार्यालय घर - मोबाईल : 9822795922 आपत्कालीन : ०२३६३- २७२०२८
ર	आरोग्य	डॉ.वर्षा शिरोडकर	तालुका आरोग्य अधिकारी	कार्यालय:तालुका प्राथमिक आरोगय केंद्र मोबाईल :९२८४४०९०९३ आपत्कालीन :
3	पोलीस	श्री.फुलचंद मेंगडे	पोलिस निरिक्षक	कार्यालय:पोलीस ठाणे वेंगुर्ला मोबाईल : 9823273523 आपत्कालीन :०२३६३-२७२२६०
8	पाटबंधारे	श्री आजगेकर	कार्यकारी अभियंता सिंधुदुर्ग पाटबंधारे प्रकल्प बांध विभाग चराठे, सावंतवाडी	कार्यालय:०२३६३/२७२२१३ मोबाईल :९४२३८५७४९९ आपत्कालीन :
y	जलसंधारण	निरंक	निरंक	निरंक
ξ	सार्वजनिक बांधकाम	श्री.राहूल अडोळे	सार्वजनिक बांधकाम उपअभियंता	कार्यालय:सा.बां.उप.वि.वेंगुर्ला मोबाईल : 9637061301 आपत्कालीन: ०२३६६-२६२११२
b	वीज महामंडळ	निरंक	निरंक	निरंक
C	वीज वितरण	श्री संदीप भुरे	सहा. अभि.	कार्यालय: एम.एस.सी.बी.

			म.रा.वि.वि. उपविभाग सावंतवाडी	०२३६३/२७२०४० मोबाईल :७८७५७६५१४३ आपत्कालीन :
९	पशुसंवर्धन	श्री अडणवार	सहा.आयुक्त (तालुका सचिव) तालुका लघु पशु वैदय. अधि.	कार्यालय: मोबाईल : ९४०३३६३६०९ आपत्कालीन :
१०	पर्यटन	निरंक	निरंक	निरंक
88	शालेय शिक्षण (प्राथ)	श्रीम कल्पना बोडके	गट शिक्षणाधिकारी पं स सावंतवाडी	कार्यालय: घर :०२३६३- २७३४०८ मोबाईल :९४२३८५६७३५ आपत्कालीन :
१२	शालेय शिक्षण (माध्य)	श्रीम कल्पना बोडके	गट शिक्षणाधिकारी पं स सावंतवाडी	कार्यालय: घर :०२३६३- २७३४०८ मोबाईल :९४२३८५६७३५ आपत्कालीन :
83	MIDC अधिकारी	निरंक	निरंक	निरंक
१४	पाणी पुरवठा विभाग	श्री रमेश मठकर	उप अभियंता ग्रामिण पाणी पुरवठा उपविभाग सावंतवाडी	कार्यालय: 02363 - 275028 घर : मोबाईल :9869080391 आपत्कालीन :
15	तालुक्यातील म.न.पा / न.पा यांचे आयुक्त/मुख्यअधिकारी	श्री.जयंत जावडेकर	नगरपरिषद सावंतवाडी	कार्यालय: ०२३६३/२७२०४४ घर : मोबाईल :9422909117 आपत्कालीन :
16	वन विभाग	श्री शहाजी नारनवर	उप वन संरक्षक सावंतवाडी	कार्यालय: ०२३६३- २७२००५ मोबाईल : ९८१९११२५२४ आपत्कालीन :
17	कृषी	श्री प्रमोद बनकर	तालुका कृषी अधिकारी सावंतवाडी	कार्यालय: ०२३६३/२७२२७६ मोबाईल : 9422861615 आपत्कालीन :
18	महा भू आलेख	श्रीम प्रीयदा साकोरे	उपअधिक्षक भूमी अभिलेख सावंतवाडी	कार्यालय: मोबाईल : ७०५७१४९८८९ आपत्कालीन :
19	राज्य परिवहन	श्री वैभव पडोळे	आगार व्यवस्थापक	कार्यालय: ०२३६३/२९५६६० घर :

			सावंतवाडी	मोबाईल : ७३८५१६४४३४ आपत्कालीन :
20	हवामान विभाग	निरंक	निरंक	निरंक
21	गृह रक्षक दल	श्री विष्णू धुरी	गृह रक्षक दल सावंतवाडी	कार्यालय: मोबाईल :९४२००६४५२९ आपत्कालीन :
22	नागरी संरक्षण दल	निरंक	निरंक	निरंक
23	मेरिटाइम बोर्ड	निरंक	निरंक	निरंक

तालुकास्तरीय प्रशिक्षित शीघ्र कृती दलाचा तपशील

हयामध्ये पट्टीचे पोहोणारे, मदत व बचाव, प्रथमोपचार, अग्निशमन आदी बाबीत प्रवीण असणाऱ्यांची नावे, जे आपत्ती काळात उपलब्ध असतील व स्थानिक प्रशासनाबरोबर त्याच्या मार्गदर्शनाखाली काम करू शकतील. सोबत, विविध प्रकारची वाहन चालवण्याचा अनुभव असणारे, गवंडीकाम करूशकणारे अश्यांचा समावेश असावा.

(उदा. पोहणारे, JCB, ट्रक चालक, विद्युत उपकरणे, वाहन दुरुस्ती)

蛃.	नाव	संपर्क क्र.	रहात असलेल्या मंडचे/ गावाचे नाव	उपयुक्ततेचा तपशील चालक / पोहणारा/ संपर्क व्यवस्था ई
8	श्री. दयानंद शंकर आळवे	९९६००४०६९२	सावंतवाडी	पोहणारे
२	श्री. शंकर धामापूरकर	९९६०४७९५६७	सावंतवाडी	पोहणारे
3	श्री. अभय नाईक	९८६०८११०२६	सावंतवाडी	पोहणारे
R	श्री. नंदिकशोर नाईक	९४०३५५८७१६	सावंतवाडी	पोहणारे
y	श्रीमहेश कुमठेकर	९४२२०५४७२३१	सावंतवाडी	जेसीबी धारक
Ę	श्री. सुनिल राऊळ	९४२३८१८७८७	सावंतवाडी	जेसीबी धारक
b	चौधरी क्रेन सर्व्हीस	९८६०७५३१२९	माजगांव	क्रेन

तालुक्यातील पेट्रोल पंपांचा तपशील (स्थळ दर्शक नकाशा जोडावा)

क्र.	पंपाची सेवा देणाऱ्या	मंडलाचे	सरास	ारी उपलब्द साठा वि	लेटरमध्ये
	कंपनीचे नाव	गठलाप	पेट्रोल	डीझेल	LPG / CNG
8	भाट पेट्रोल पंप(02363- 272435)	रमेश भाट इंडिअन ऑइल		-	-
२	भांगले पेट्रोल पंप हिंदुस्तान पेट्रोल (02363-272006)	हिंदुस्तान पेट्रोल	१६००० klc	२२००० klc	-
3	काजरेकर ब्रदर्स (9922095858)	एस आर	१००००klc	१०००klc	-
8	भाट पेट्रोल पंप (8806152551)	रमेश भाट इंडिअन ऑइल	१५००० klc	२०००० klc	
4	त्रिवेणीप्रसाद आणि कं (9422633255)	माजगाव भारत पेट्रोल	१५००० klc	२०००० klc	
ξ	श्री लक्ष्मी नारायण पेट्रोल(02363-262555)	आरोंदा भारत पेट्रोल	१००००klc	४०००० klc	-

तालुक्यातील उपलब्ध वाहनांचा तपशील

क्र.	व्यक्तीचे नाव	संपर्क क्र.		वाहर	गचा प्रकार (ब	ारोबरची खुण	ा करावी)
	गाप		क्रेन	jcb	ट्रक	ट्रक्टर	जीप/प्रवासी
9	महेश	९४२२०५४७२३१		जेसीबी			
,	कुमठेकर	18119 786191		धारक			
२	चौधरी क्रेन सर्व्हीस	९८६०७५३१२९	क्रेनधारक				

तालुक्यातील सामाजिक संस्था

क्र.	नाव	संपर्क क्र.	सहकार्याचे स्वरूप	उपयुक्ततेचा तपशील *
8	डॉ.बी.बी. गायतोंडे चॅरिटेबल ट्रस्ट बांदा	o२३६३- २७o२७२	विविध नैसर्गिक आपत्ती कामकाजात आवश्यक ते सहाकार्य	

			विविध नैसर्गिक आपत्ती	
ર	कॉटेज हॉस्पीटल, सावंतवाडी	o२३६३- २७२o३७	कामकाजात आवश्यक ते	
			सहाकार्य	

आपत्तीचा मागील २० वर्षातील इतिहास (स्थळ दर्शक नकाशा वर दाखवावे)

हयामध्ये कारखान्यात, रस्त्यावर झालेले अपघात, पूर, गारपीट, ढगफुटी, यात्रातील घटना, पूल पडणे, वाहून जाणे, धरण / नदील बुडून मृत्यू, सहली मध्ये झालेल्या घटना, घातपात आदी सर्व घटक असावेत ज्यामुळे जीवित, वित्तीय अथवा निसर्गाचा ऱ्हास झालायांचा तपशील देणे

आपत्तीचा तपशील	आपत्तीचे कारण	जीवित	बाधित घरे	जनावरे	वाटप केलेली मदत रु
2019	अतिवृष्टी	1	318	377	3463100

2020	अतिवृष्टी	1	188	03	8291100
2021	अतिवृष्टी	1	1234	22	26725000
2023	अतिवृष्टी	1	28	6	-

तालुक्यातील उपलब्ध उपकरणांचा तपशील (खाजगी व शासनाकडून मिळालेल्या)

		संख्या							
क्र.	साठवणीची जागा	लाईफ बोय	लाईफ जॅकेट	सॅटेलाईट फोन	टेन्ट	बोट इंजिन सह	Inflatable emergency lighting tower	टॉर्च	सर्च लाईट
8	तहसिलदार कार्यालय	20	20	01	01	1	1	1	2
2	मंडळ अधिकारी कार्यालय मडुरा	-	05	-	1	-	1	1	-

तालुका आपत्ती व्यवस्थापन आराखडा

तालुक्याचे नाव : वेंगुर्ला

तालुक्याचे मुख्यालयाचे ठिकाण: तहसिलदार कार्यालय वेंगुर्ला

मा.तहसिलदार यांचे नाव : श्री.ओंकार शेखर ओतारी

दूरध्वनी .मोबाईल क्र / : 7744854400

आपात्कालीन संपर्क क्र . : 02366-262053

मागटविकास अधिक . : श्री. एम बी भोई

दूरध्वनी .मोबाईल क्र / : आपात्कालीन संपर्क क्र: .

9423053775 : 02366-262052

नियंत्रण कक्षाचा दूरध्वनी क्र../. 02366-262053......

नियंत्रण कक्ष चालू असण्याचा कालावधी 1 जून 2023 ते 31 ऑक्टोबर

2023 पर्यत 24X 7

तालुका स्तरावरील आपत्ती व्यवस्थापन नियंत्रण कक्ष सांभाळणारा जबाबदार अधिकारी(तहसिलदादरअव्वल कारकून महसुल सहाय्यक)

नाव :श्री.दत्तप्रभू रामचंद्र भडंगे

ह्दा :महसूल सहाय्यक

घरमोबाईल -8421936243आपत्कालीन 02366-262053

-तालुक्याची आपत्ती व्यवस्थापन अनुषंगाने लागणारी माहिती -

क्र	जिल्हा मुख्यालयापासून अंतर	किमी35		
1	चतुःसीमा -	पूर्वेस - कुडाळ व सावंतवाडी तालुका पश्चिमेस - दक्षिणेस -दोडामार्ग तालुका व तेरेखोल नादी उत्तरेस - कुडाळ व मालवण तालुके		
2	क्षेत्रफळ (चौ. कि.मी. मध्ये)	327.9		
3	लोकसंख्या -84059		<u> </u>	ना - 43566
		कोठून	कोठे	लांबी (कि.मी.)
4	तालुक्यातून जाणारे राष्ट्रीय महामार्ग	निरंक	निरंक	-
		कोठून	कोठे	लांबी (कि.मी.)
5	तालुक्यातून जाणारे राज्य महामार्ग	वेंगुर्ला	बेळगाव	-
		कोठून	कोठे	लांबी (कि.मी.)
6	तालुक्यातून जाणारे रेल्वे मार्ग निरंक निरंक		-	
		ठिकाण	अक्षांश	रेखांश
1				
	विमानतळ / हेलिपॅड आदीचा	चिपी	N	S
7	तपशील	चिपी	N N	S S
7		चिपी		
7	तपशील	चिपी	N	S S तालक्यातील लांबी
	तपशील 8 अंकात उदा.18.36.1200		N N	S S तालुक्यातील लांबी कि.मी.
7	तपशील	नदीचे नाव	N N वाहण्याची दिश	S S तालुक्यातील लांबी कि.मी. 25 कि.मी.
	तपशील 8 अंकात उदा.18.36.1200	नदीचे नाव मोचेमाड	N N वाहण्याची दिश पूर्व -पश्चीम	S S तालुक्यातील लांबी कि.मी. 25 कि.मी.
	तपशील 8 अंकात उदा.18.36.1200	नदीचे नाव मोचेमाड केळूस	N N वाहण्याची दिश पूर्व -पश्चीम पूर्व -पश्चीम	S S तालुक्यातील लांबी कि.मी. 25 कि.मी. 23 कि.मी.
	तपशील 8 अंकात उदा.18.36.1200	नदीचे नाव मोचेमाड केळूस धरणाचे गाव	N N वाहण्याची दिश पूर्व -पश्चीम पूर्व -पश्चीम नदी	S S तालुक्यातील लांबी कि.मी. 25 कि.मी. 23 कि.मी.
	तपशील 8 अंकात उदा.18.36.1200	नदीचे नाव मोचेमाड केळूस	N N वाहण्याची दिश पूर्व -पश्चीम पूर्व -पश्चीम	S S तालुक्यातील लांबी कि.मी. 25 कि.मी. 23 कि.मी.
	तपशील 8 अंकात उदा.18.36.1200	नदीचे नाव मोचेमाड केळूस धरणाचे गाव	N N वाहण्याची दिश पूर्व -पश्चीम पूर्व -पश्चीम नदी	S S तालुक्यातील लांबी कि.मी. 25 कि.मी. 23 कि.मी.
8	तपशील 8 अंकात उदा.18.36.1200 तालुक्यातील नद्यांचा तपशील	नदीचे नाव मोचेमाड केळूस धरणाचे गाव	N N वाहण्याची दिश पूर्व -पश्चीम पूर्व -पश्चीम नदी	S S तालुक्यातील लांबी कि.मी. 25 कि.मी. 23 कि.मी.
8	तपशील 8 अंकात उदा.18.36.1200 तालुक्यातील नद्यांचा तपशील	नदीचे नाव मोचेमाड केळूस धरणाचे गाव	N N वाहण्याची दिश पूर्व -पश्चीम पूर्व -पश्चीम नदी	S S तालुक्यातील लांबी कि.मी. 25 कि.मी. 23 कि.मी.

	संवेदनशील आस्थापना - हयात अश्या जागा किवा घटक	ठिकाण	आस्थापना प्रकार	धोक्याचे वर्णन
	ज्यामुळे आपत्ती जन्य स्थिती	निरंक	निरंक	निरंक
	निर्माण होऊ शकते -			
10	उदा - लष्कराचे तळ, दारुगोळा गोदामे, रासायनिक कारखाने , गॅस, पेट्रोल ई.चे साठे, 10,000 पेक्षा जास्त संख्येची यात्रा स्थाने.		निरंक	

तालुक्यातील मंडल निहाय हवामानाचा तपशील

क्र.	मंडलाचे नाव	वार्षिक पावसाची सरासरी	गेल्या २० वर्षातील कमाल व किमान पाउस	वार्षिक सरासरी तापमान	गेल्या २० वर्षातील कमाल व किमान तापमान
1	वेंगुर्ला	3000	कमाल 175 किमान 0	3000	25 ते 35 अंश सेल्सियस
2	वेतोर	3000	कमाल 160 किमान 0	3000	25 ते 35 अंश सेल्सियस
3	म्हापण	3000	कमाल 203 किमान 0	3000	25 ते 35 अंश सेल्सियस
4	शिरोडा	3000	कमाल 175 किमान 0	3000	25 ते 35 अंश सेल्सियस

आपत्ता व्यवस्यापन सामताचा तपरााल

क्र.	ह्दा	पद	नाव	संपर्क क्र.	जबाबदारीचे स्वरूप
1.	मा. तहसीलदार	अध्यक्ष	श्री.ओंकार शेखर ओतारी	02366-262053 7744854400	आपत्तीच्या तीनही स्तरावरील कामाची जबादारी. मदत बचावाचे नियंत्रक
2.	गट विकास अधिकारी	सभासद	श्रीम.मोहन भुई	02366-262052 9423053775	आपादकालीन परिस्थितीत आवश्यक ते मनुष्यबळ पुरविणे
3.	नायब तहसीलदार	सदस्य सचिव	श्री. संदिप पानमंद	7744815403	समन्वय साधणे
4.	महसूल सहाय्यक		श्री.दत्तप्रभू भंडगे	8421936243	संबंधित नैसर्गिक आपत्ती लिपीक यांचेवरती पर्यवेक्षण करणे
5.	पोलीस निरीक्षक	सभासद	श्री.अतुल जाधव	02366-263433 9821737088	आवश्यक तो पोलीस बंदोबस्त उपलब्ध करून देणे
6.	आरोग्य अधिकारी	सभासद	डॉ स्वनाली माने	02366-262235 9418750513	मानवी आरोग्याशी निगडीत सर्व कामकाज पाहणे
7.	पाटबंधारे				बंधारा सुस्थितीत आहे का याची खातरजमा करणे
8.	सार्वजनिक बांधकाम	सभासद	श्री.एस.वाय.भगत	02366-262112 9890150082	रस्त्याची देखभाल व दुरूस्ती करणे तसेच आपादकालीन परिस्थितीत आवश्यक असे साहित्य पुरविणे
9.	समाजसेवी संस्था १				मानवतावादी दृष्टीकोन विचारात घेऊन प्राथमिक स्वरूपात आवश्यक असे अन्न, वस्ञ व निवा-याची मदत करणे

महसूल विभागातील मंडल अधिकाऱ्याची (Circle) माहिती

क्र.	मंडलाचे नाव	मंडल अधिकाऱ्याचे नाव	संपर्क क्र. वापरातील	संपर्क क्र आपत्ती काळातील	जबाबदारीचा तपशील
1	वेंगुर्ला	श्री.भानुदास चव्हाण	9423302832	9423302832	आपत्ती व्यवस्थापन
2	वेतोर	श्री.निग्रे	8605658131	8605658131	आपत्ती व्यवस्थापन
3	म्हापण	श्री.सिंघनाथ	8275365616	8275365616	आपत्ती व्यवस्थापन
4	मातोंड	श्रीम. गिरप मॅडम	9423404666	9423404666	आपत्ती व्यवस्थापन
5.	शिरोडा	श्री. एन एस मयेकर	9422379350	9422379350	आपत्ती व्यवस्थापन

तालुक्यातील आपत्ती निर्माण होण्याच्या संभाव्य जागा (स्थळ दर्शक नकाशा जोडावा)प्र

क्र.	नदीचे नाव	मंडलाचे नाव	संभाव्य पूर प्रवण गावे	गावाची लोक संख्या	संभाव्य बाधित घरांची संख्या	बाधितांना स्थलांतरित करण्यासाठी स्थानिक उपलब्ध इमारती, शाळा व तेथील सुविधाची माहिती.
8	कालवी	म्हापण	1	641	22	प्राथमिक शाळा कालवी
२	केळूस	म्हापण	1	888	15	प्राथमिक शाळा केळूस

दरड कोसळणे

क्र.	मंडलाचे नाव	संभाव्य पूर प्रवण गावे	गावाची लोक संख्या	संभाव्य बाधित घरांची संख्या	बाधितांना स्थलांतरित करण्यासाठी उपलब्ध इमारती, शाळा व तेथील सुविधाची माहिती.
1	म्हापण	1	3000	1	पाट परबावाडा प्.प्रा.शाळा नं.१ ता.कुडाळ
2	पलतड			5	

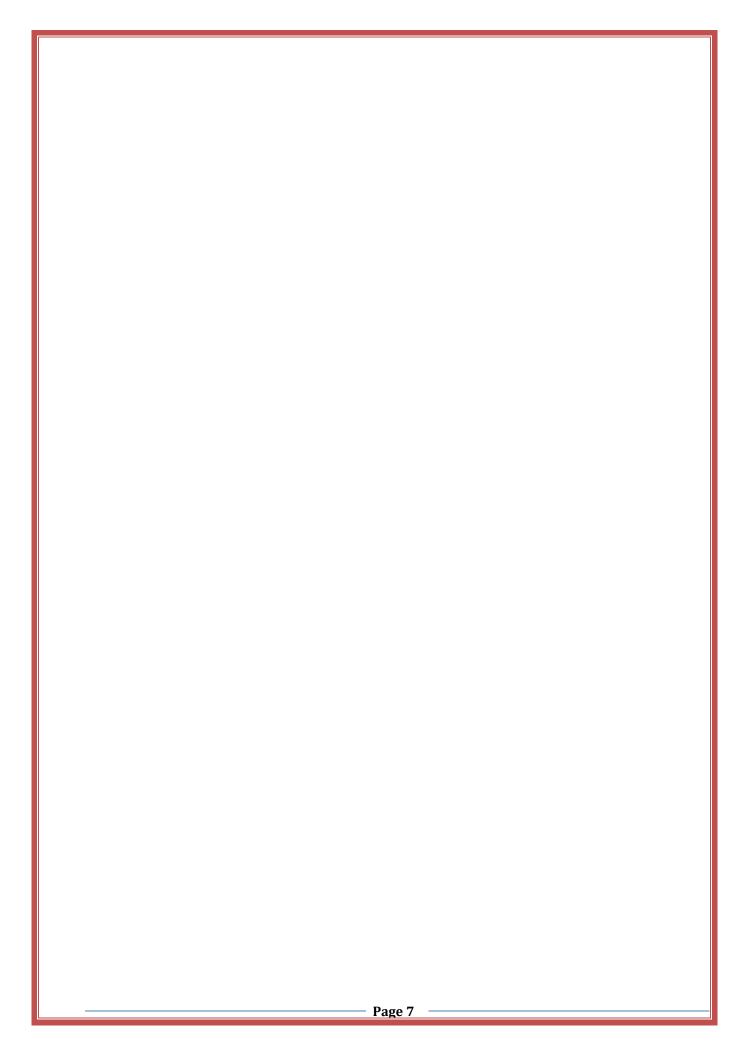
तालुक्यातील यात्रास्थाने(१०,००० पेक्षा जास्त भाविक जमण्याची यात्रा स्थाने)

क्र.	गावाचे नाव	मंडल	यात्रेचे नाव	संभाव्य भाविकांची संख्या		च्या अध्यक्षांचे नाव व संपर्क क्र. संपर्क क्र.
1	निरंक	निरंक	-	-	-	-

आपत्तीचा मागील 20 वर्षातील इतिहास(स्थळ दर्शक नकाशा वर दाखवावे)

हयामध्ये कारखान्यात, रस्त्यावर झालेले अपघात, पूर, गारपीट, ढगफुटी, यात्रातील घटना, पूल पडणे, वाहून जाणे, धरण / नदील बुडून मृत्यू, सहली मध्ये झालेल्या घटना, घातपात आदी सर्व घटक असावेत ज्यामुळे जीवित, वित्तीय अथवा निसर्गाचा ऱ्हास झालायांचा तपशील देणे

आपत्तीचा तपशील	आपत्तीचे कारण	जीवित	बाधित घरे वाटप.	जनावरे	वाटप केलेली मदत रु
तुळस पलतड येथे	दरड कोसळणे	-	5	निरंक	अन्नधान्य मदत वाटप व शासन निर्णय सन 2015 नुसार रक्कम रूपये 6000/- मदत वाटप केली आहे.
तुळस काजरमळी	दरड कोसळणे	-	1	निरंक	अन्नधान्य मदत वाटप व शासन निर्णय सन 2015 नुसार रक्कम रूपये 6000/- मदत वाटप केली आहे.



तालुक्यातील विभागांची जबाबदार अधिकारी यांचा तपशील

豖.	विभाग	जबाबदार अधिकारी	ह्दा	संपर्क क्र.
ş	महसूल	श्री. ओंकार ओतारी	.उ तहसिलदार	कार्यालय:तहसिलदार कार्यालय घर - मोबाईल :7744854400 आपत्कालीन :02366-262053
3	आरोग्य	डॉ स्वनाली माने	तालुका आरोग्य अधिकारी	कार्यालय:तालुका प्राथमिक आरोग्य केंद्र घर :-9418750513 मोबाईल :9418750513 आपत्कालीन :02366-262235
3	पोलीस	श्री. अतुल जाधव	पोलिस निरिक्षक	कार्यालय:पोलीस ठाणे वेंगुर्ला मोबाईल :9821737088 आपत्कालीन :02366-263433
8	पाटबंधारे	श्री.व्ही.आर.नानल	उपविभागीय जलसंधारण अधिकारी जि.प.कुडाळ	कार्यालय: 02362-222689 मोबाईल : 9423052883 आपत्कालीन :
ц	जलसंधारण	निरंक		कार्यालय: मोबाईल : आपत्कालीन :
Ę	सार्वजनिक बांधकाम	श्री. भगत साहेब	सार्वजनिक बांकाम उपअभियंता	कार्यालय:सा.बां.उप.वि.वेंगुर्ला मोबाईल:9890150082 आपत्कालीन:02366-262112
b	आगार व्यवस्थापक महामंडळ	श्री. रविकुमार साहेब	आगार व्यवस्थापक . वेंगुर्ला	कार्यालय:एम.एस.सी.बी. मोबाईल :8888998738 आपत्कालीन:02366-262178
۷	वीज वितरण	श्री. लक्ष्मण भुपाल खटावकर	सहायक अभियंत म.रा.वि.वि. वेंगुर्ला	कार्यालय:एम.एस.सी.बी. मोबाईल :7675765142 आपत्कालीन :02366-262048
९	पशुसंवर्धन	श्री. डॉ सागर नागोराव चव्हाण	तालुका पश् वैध्यकीय अधिकारी वेंगुर्ला	कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल :9923733587 आपत्कालीन :02366-262325
१०	पर्यटन	निरंक		कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल :

			T	। आप ् कालान :
				कार्यालय:
88	शालेय शिक्षण (प्राथ)	श्री.गोसावी	गटशिक्षणाधिकारी	घर :
	,		वेंगुर्ला	मोबाईल :9420167569
				आपत्कालीन :02366-262052
				कार्यालय:
				घर :
१२	शालेय शिक्षण (माध्य)	श्री.गोसावी	गटशिक्षणाधिकारी	मोबाईल : 9420167569
			वेंगुर्ला	आपत्कालीन : 02366-
				262052
				कार्यालय:
				घर :
83	MIDC अधिकारी	निरंक		मोबाईल :
				·
				आपत्कालीन :
				कार्यालय:०२३६६-२६२०५२
१४	पाणी पुरवठा विभाग	पंचायत समीती मार्फत		घर :
	3,43, 144, 1			मोबाईल :
				आपत्कालीन :
	तालुक्यातील			कार्यालय:नगरपरीषद वेंगुर्ला
१६	म.न.पा / न.पा यांचे	श्री. पी. आर .कंकाळ		मोबाईल :8055307821
	आयुक्त/मुख्यअधिकारी			` आपत्कालीन :02366-262027
	3 3			कार्यालय:02362221196
				घर :
१७	वन विभाग	श्री.अ.पा.शिंदे	वनक्षेत्रपाल	मोबाईल :9545977877
				आपत्कालीन :
				कार्यालय:तालुका कृषी
				• •
			-m	अधिकारी वेंगुर्ला
१८	कृषी	श्रीम हर्षदा गुंड	तालुका कृषी	मोबाईल :
		3	अधिकारी वेंगुर्ला	9607050364आपत्कालीन
				:02366-262578
				(
				कार्यालय:02366-262613
१९	महा भू आलेख	श्री. डॉ सौरभ तुपकर	उपअधिक्षक भूमी	घर :
	ग्राह्म जू आराख	51 11101 13141	अभिलेख वेंगुर्ला	मोबाईल :8830515961
				आपत्कालीन :
			21fe30	कार्यालय:
		.هـ	अधिक्षक तालुका	घर :
२१	राज्य परिवहन	श्री.	राज्य परिवहन	मोबाईल : ८९८३७२४२५८
			मंडळ	आपत्कालीन :
			L	

२२	हवामान विभाग	प्रादेशीक फळ संशोधन केंद्र वेंगुर्ला		कायालय:02366-262234 घर : मोबाईल : आपत्कालीन : २६२२३४
२३	गृह रक्षक दल	तुषार पाटील	अप्पर पोलीस अधिक्षक	कार्यालय:०२३६२-२२८२०० घर : मोबाईल : आपत्कालीन :
૨૪	नागरी संरक्षण दल	निंरक		कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल : आपत्कालीन :
રક	मेरिटाइम बोर्ड	निरंक		कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल : आपत्कालीन

तालुकास्तराय प्रासादात साम्र कृता दलाया तपसाल

हयामध्ये पट्टीचे पोहोणारे, मदत व बचाव, प्रथमोपचार, अग्निशमन आदी बाबीत प्रवीण असणाऱ्यांची नावे, जे आपत्ती काळात उपलब्ध असतील व स्थानिक प्रशासनाबरोबर त्याच्या मार्गदर्शनाखाली काम करू शकतील. सोबत, विविध प्रकारची वाहन चालवण्याचा अनुभव असणारे, गवंडीकाम करूशकणारे अश्यांचा समावेश असावा.

(उदा. पोहणारे, JCB, ट्रक चालक, विद्युत उपकरणे, वाहन दुरुस्ती)

क्र.	नाव	संपर्क क्र.	रहात असलेल्या मंडचे/ गावाचे नाव	उपयुक्ततेचा तपशील चालक / पोहणारा/ संपर्क व्यवस्था ई
8	रघुनाथ जुवाटकर	९४२११४७४३७	खवणे	पोहणारे
2	आनंद तांडेल	९४२२६३२१४०	तुळस	जेसीबी धारक
3	रातन केरकर	९४०४४४२६६४	केळ्स	पोहणारे
8	निलेश सामंत	९४२३३००९११	कुशेवाडा	जेसीबी धारक
4	विजय नाईक	९४०४४४२८०१	वेतोरे	जेसीबी धारक

तालुक्यातील पेट्रोल पंपांचा तपशील (स्थळ दर्शक नकाशा जोडावा)

蛃.	पंपाची सेवा देणाऱ्या कंपनीचे	मंडलाचे	सरासरी उपलब्द साठा लिटरमध्ये			
	नाव		पेट्रोल	डीझेल	LPG / CNG	
1	कृपा फयुयल ऑईल नाव- विजय वरस्कर फोन नं.०२३६६- २६२२३७	वेंगुर्ला	3000	5000	350 ते 450 की.जी.	
2	सातेरी पेट्रोल पंप	वेंगुर्ला	3000	5000	350 ਜੇ 450 की.जी.	
3	एस आर पेंट्रोल पंप	वेंगुर्ला	3000	5000	350 ते 450 की.जी.	
4	मानसीश्वर पेट्रोल पंप	उभादांडा	3000	5000	350 ते 450 की.जी.	

तालुक्यातील उपलब्ध वाहनांचा तपशील

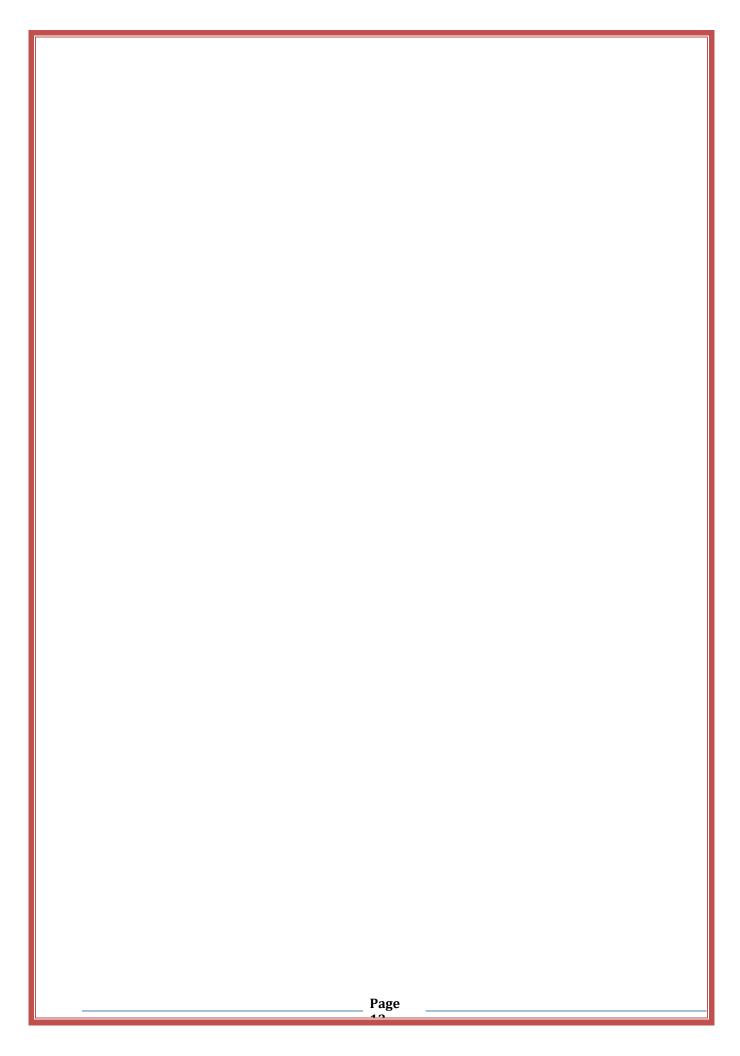
क्र.	व्यक्तीचे नाव	संपर्क क्र.		वा	हनाचा प्रकार	(बरोबरची	खुण करावी)
	- 11 -1		क्रेन	jcb	ट्रक	ट्रक्टर	जीप/प्रवासी
1	आनंद तांडेल	९४२२६३२१४०		जेसीबी धारक	निरंक	निरंक	निरंक
2	निलेश सामंत	९४२३३००९११	कुशेवाडा	जेसीबी धारक			
3	विजय नाईक	९४०४४४२८०१	वेतोरे	जेसीबी धारक			

तालुक्यातील उपलब्ध उपकरणांचा तपशील (खाजगी व शासनाकडून मिळालेल्या)

蛃.	साठवणीची					संख्या			
	जागा	लाईफ बोय	लाईफ जॅकेट	जनरेटर	बोट	बोट इंजिन सह	शिडी	दोर	
1	तहसिलदार कार्यालय	2	18	2	1	-	-	-	-
2	मंडळ अधिकारी कार्यालय म्हापण		04		1	ı			
3	तलाठी होडावडा	02	02						

लुक्यातील सामाजिक संस्था

क्र.	नाव	संपर्क क्र.	सहकार्याचे स्वरूप	उपयुक्ततेचा तपशील *
1	श्री.मठ संस्थान दाभोली	०२३६६-२६२२४१		
2	नगर वाचनालय वेंगुर्ला	०२३६६-२६२३९५		
3	कॅथोलीक चर्च वेंगुर्ला	०२३६६-२६२१६०	विविध नैसर्गिकः आवश्यव	आपत्ती कामकाजात ज सहकार्य
4	तालुका खरेदी विक्री संघ	०२३६६२६२१२०		
5	मातृछाया भटवाडी	०२३६६-२६२२४२		



मालवणतालुका आपत्ती व्यवस्थापन आराखडा माहिती संकलन

तालुका आपत्ती व्यवस्थापन आराखडा

ताल्क्याचे नाव : मालवण

ताल्क्याचे म्ख्यालयाचे ठिकाण:मालवण

मा.तहसीलदार यांचे नाव : श्रीअजय पाटणे

दूरध्वनी / मोबाईल क्र. ०२३६५-२५२०४५

आपात्कालीन संपर्क क्र. : ०२३६५-२५२०४५

मा. गटविकास अधिकारी नाव : श्री. जयेंद्र जाधव

मा. म्ख्याधिकारी नाव : श्री. संतोष जिरगे

दूरध्वनी / मोबाईल क्र. : ०२३६५-२५२०४५

आपात्कालीन संपर्क क्र. : ०२३६५-२५२०४५

तयार करण्याचा दिनांक : १५/०४/२०२३

अदययावत करण्याचा दिनांक : १५/०४/२०२३

जिल्हानियंत्रण कक्षाचा दूरध्वनी क्र. : १०७७ / ०२३६५-२५२०४५

नियंत्रण कक्ष चालू असणायचा कालावधी दरवर्षी०१जून ते ३१ ऑक्टो 28 x ७ सूरू असतो

ताल्का स्तरावरील आपत्ती व्यवस्थापन नियंत्रण कक्ष सांभाळणारा जबाबदार अधिकारी (ना. तहसीलदार / अव्वल कारकून ई.)

नाव श्री. जी.एम. कोकरे ह्दा : निवासी नायब तहसिलदार

मोबाईल.७५८८४८६९४४

आपत्कालीनक्र. ०२३६५-२५२०४५

तालुक्याचा भौगोलिक नकाशा (ज्यात चतुःसीमा, मंडले, प्रमुख रस्ते व मंडळाच्या सीमा, नद्या, धरणे, प्रमुख गावंची तसेच MIDC, रेल्वे मार्ग, विमान तळ ई. तपशील असावा.)

तालुक्याची आ. व्य. अनुषंगाने लागणारी माहिती -

पूर्वंस - 33 किमी पश्चिमेस - 39 किमी दक्षिणेस - 39 किमी तिक्षणेस - 39	क्र	जिल्हा मुख्यालयापासून अंतर	किमी ३५ किमी			
स्वतुःसीमा -		. 5	पूर्वेस - ३३ किमी			
देश किसी उत्तरेस - 38 किसी उत्तरेस उत्त		न्त्रंग्रीम	पश्चिमेस - ३५ किर्म	Ì		
श्री अपकळ (ची. कि.मी. मध्ये) 666.3 ची.की.मी.	,	यतुःसामा -	दक्षिणेस - ३७ किमी			
अ लोकसंख्या -1,11,807 पुरुष - 55,010 महिला - 56,797 अ तालुक्यातून जाणारे राष्ट्रीय महामार्ग निरंक अ तालुक्यातून जाणारे राज्य महामार्ग निरंक निरंक अ तालुक्यातून जाणारे राज्य महामार्ग निरंक निरंक अ तालुक्यातून जाणारे रेल्वे मार्ग निरंक निरंक अ तालुक्यातील नद्यांचा तपशील निरंक निरंक अ तालुक्यातील नद्यांचा तपशील निरंक निरंक निरंक अ तालुक्यातील नद्यांचा तपशील निरंक निरंक निरंक निरंक निरंक अ तित्रांचा तपशील निरंक निरं			उत्तरेस - ३७ किमी			
श्री सहामार्ग कोठून कोठ लांबी (कि.मी.) निरंक निरंक लांबी (कि.मी.) निरंक	ર	क्षेत्रफळ (चौ. कि.मी. मध्ये)	666.3 चौ.की.मी.			
श्री महामार्ग जिरंक जोठे जांबी (कि.मी.) मालवण कसाल मालवण के देवगड जोठे जांबी (कि.मी.) मालवण के देवगड जोठे जांबी (कि.मी.) निरंक जोठे जांबी (कि.मी.) जोठे जोठे जांबी (कि.मी.) जोठे जोठे जांबी (कि.मी.) जोठे जोठे जोठे जांबी (कि.मी.) जांबी (कि.मी.) जोठे जोठे जांबी (कि.मी.) जांबी (कि.मी.) जोठे जोठे जांबी (कि.मी.) जोठे ज	3	लोकसंख्या -1,11,807	पुरुष - 55,010	महिला - 56,797	,	
महामार्ग	X	•	कोठून		लांबी (कि.मी.)	
सहामार्ग मालवण कसाल देवगड मालवण देवगड कोठ लांबी (कि.मी.) निरंक विमानतळ / हेलिपॅड आदीचा तपशील टी नंदिक विमानतळ / हेलिपॅड आदीचा तपशील तालुक्यातील नद्यांचा तपशील विमानतळ / हेलिपॅड आदीचा तपशील नदीचे नाव वाहण्याची दिशा विमान व		महामार्ग		निरंक		
महामार्ग मालवण देवगड कोठे लांबी (कि.मी.) ह तालुक्यात्न जाणारे रेल्वे मार्ग निरंक विमानतळ / हेलिपॅड आदीचा तपशील किलाण अक्षांश रेखांश विमानतळ / हेलिपॅड आदीचा तपशील निरंक विमानतळ / हेलिपॅड आदीचा तपशील निरंक नदीचे नाव वाहण्याची दिशा तालुक्यातील लांब कि.मी. कालावल गड नदी पूर्वकडून-पश्चिमेकडे तिमी ३० किमी २० किमी २० किमी विपाय नाव कालावल गड नदी प्रमाई नदी मांड नदी मांड नदी मांड नदी समाई नदी गड नदी प्रमाई नदी गड नदी प्रमाई नदी गड नदी निरंक निर्क निरंक		तालक्यातन जाणारे राज्य	कोठून	कोठे	लांबी (कि.मी.)	
#ालवण देवगड कोठे लांबी (कि.मी.) ह तालुक्यात्न जाणारे रेल्वे मार्ग निरंक विमानतळ / हेलिपॅड आदीचा तपशील निरंक विमानतळ / हेलिपॅड आदीचा तपशील निरंक नदीचे नाव वाहण्याची दिशा तालुक्यातील लांब कि.मी. कालावल गड नदी रमाई नदी गुर्वेकडून-पश्चिमेकडे विमान शठ कि.मी २० कि.मी विमान कालावल गड नदी रमाई नदी गड नदी कालावल गड नदी रमाई नदी गड नदी कि.मी विमान के.मी वि	બુ	•	मालवण	कसाल		
विमानतळ / हेलिपॅड आदीचा तपशील किरंक किर				-		
विमानतळ / हेलिपॅड आदीचा तिकाण अक्षांश रेखांश तपशील तपशील तंरक विरंक			कोठून	कोठे	लांबी (कि.मी.)	
तपशील ८ अंकात उदा.१८.३६.१२०० निरंक नदीचे नाव वाहण्याची दिशा तालुक्यातील लांक कि.मी. कालावल गड नदी एमाई नदी गड नदी पूर्वेकडून-पश्चिमेकडे १० कि.मी ३० कि.मी ३० कि.मी ३० कि.मी २० कि.मी २० कि.मी <td>ξ,</td> <td>तालुक्यातून जाणारे रेल्वे मार्ग</td> <td></td> <td></td>	ξ,	तालुक्यातून जाणारे रेल्वे मार्ग				
८ अंकात उदा.१८.३६.१२०० नदीचे नाव वाहण्याची दिशा तालुक्यातील लांब कि.मी. कालावल गड नदी रमाई नदी १० कि.मी गड नदी गड नदी १० कि.मी कर्ली नदी १० कि.मी कर्ली नदी १० कि.मी कर्ली नदी १० कि.मी १० कि.मी १० कि.मी		विमानतळ / हेलिपॅड आदीचा	ठिकाण अक्षांश		रेखांश	
ट अकात उदा.११८.३६.१२०० नदीचे नाव वाहण्याची दिशा तालुक्यातील लांब कि.मी. कालावल गड नदी स्माई नदी १० कि.मी गड नदी गड नदी १० कि.मी कलीं नदी १० कि.मी १० कि.मी	b	तपशील				
द्राच नाव वाहण्याचा दिशा कि.मी. कालावल गड नदी उ० किमी एवंकडून-पश्चिमेकडे १० किमी उ० किमी उ० किमी २० किमी २० किमी		८ अंकात उदा.१८.३६.१२००				
१० किमी गड नदी कर्ली नदी मदीवरील धरणे धरणाचे गाव धरणाचे गाव धरणाचे गाव हें किमी १० किमी ३० किमी २० किमी ३० किमी ३० किमी २० किमी ३० किमी २० किमी ३० किमी २० किमी ३० किमी ३० किमी २० किमी ३० किमी २० किमी ३० किमी २० किमी ३० किमी ३० किमी २० किमी २० किमी २० किमी ३० किमी २० किमी ३० किमी २० किमी ३० किमी ३० किमी ३० किमी २० किमी ३० किमी			नदीचे नाव	वाहण्याची दिशा	तालुक्यातील लांबी कि.मी.	
ह नदी			कालावल गड नदी		३० किमी	
ह नदा ३० किमी २० किमी	6	तालुक्याताल नद्याचा तपशाल	रमाई नदी	- 	१० किमी	
प्रणाचे नाव १ नदीवरील धरणे धरणाचे गाव धरणाचे गाव कलीं नदी कुधवळे कुडोपी			गड नदी	पूर्वकडून-पारचमकड	३० किमी	
 श नदीवरील धरणे धरणाचे गाव धरणाचे गाव कालावल गड नदी रमाई नदी गड नदी कर्ली नदी बुधवळे कुडोपी 			कर्ली नदी		२० किमी	
रमाई नदी गड नदी कर्ली नदी बुधवळे कुडोपी				नदी	धरणाचे नाव	
९ नदीवरील धरणे धरणाचे गाव धरणाचे गाव धरणाचे गाव निरंक बुधवळे कुडोपी				कालावल गड नदी		
९ नदीवरील धरणे धरणाचे गाव कर्ली नदी बुधवळे कुडोपी				रमाई नदी		
कर्ली नदी निरक बुधवळे कुडोपी	९	नदीवरील धरणे	e	गड नदी		
			धरणाच गाव	कर्ली नदी	निरंक	
				बुधवळे कुडोपी		
नदी				, •		
राठीवडे नदी				राठीवडे नदी	1	

	मालवण तालुक्यापासून 20 कि.मी. अंतरावर धामापूर या गावामध्ये धामापूर तलाव हे अतिशय रमणीय ठिकाण आहे. दोन डोंगराच्या मधून वाहणाऱ्या ओहळावर बांध घालून हा तलाव बांधण्यात आलेला आहे.					
	संवेदनशील आस्थापना -	ठिकाण	आस्थापना प्रकार	धोक्याचे वर्णन		
	हयात अश्या जागा किवा घटक ज्यामुळे					
	आपत्ती जन्य स्थिती निर्माण होऊ शकते -					
१०	उदा - लष्कराचे तळ, दारुगोळा गोदामे,		निंद			
	रासायनिक कारखाने , गॅस, पेट्रोल ई.चे साठे,		निरक			
	१०,००० पेक्षा जास्त संख्येची यात्रा स्थाने.					

तालुक्यातील मंडल निहाय हवामानाचा तपशील

क्र.	मंडलाचे नाव	वार्षिक पावसाची सरासरी	गेल्या २० वर्षातील कमाल व किमान पाउस	वार्षिक सरासरी तापमान	गेल्या २० वर्षातील कमाल व किमान तापमान
8	मालवण	6000	कमाल 3000 व् किमान 6500	23 - 27	15 - 20
જ	पेंड्र	6000	कमाल 3000 व् किमान 6500	23 - 27	15 - 20
3	मसूरे	6000	कमाल 3000 व् किमान 6500	23 - 27	15 - 20
Å	आचरा	6000	कमाल 3000 व् किमान 6500	23 - 27	15 - 20
· y	कोळंब (नवनिर्मित मंडळ)	सन २०२० प	ासून सदरचे मंडळाचीि	नेर्मिती झाल्याने	पाऊस मोजलेला नाही
m	सूकळवाड (नवनिर्मित मंडळ)				
b	श्रावण	6000	कमाल 3000 व् किमान 6500	23 - 27	15 - 20
۷	पोईप्	6000	कमाल 3000 व् किमान 6500	23 - 27	15 - 20
९	आंबेरी	6000	कमाल 3000 व् किमान 6500	23 - 27	15 - 20

आपत्ती व्यवस्थापन समितीचा तपशील

क्र.	हुद्दा	पद	नाव	संपर्क क्र.	जबाबदारीचे स्वरूप
8	मा. तहसीलदार	अध्यक्ष	श्रीअजय पाटणे	९५२७५५७६८७	आपत्तीच्या तीनही स्तरावरील कामाची जबादारी. मदत बचावाचे नियंत्रक
2	गट विकास अधिकारी	उपाध्यक्ष (ग्रामीण)	श्री. जयेंद्र जाधव	८२७५४५५५७४	आपादकालीन परिस्थितीत आवश्यक ते मनुष्यबळ
3	मुख्याधिकारी, नगर परीषद	उपाध्यक्ष (शहरी)	श्री. संतोष जिरगे	९५०३०३८२७२	पुरविणे
Å	नायब तहसीलदार	सभासद	श्री. जी.एम. कोकरे	७५८८४८६९४४	समन्वय साधणे
G .	अव्वल कारकून	सभासद	श्री. दिनेश सावंत	९४०३५९३५०९	संबंधित नैसर्गिक आपत्ती लिपीक यांचेवरती पर्यवेक्षण करणे
Ę	पोलीस निरीक्षक	सभासद	श्री. सोनू ओटवणेकर	७०३८८२१६६४	आवश्यक तो पोलीस बंदोबस्त उपलब्ध करून देणे
b	आरोग्य अधिकारी	सभासद	श्री. क्बेर मिठारी	९४२३८१८७३८	मानवी आरोग्याशी निगडीत सर्व कामकाज पाहणे
6	पाटबंधारे	सभासद	श्री. एस.एस. होवाळे	o<3£4-24200C	बंधारा मुस्थितीत आहे का याची खातरजमा करणे
९	सार्वजनिक बांधकाम	सभासद	श्री. नितीन दाणे	४६२३१११११११	रस्त्याची देखभाल व दुरूस्ती करणे तसेच आपादकालीन परिस्थितीत आवश्यक असे साहित्य पुरविणे
१०	समाजसेवी संस्था १	सभासद	लायन्स क्लब, मालवण. (जॉन नऱ्होना)	9423052148	मानवतावादी दृष्टीकोन विचारात घेऊन प्राथमिक स्वरूपात आवश्यक असे
88	समाजसेवी संस्था २	सभासद	रोटरी क्लब, मालवण. (मेघनाथ धुरी)	02365251078	अन्न, वस्ञ व निवा-याची मदत करणे
	इतर	सभासद	आम्ही मालवणी	9422584274	

महसूल विभागातील मंडल अधिकाऱ्याची (Circle) माहिती

क्र	मंडलाचे नाव	मंडल अधिकाऱ्याचे	संपर्क क्र.	संपर्क क्र आपत्ती	जबाबदारीचा
	नडलाय नाप	नाव	वापरातील	काळातील	तपशील
8	मालवण	श्री. पीटर लोबो	८८०६७२६२६५	८८०६७२६२६५	तलाठी
२	पेंड्र	श्री. उमेश राठोड	९४२११७७२२१	९४२११७७२२१	यांचेवरती
3	मसूरे	श्री. सूहास चव्हाण	९४२३३०१३७०	९४२३३०१३७०	पर्यवेक्षण
8	आचरा	श्री. अजय परब	९४२२९६३६५०	९४२२९६३६५०	करणे
y	कोळंब(नवनिर्मित मंडळ)	श्री. अजयपरब	९४२२६३३७०५	९४२२६३३७०५	
ξ	स्कळवाड नवनिर्मित मंडळ)	श्री. उमेश राठोड	९४२११७७२२१	९४२११७७२२१	
6	श्रावण	श्री. सूनील पवार	९४२११४४४५८	९४२११४४४५८	
6	पोईप्	श्री. राजेंद्र शिंगाडे	९३७०९७०२३९	९३७०९७०२३९	
९	आंबेरी	श्री. दीपक शिंग्रे	९४०५००९२८५	९४०५००९२८५	

तालुक्यातील आपत्ती निर्माण होण्याच्या संभाव्य जागा (स्थळ दर्शक नकाशा जोडावा)प्र

क्र.	नदीचे नाव	मंडलाचे	संभाव्य पूर	गावातील	संभाव्य	बाधितांना स्थलांतरित करण्यासाठी
		नाव	प्रवण गावे	क्टूंबाची	बाधित	स्थानिक उपलब्ध इमारती, शाळा
				संख्या	घरांची	व तेथील सुविधाची माहिती.
					संख्या	
8	कालावल गडनदी	मसूरे	कावा	157	157	नातेवाईकांचे घर व मराठी
	(रमाई नदी)					शाळा नं.1
ર	कालावल गडनदी	मसूरे	गडघेरा	110	110	नातेवाईकांचे घर व मराठी
	(रमाई नदी)					शाळा नं.1
3	कालावल गडनदी	मसूरे	उसलटवाडी	26	26	नातेवाईकांचे घर व मराठी
	(रमाई नदी)					शाळा नं.1
R	कालावल गडनदी	मसूरे	टोकळवाडी	47	47	नातेवाईकांचे घर व मराठी
	(रमाई नदी)					शाळा नं.1
Ŋ	कालावल गडनदी	मसूरे	देऊळवाडा	361	361	नातेवाईकांचे घर व मराठी
	(रमाई नदी)					शाळा नं.1
ξ	कालावल गडनदी	मसूरे	खाजनवाडी	55	55	नातेवाईकांचे घर व मराठी
	(रमाई नदी)					शाळा नं.1
6	कालावल गड	मसूरे	बांदीवडे	45	45	नातेवाईकांचे घर व मराठी
	नदी					शाळा नं.1
6	कालावल गड	मसूरे	मळावाडी	80	80	नातेवाईकांचे घर व मराठी
	नदी					शाळा नं.1
९	कर्ली नदी	आंबेरी	काळसे	216	50	नातेवाईकांचे घर व जि.प.शाळा
						काळसे व काळसे हायस्कुल.
१०	कालावल नदी	आचरा	तोंडवली	350	70	आचरा हायस्कुल

दरड कोसळणे

豖.	मंडलाचे	संभाव्य पूर	गावाची	संभाव्य बाधित	बाधितांना स्थलांतरित करण्यासाठी
	नाव	प्रवण गावे	लोक	घरांची संख्या	उपलब्ध इमारती, शाळा व तेथील
			संख्या		सुविधाची माहिती.
8	मसूरे	वरचीवाडी बिळवस	483	29	मसुरेजि. प. शाळा क्र. १
२	मसूरे	चांदेरवाडी, तळाणीवाडी	280	6	मसुरेजि. प. शाळा क्र. २
3		शिळवाडी, खोरवाडी	82	24	मसुरेजि. प. शाळा क्र. ३
8	मसूरे	खुर्दवाडी	14	3	कोईलजि. प. शाळा
4		सावंतवाडा	34	2	कोईलजि. प. शाळा
٤	आचरा	गांवकरवाडा	100	5	आचरा हायस्कूल
b		मुस्लीमवाडी	45	12	आचरा हायस्कूल क्र. १
6	आचरा	न्हिवेवाडी	240	6	आचरा हायस्कूल क्र. २
9	आचरा	खैदा	177	10	आचरा हायस्कूल क्र. २
१०		साळकरवाडी	160	15	जि.प. शाळा हडी
88	श्रावण	बौध्दवाडी	35	6	जि.प. भगवंतगड
१२		सोन्याची तळ	18	6	जि.प. भगवंतगड
83		खालचीवाडी	28	4	जि.प. भगवंतगड
१४		आपकरवाडी	60	2	जि.प. भगवंतगड
१५		देऊळवाडी	38	8	जि.प. भगवंतगड
१६		वेशीवाडी	44	6	जि.प. भगवंतगड
१७		टेंबवाडी	45	3	जि.प. भगवंतगड
१८		बौध्दवाडी	11	3	जि.प. भगवंतगड
१९		खालचीवाडी	164	2	जि.प. भगवंतगड
२०	मालवण	देवली	137	3	जि.प. शाळा देवली
२१	मालवण	वाघवणे	395	40	चक्रीवादळ निवारा केंद्र
२२		गोड्याचीवाडी	22	2	चक्रीवादळिनवारा केंद्र
23		नमसवाडी	110	7	चक्रीवादळ निवारा केंद्र
ર૪		नमसवाडी	110	7	चक्रीवादळ निवारा केंद्र

तालुक्यातील यात्रास्थाने(१०,००० पेक्षा जास्त भाविक जमण्याची यात्रा स्थाने)

क्र.	गावाचे नाव	मंडल	यात्रेचे नाव	संभाव्य भाविकांची	यात्रा नियमक मंडळाच्या अध्यक्षांचे नाव व त्यांचा संपर्क क्र.	
				संख्या	अध्यक्षांचे नाव	संपर्क क्र.
8	आंगणेवाडी	मसूरे	भराडी देवी याञा	१०,००००/-	श्री. भरत आंगणे	९४२०२६०९४७

तालुक्यातील विभागांची जबाबदार अधिकारी यांचा तपशील

क .	विभाग	जबाबदार अधिकारी	हुद्दा	संपर्क क्र.
8	महसूल	श्री. अजय पाटणे	तहसिलदार मालवण	कार्यालय:०२३६५२५२०४५ घर : मोबाईल : ९५२७५५७६८७ आपत्कालीन :
ર	आरोग्य	श्री. कूबेर मिठारी	तालूका आरोग्य अधिकारी	कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल :९४२३८१८७३८ आपत्कालीन :
3	पोलीस	श्री. सोन् ओटवणेकर	पोलीस निरीक्षक मालवण	कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल :७०३८८२१६६४ आपत्कालीन :
દ્દ	सार्वजनिक बांधकाम	श्री. नितीन दाणे	अभियंता मालवण	कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल : ७७७५९१६२३४ आपत्कालीन :
b	वीज महामंडळ	श्री. साखरे साहेब	अभियंता मालवण	कार्यालय:02365- 252043,252028 घर : मोबाईल : ७८७५७६५१३० आपत्कालीन :
११	शालेय शिक्षण (प्राथ)	श्री. कैलास राऊत	९४०३०४६५६८	कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल : ९४०३०४६५६८ आपत्कालीन :
१२	शालेय शिक्षण (माध्य)			कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल : ९४०३०४६५६८ आपत्कालीन :
१४	पाणी पुरवठा विभाग	श्री. संतोष जिरगे	मूख्याधिकारी मालवण	कार्यालय:०२३६५-२५२९४० मोबाईल : ९५०३०३८२७२आपत्कालीन :
१७	तालुक्यातील म.न.पा / न.पा यांचे आयुक्त/मुख्यअधिकारी	श्री. संतोष जिरगे	मूख्याधिकारी मालवण	कार्यालय: ०२३६५-२५२९४० मोबाईल : ९५०३०३८२७२ आपत्कालीन :

86	वन विभाग	श्रीम. आश्विनी लोखंडे	वनरक्षक	कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल : ९५५२३५१०८३ आपत्कालीन :
१९	कृषी	श्रीकांबळे साहेब	तालूका कृषी अधिकारी	कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल : ७०३८०७८५६७ आपत्कालीन :
२१	राज्य परिवहन	श्री. नरेंद्र बोधे	आगार व्यवस्थापक	कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल : ९९७५२५८५३४ आपत्कालीन :
२३	गृह रक्षक दल	श्री. डी. एल. खडपे	तालूका समन्वयक / पथकप्रमुख	कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल :9405219509 आपत्कालीन :
२५	मेरिटाइम बोर्ड	श्रीम. सूषमा कूमठेकर	बंदर निरीक्षक मालवण	कार्यालय: मोबाईल :९०२२७१७४६५ आपत्कालीन

तालुकास्तरीय प्रशिक्षित शीघ्र कृती दलाचा तपशील

ह्यामध्ये पट्टीचे पोहोणारे, मदत व बचाव, प्रथमोपचार, अग्निशमन आदी बाबीत प्रवीण असणाऱ्यांची नावे, जे आपत्ती काळात उपलब्ध असतील व स्थानिक प्रशासनाबरोबर त्याच्या मार्गदर्शनाखाली काम करू शकतील.

सोबत, विविध प्रकारची वाहन चालवण्याचा अनुभव असणारे, गवंडीकाम करूशकणारे अश्यांचा समावेश असावा.

(उदा. पोहणारे, JCB, ट्रक चालक, विद्युत उपकरणे, वाहन दुरुस्ती)

क्र.	नाव	संपर्क क्र.	रहात असलेल्या मंडचे/ गावाचे नाव	उपयुक्ततेचा तपशील चालक / पोहणारा/ संपर्क व्यवस्था ई
1	श्री.सचिन संजय सुर्वे, मेढा मालवण	9420206773	मालवण	ऑपरेटर
2	श्री.गणेश विलास मांजरेकर, साळकुंभा	9421145440	साळकुंभा	ऑपरेटर

	श्री.मिथ्न अर्ज्न	9860021917	वायरी भरड	ऑपरेटर
3	म्हापनकर, वायरी भरड	33333_131		
	श्री.भूषण चंद्रकांत कुशे,	निरंक	मालवण	ऑपरेटर
4	मेढा मालवण	।गरभ		
•	श्री.दत्तराज शशिकांत	निरंक	मालवण	ऑपरेटर
5	क्शे, मेढा मालवण	।गरक	SIKI 4	
	श्री.शिवकुमार च.पॉल,	9423212088	मालवण	ऑपरेटर
6	मालवण.	0 1202 12000	JIKIS I	S 1, C. V
	श्री.स्धाकर मध्कर	9421236202	साळक्ंभा	ऑपरेटर
7	नामनाईक, साळक्ंभा	0 12 1200202	\j	
•	श्री.संतोष अनंत	9421263409	आनंदव्हाळ	ऑपरेटर
8	हिंदळेकर, आनंदव्हाळ	3 12 12 33 133	011-14-(120	
	श्री.विठोबा वामन गिरकर,	02365220037	सर्जेकोट	ऑपरेटर
9	सर्जेकोट	02000220007	VIOLATIC	S 1, C. V
	श्री.जगदीश	9823089600	कोळंब	 ऑपरेटर
10	ख.कांदळगांवकर, कोळंब	002000000	111004	S 1, C. V
	श्री.सदानंद भिकाजी	02365220119	देवबाग	ऑपरेटर
11	तांडेल, देवबाग	32333223113	9,4-11 1	S 1, C. V
	श्री.अविनाश	9950604593	कोळंब	ऑपरेटर
12	कांदळगावकर, कोळंब	3333331333	1.100 %	
13	श्री.प्रशांत नारायण राणे,	9270355784	कोळंब	ऑपरेटर
10		02700070 1		
	श्री.संजय अंकुश तारी,	9890501243,	तळाशिल	ऑपरेटर
14	तोंडवळी तळाशिल	9823230673		
	श्री. अंकुश लवू सावंत,	02365280607	पेंडूर	ऑपरेटर
15	पेंडूर			

तालुक्यातील पेट्रोल पंपांचा तपशील (स्थळ दर्शक नकाशा जोडावा)

豖.	पंपाची सेवा देणाऱ्या	मंडलाचे	सरास	री उपलब्द साठा	लिटरमध्ये
	कंपनीचे नाव मोबाईल				
	नंबर		पेट्रोल	डीझेल	LPG / CNG
8	श्रीनिवास प्युलींग सेंटर,BPCL श्रीम. निलम नारायण राणे ९४२२६२६२६९	मालवण्	4000	4000	निरंक
२	भगवती पेट्रोलियम, HP श्रीम. हरूषा संतोष चव्हाण ९४२११४५९०३	आंबेरी	4000	4000	निरंक
3	रामेश्वर पेट्रोलियम,इंडियन ऑईल कार्पोशन श्री. शशिकांत गोलतकर ९४०३६३९५७०	आचरा	4000	4000	निरंक
8	लक्ष्मी नारायण पेट्रोल पंप BPCL श्रीम. रेखा संजय देसाई ९४२२५८४९०४	पेंडुर	4000	५०००	निरंक
·y	ओमसाई पेट्रोलियम श्रीम. अनुराधा गावडे ९४२३८०६४७८	पोईप	9000	4000	निरंक
Ę	श्रीदेवी भराडी पेट्रोलियम ९४२२४३३५८५५		4000	4000	निरंक

तालुक्यातील उपलब्ध वाहनांचा तपशील

क्र.	व्यक्तीचे / कार्यालयाचे नाव	संपर्क क्र.	а	ाहनाचा प्रक	गर (बरोबरची	खुण करावी)	
	नगनाराचाच गाव		कटर	jcb	ट्रक	ट्रक्टर	जीप/प्रवासी
ę	सार्वजनिक बांधकाम उपविभाग मालवण	७ ७७५९१६२३४	8			निरंक	

टीप - नगरपालिका मालवण व सार्वजनिक बांधकाम उपविभाग मालवण हे आवश्यक त्या प्रमाणात कटर, जेसीबी, ट्रक, ट्रक्टर, जीप व इतर साहित्य भाडयाने घेतात

तालुक्यातील सामाजिक संस्था

क्र.	नाव व पत्ता	दूरध्वनी क्र.	सहकार्याचे स्वरूप	उपयुक्ततेचा तपशील *	
8	आम्ही मालवणी	9422584274	विविध नैसर्गिक आपत्ती	कामकाजात	
2	लायन्स क्लब, मालवण. (जॉन नऱ्होना)	9423052148	- आवश्यक ते सहकार्य		
3	रोटरी क्लब, मालवण. (मेघनाथ धुरी)	02365251078			

आपत्तीचा मागील २० वर्षातील इतिहास (स्थळ दर्शक नकाशा वर दाखवावे)

हयामध्ये कारखान्यात, रस्त्यावर झालेले अपघात, पूर, गारपीट, ढगफुटी, यात्रातील घटना, पूल पडणे, वाहून जाणे, धरण / नदील बुडून मृत्यू, सहली मध्ये झालेल्या घटना, घातपात आदी सर्व घटक असावेत ज्यामुळे जीवित, वित्तीय अथवा निसर्गाचा ऱ्हास झाला यांचा तपशील देणे

		झालेले नुकसान			
आपत्तीचा तपशील	आपत्तीचे कारण	जीवित	बाधित घरे वाटप.	जनावरे	वाटप केलेली मदत रु
२०१९ काळसे	नैसर्गिकआ पत्ती	निरंक	३ ५६	निरंक	३५,६०,०००/-
गावात पूर					
परिस्थीती					
२०१९ क्यार	नैसर्गिकआपत्ती	निरंक	९५१६	निरंक	3,&0,00000/-
चक्रीवादळाने भात					
शेतीचे नूकसान					

जूलै अतिवृष्टी घर	अतिवृष्टी	निरंक	३८ घर + २१०४	निरंक	४३,७५,९९०/ -
व भात शेती					
नुकसान					
तौत्के चक्रीवादळा	नैसर्गिक	निरंक	५६७९(मत्स्य	६ पोल्ट्री शेड	११,६१,,४७,१६८/-
	आपत्ती		९६९+ शेती		
			३२६० + घर		
			१४४४)		

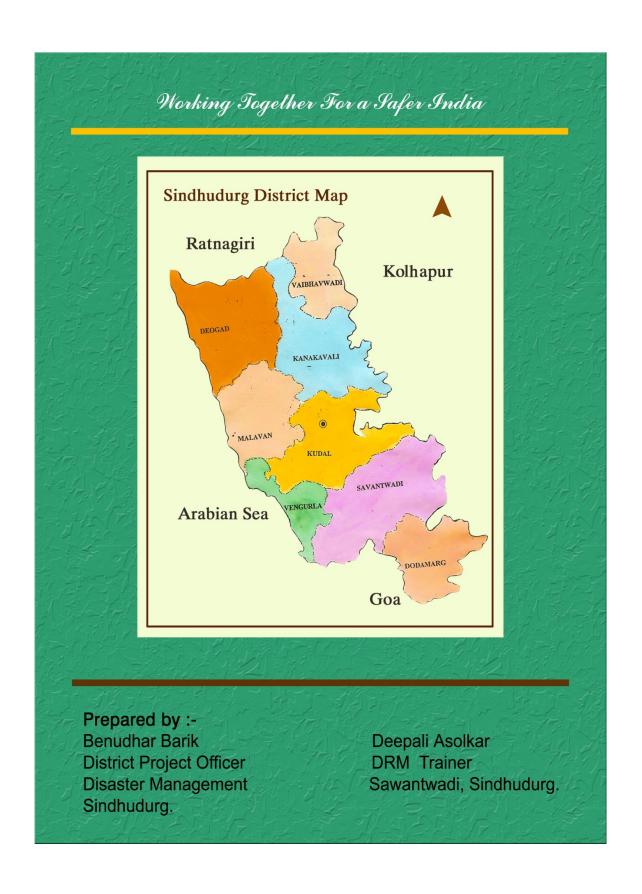
E) आपत्ती व्यवयस्थापना संदर्भात उपलब्ध साधनसामुग्रीची माहिती पूढील प्रपञात दयावी

तालुक्यातील उपलब्ध उपकरणांचा तपशील (खाजगी व शासनाकडून मिळालेल्या)

	उपलब्ध		साहित्य उपलब्ध ठिकाण	
अ.क्र.	E)आपत्तीशोध व बचाव साहित्य नाव	साहित्य संख्या		
8	लाईफजॅकेट	3		
ર	लाईफबोया	3		
3	फायबरबोट	8		
8	नांगर	8		
ч	वल्हे	8	ग्रामपंचायतमसुरे	
ξ	वल्हेलॉक	2		
b	नायलॉनदोर	१००फूट		
C	यामाहाइंजिन	8		
8	लाईफजॅकेट	ч		
२	लाईफबोया	ц	ग्रामपंचायतबांदिवडे	
የ	लाईफजॅकेट	१०		
ર	लाईफबोया	१०		
3	यामाहाइंजिन १		ग्रामपंचायतकाळसे	
u	marale o flar i o - f r	१ + १ नवीन		
8	फायबरहोडी १ नीवन + १ जुनी	फायबर		

ч	वल्हे	२	
ξ	फायबरफळया	8	
b	दोरखंड	२	
8	लाईफजॅकेट	१०	ग्रामपंचायतआंबेरी
2	लाईफबोया	१०	ग्रामपयायतजाषरा
१	लाईफजॅकेट	ч	i=e
ર	लाईफबोया	ч	· ग्रामपंचायतधामापूर
१	स्ट्रेचर	8	
ર	बॅट-या	3 बंद अवस्थेत	
3	लाईफजॅकेट	लाईफजॅकेट २ लाईफबोया २	
8	लाईफबोया		
ц	वायरलेसVHFयंञ	२	तहसिलदारकार्या.मालवण
7	पायरलस्रगान्यज	(वाहन+कार्यालय)	
દ્દ	PORTABLE INFLABLE EMERGENCY LIGHTNING SYSTEM	2	
b	फायबरहोडी १	1	ग्रामपंचायत मसुरे खोतजुवा
۷	फायबरहोडी १	1	ग्रामपंचायतवायरी (किल्ला नागरिक)
९	नैसग्रिक आपत्ती टेन्ट	1	तहसिलदार कार्यालय मालवण





तालुकाकणकवली आपत्ती व्यवस्थापन आराखडा माहिती संकलन

तालुका आपत्ती व्यवस्थापन आराखडा

ताल्क्याचे नाव-कणकवली

तालुक्याचे मुख्यालयाचे ठिकाण : कणकवली

मा.तहसीलदार यांचे नाव : श्री.रमेश जे. पवार

दूरध्वनी / मोबाईल क्र. : ७०५७३७९१७७

आपत्कालीन संपर्क क्र. : ०२३६७-२३२०२५

मा. गटविकास अधिकारी नाव :श्री.अरूण चव्हाण

दूरध्वनी / मोबाईल क्र. :९४२२५८४३३४

आपत्कालीन संपर्क क्र. <u>: 9422746906</u>

तयार करण्याचा दिनांक :16-11-2020......

अद्ययावत करण्याचा दिनांक : ..13-04-2023.....

नियंत्रण कक्षाचा दूरध्वनी क्र. : ०२३६७-२३२०२५

नियंत्रण कक्ष चालू असणायचा कालावधी. २४ x ७

अथवा तालुका स्तरावरील आपत्ती व्यवस्थापन नियंत्रण कक्ष श्री.एस.व्ही.

राठोड : ह्दा: निवासी नायब तहसिलदार

घर.....मोबाईल-९११२७७९०००

आपत्कालीन क्र०२२३६७-२३२०२५

तालुक्याचा भौगोलिक नकाशा (ज्यात चतुःसीमा, मंडले, प्रमुख रस्ते व मंडळाच्या सीमा, नद्या, धरणे, प्रमुख गावंची तसेच MIDC, रेल्वे मार्ग, विमान तळ ई. तपशील असावा.)

तालुक्याची आ. व्य. अनुषंगाने लागणारी माहिती –

क्र	जिल्हा मुख्यालयापासून अंतर	किमी	२०	कि.मी.
ę	चतुःसीमा -	पूर्वेस -कोल्हापूर(दाजीपूर) पश्चिमेस -देवगड दक्षिणेस -कुडाळ उत्तरेस -रत्नागिरी(राजापूर)		
२	क्षेत्रफळ (चौ. कि.मी. मध्ये)	७७३३८ चौ.कि.मी.		
3	लोकसंख्या-	पुरुष - ६६६२८ महि	ला - ७१५३९	
	तालुक्यातून जाणारे राष्ट्रीय महामार्ग	कोठून	कोठे	लांबी (कि.मी.)
8		मुंबई	गोवा	६२
	तालुक्यातून जाणारे राज्य महामार्ग	कोठून	कोठे	लांबी (कि.मी.)
ц		कोळोशी	फोंडा	२५
		फोंडा	खारेपाटण	L 80
	तालुक्यातून जाणारे रेल्वे मार्ग	कोठून	कोठे	लांबी (कि.मी.)
દ્દ		बोर्डवे	मठखुर्द	32
b	विमानतळ / हेलिपॅड आदीचा तपशील	ठिकाण	अक्षांश	रेखांश

	८ अंकात उदा. १८.३६.१२००		N	S
			N	S
			N	S
		नदीचे नाव	वाहण्याची दिशा	तालुक्यातील लांबी कि.मी.
		गड नदी	पश्चिम	5.6
6	तालुक्यातील नद्यांचा तपशील	सुख नदी	पश्चिम	4.2
		धरणाचे गाव	नदी	धरणाचे नाव
		नरडवे	गड	नरडवे डॅम
९	नदीवरील धरणे	हरकुळ खर्दु	गड	हरकुळ खुर्द
		शिवडाव	गड	शिवडाव
		ओटव	गड	ओटव
		लोरे		लोरे
		घोणसरी		घोणसरी
		ठिकाण	आस्थापना प्रकार	धोक्याचे वर्णन
१०	संवेदनशील आस्थापना - हयात अश्या जागा किवा घटक ज्यामुळे आपत्ती जन्य स्थिती निर्माण होऊ शकते – उदा – लष्कराचे तळ, दारुगोळा गोदामे, रासायनिक कारखाने , गॅस, पेट्रोल ई.चे साठे, १०,००० पेक्षा जास्त संख्येची यात्रा स्थाने.	निरंक		

तालुक्यातील मंडळ निहाय हवामानाचा तपशील

क्र. मंडळचे वार्षिक गेल्या २० वर्षातील वार्षिक सरासरी गेल्या २० वर्षातील

	नाव	पावसाची	कमाल व किमान पाउस	तापमान	कमाल व किमान
		सरासरी			तापमान
8					
8	कणकवली	३२६४	3885.८	३८ ते १८ अंश	
				सेल्सिअस	
२	वागदे	३१९२	ჰ სს८.६	३८ ते १८ अंश	
				सेल्सिअस	
3	सांगवे	३२१६	४२१४.०२	३८ ते १८ अंश	
				सेल्सिअस	
R	नांदगाव	3880		३८ ते १८ अंश	
			४० ५२	सेल्सिअस	
y	फोंडा	3388		३८ ते १८ अंश	
			3८४८	सेल्सिअस	
ξ	तळेरे	३०१४		३८ ते १८ अंश	
			३६१६	सेल्सिअस	

आपत्ती व्यवस्थापन समितीचा तपशील

क्र.	हुद्दा	पद	नाव	संपर्क क्र.	जबाबदारीचे स्वरूप
8	मा.	अध्यक्ष	श्री. रमेश जे.	७०५७३७९१७७	आपत्तीच्या तीनही स्तरावरील
	तहसीलदार		पवार		कामाची जबादारी. मदत
					बचावाचे नियंत्रक
ર	गट विकास		श्री.अरूण	९४२२५८४३३४	मदत व बचाव कार्य
	अधिकारी		चव्हण		
3	नि.नायब		श्रीम.एस.व्ही राठोड	९११२७७९०००	नागरीकांना सुरक्षीत ठिकाणी
	तहसीलदार				स्थलांतरीत करणे
R	अव्वल		श्रीम.		
	कारकून		एस.डी.आडारकर		

ઝ	पोलीस निरीक्षक	.श्री.अनिल जाधव	९४२२०८८३३५	बचाव पथक कार्यरत करून त्यांच्या कामकाजावर नियंत्रण
Ę	आरोग्य अधिकारी	श्री.संजयपौळ	९४२१२३४७७८	वैदयकीय पथक व ॲम्ब्युलन्स उपलब्ध ठेवणे
b	पाटबंधारे	श्री.राठोड	९९२१०२०२९९	आवश्यकते नुसार बोटी, पोहणारी व्यक्ती, लाईफ जॉकेट बॉईज घटनास्थळी उपलब्ध ठेवणे
۷	सार्वजनिक बांधकाम	श्री.संयज शेवाळे	९२८४०२१३०३	दरड कोसळलेस तात्काळ घटनास्थळी पोहचून जेसीबीव ट्रकच्या सहाय्यानी माती उपसणेचे कामकाज मदत करणे
9	समाजसेवी संस्था १			निवारा केंद्राठिकाणी अन्न पाणी औषघे कपडालत्ता इत्यादी उपलब्ध करून देणे
१०	समाजसेवी संस्था २			निवारा केंद्राठिकाणी अन्न पाणी औषघे कपडालत्ता इत्यादी उपलब्ध करून देणे
88	इतर			

महसूल विभागातील मंडळ अधिकाऱ्याची (CircleOfficer) माहिती

<u> </u>	मंडलाचे	मंडल अधिकाऱ्याचे	संपर्क क्र.	संपर्क क्र आपत्ती	जबाबदारीचा तपशील	
क्र.	नाव	नाव	वापरातील	काळातील	जबाबदाराचा तपराल	
8	कणकवली	श्री.मेघनाथ पाटील	९४२२६३३७०५	९४२२६३३७०५	ग्रामस्तरावरील	
					समन्वय अधिकारी	
ર	वागदे	श्री.विलास चव्हाण	९४२१२६६७८७	९४२१२६६७८७	ग्रामस्तरावरील	
					समन्वय अधिकारी	
3	सांगवे	श्री.डी.एम.पाटील	९४२०२०६४६३	९४२०२०६४६३	ग्रामस्तरावरील	
					समन्वय अधिकारी	
8	नांदगाव	श्रीम.व्ही.ए.जाधव	९४२३५३०४५७	९४२३५३०४५७	ग्रामस्तरावरील	
					समन्वय अधिकारी	
G	फोंडा	श्री.निलीमा	८८३०८३१९४३	८८३०८३१९४३	ग्रामस्तरावरील	
		प्रभूदेसाई			समन्वय अधिकारी	
Ę	तळेरे	श्री.संतोषनागावकर	९४२०२१०९२५	९४२०२१०९२५	ग्रामस्तरावरील	

तालुक्यातील आपत्ती निर्माण होण्याच्या संभाव्य जागा (स्थळ दर्शक नकाशा जोडावा)

<u>पूर</u>

क्र.	नदीचे	मंडलाचे	संभाव्य पूर प्रवण गावे	गावाची लोक	संभाव्य	बाधितांना स्थलांतरित
	नाव	नाव		संख्या	बाधित	करण्यासाठी स्थानिक
					घरांची	उपलब्ध इमारती,
					संख्या	शाळा व तेथील
						सविधाची माहिती.

8						
२	गड नदी	कणकवली, वागदे	वागदे,वरवडे, अशिये, फणसनगर, जानवली	एकूण ५ गावे- लाकसंख्या- ६५७	39	कणकवली कॉलेज कणकवली
3						विद्यामंदीर माध्यमिक शाळा कणकवली
Å	सुक नदी	तळेरे	बंदरगाव, काजिर्डे,खारेपाटण	3	30	खारेपाटण जि.प्राथमिक शाळा

<u>दरड कोसळणे</u>

मंडलाचे	संभाव्य पूर	गावाची लोक	संभाव्य बाधित	बाधितांना स्थलांतरित करण्यासाठी
नाव	प्रवण गावे	संख्या	घरांची संख्या	उपलब्ध इमारती, शाळा व तेथील
				सुविधाची माहिती.
				-

1	निरंक	निरंक	निरंक	निरंक	निरंक

तालुक्यातील यात्रास्थाने (१०,००० पेक्षा जास्त भाविक जमण्याची यात्रा स्थाने)

क्र.	गावाचे	मंडल	यात्रेचे	संभाव्य भाविकांची	यात्रा नियमक मंडळाच्या अध्य	यक्षांचे नाव व त्यांचा
	नाव		नाव	संख्या	संपर्क क्र.	
					अध्यक्षांचे नाव	संपर्क क्र.
	निरंक	निरंक	निरंक	निरंक	निरंक	निरंक

<u>आपत्तीचा मागील २० वर्षातील इतिहास</u> (स्थळ दर्शक नकाशा वर दाखवावे)

हयामध्ये कारखान्यात, रस्त्यावर झालेले अपघात, पूर, गारपीट, ढगफुटी, यात्रातील घटना, पूल पडणे, वाहून जाणे, धरण/नदील बुडून मृत्यू, सहली मध्ये झालेल्या घटना, घातपात आदी सर्व घटक असावेत ज्यामुळे जीवित, वित्तीय अथवा निसर्गाचा ऱ्हास झाला यांचा तपशील देणे

आपत्तीचा तपशील आपत्तीचे			झालेले नुकसान	वाटप केलेली मदत रु	
	कारण	जीवित	बाधित घरे वाटप.	जनावरे	
सन २००३ मध्ये	दरड	५२			
बेर्ले गावामध्ये दरड	कोसळणे	व्यक्ती			
कोसळल्याने		मृत			
आपघात झालेला					

होता.			

तालुक्यातील विभागांची जबाबदार अधिकारी यांचा तपशील

विभाग जबाबदार अधिकारी हुद्दा संपर्क क्र.

•				
95	महसूल	श्री.एस.व्ही. राठोड	निवासी नायब तहसिलदार कणकवली	कार्यालय:02367- 232025 घर : मोबाईल :9112779000 आपत्कालीन :
२	आरोग्य	डॉ.संजय पोळ	तालुका आरोग्य अधिकारी, कणकवली	कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल :9421234778 आपत्कालीन :
n)	पोलीस	श्री.अनिल जाधव	पोलीस निरिक्षक	कार्यालय:942208833 5 घर : मोबाईल :८०८०३१३२३२ आपत्कालीन :
8	पाटबंधारे	श्री.सुहास गुरव स्था.अ.स.पाटबंधारे	स्था.अ.स.पाटबंधारे	कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल : ९४२०३६९२६० आपत्कालीन :
y	जलसंधारण			कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल : आपत्कालीन :
દ્ય	सार्वजनिक बांधकाम	श्री.एस.आर.बासुतक र	क.अभि.सा.बां	कार्यालय: घर :

				मोबाईल :8275381538
b	वीज महामंडळ	श्री.आर.बी.सुर्यवंशी	उ.वि.अधि.म.रा.वि.मंड ळ	आपत्कालीन : कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल :7875765082 आपत्कालीन :
۷	वीज वितरण	श्री.यरंगुळकर	शाखा अभियंता	कार्यालय: घर :7875765106 मोबाईल : आपत्कालीन :
९	पशुसंवर्धन			कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल : आपत्कालीन :
8	पर्यटन	निरंक	निरंक	कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल : आपत्कालीन :
8 8	शालेय शिक्षण (प्राथ)	श्री.ज्ञानेश शंकर पाताडे	वरीष्ठ सहाय्यक पं.स.कणकवली	कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल : ९४२३३०४२२६ आपत्कालीन :
8 7	शालेय शिक्षण (माध्य)	निरंक	निरंक	कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल : आपत्कालीन :
8 3	MIDC अधिकारी	निरंक	निरंक	कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल : आपत्कालीन :
8	पाणी पुरवठा विभाग	निरंक	निरंक	कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल : आपत्कालीन :

8	तालुक्यातील म.न.पा / न.पा यांचे आयुक्त/मुख्यअधिका री	श्री.अवधुत तावडे	मुख्याधिकारी	कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल :९७६५८७१५४६ आपत्कालीन :
8	तालुक्यातील म.न.पा / न.पा यांचे आयुक्त/मुख्यअधिका री			कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल : आपत्कालीन :
१ ७	तालुक्यातील म.न.पा / न.पा यांचे आयुक्त/मुख्यअधिका री			कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल : आपत्कालीन :
8	वन विभाग			कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल : आपत्कालीन :
8 8	कृषी	श्रीम.मुळे	तालुका कृषी अधिकारी कणकवली	कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल :९९७५१०६६७७ आपत्कालीन :
a o	महा भू आलेख	श्री.तुकाराम नाईक	उपअधिक्षक भू.अ.कणकवली	कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल : आपत्कालीन :
२१	राज्य परिवहन	श्री.लाड	अधिक्षक	कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल :9422997745 आपत्कालीन :
~ ~	हवामान विभाग			कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल : आपत्कालीन :
۲ 3	गृह रक्षक दल	समित सदानंद वारंग		कार्यालय: घर :

			मोबाईल : 7872898718 आपत्कालीन :
۲ ×	नागरी संरक्षण दल		कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल : आपत्कालीन :
7 5	मेरिटाइम बोर्ड		कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल : आपत्कालीन
7 &			कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल : आपत्कालीन
२ ७			कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल : आपत्कालीन

तालुकास्तरीय प्रशिक्षित शीघ्र कृती दलाचा तपशील

हयामध्ये पट्टीचे पोहोणारे, मदत व बचाव, प्रथमोपचार, अग्निशमन आदी बाबीत प्रवीण असणाऱ्यांची नावे, जे आपत्ती काळात उपलब्ध असतील व स्थानिक प्रशासनाबरोबर त्याच्या मार्गदर्शनाखाली काम करू शकतील.

सोबत, विविध प्रकारची वाहन चालवण्याचा अनुभव असणारे, गवंडीकाम करूशकणारे अश्यांचा समावेश असावा.

(उदा. पोहणारे, JCB, ट्रक चालक, विद्युत उपकरणे, वाहन दुरुस्ती)

क्र.	नाव	संपर्क क्र.	रहात असलेल्या मंडळसचे/ गावाचे नाव	उपयुक्ततेचा तपशील चालक / पोहणारा/ संपर्क व्यवस्था ई
8	श्री.जनार्दन गुरव	9552545905	खारेपाटण	पोहणारा
ર	श्री.महेंद्र गुरव	9552545905	खारेपाटण	पोहणारा

3	श्री.विश्वनाथ	9221475663	खारेपाटण	पोहणारा
	गुरव			
æ	श्री.रुपेश	8766898543	खारेपाटण	पोहणारा
	आडविलकर			
ઝ	श्री.शैलेंद्र शेटये	8329436838	खारेपाटण	पोहणारा
Ę	श्री.प्रियाल पवार	8830648189	खारेपाटण	पोहणारा
6	श्री.उमेश राउत		खारेपाटण	पोहणारा
8	श्री.राकेश राउत	9527812993	खारेपाटण	पोहणारा
9	श्री.योगेश	8459595441	खारेपाटण	पोहणारा
	पाटणकर		0	٧
10	श्री.संजय वाळके	9421643409	कणकवली	क्रेन सर्विस
11	श्री.अरुण	9922497393	कासार्डे	क्रेन सर्विस
	सोनावणे			
12	श्री.संदेश बांदेकर	9422381991	कणकवली	जेसीबी/पोकलॅड
13	श्री.सतिश नाईक	9422432522	कणकवली	जेसीबी/पोकलॅड
14	श्री.रामदास विखाळे	9422434518	कलमठ	जेसीबी/पोकलॅड
15	श्री.संजय आग्रे	9423881071	फोंडा	जेसीबी/पोकलॅड
16	श्री.रुपेश जाधव	9422633788	कलमठ	जेसीबी/पोकलॅड
17	श्री.मिलिंद	9420378478	जानवली	जेसीबी/पोकलॅड
	केळुसकर)
18	श्री.राहुल केळुसकर	9404755055	कणकवली	जेसीबी/पोकलॅड
19	श्री.गुरुप्रसाद शिंदे	8830802737	खारेपाटण	जेसीबी/पोकलॅड

तालुक्यातील पेट्रोल पंपांचा तपशील (स्थळ दर्शक नकाशा जोडावा)

क्र.	पंपाची सेवा देणाऱ्या कंपनीचे	मंडलाचे	सरासरी उपलब्द साठा लिटरमध्ये		
	नाव				
			पेट्रो	डीझेल	LPG / CNG
			, ਕ	·	

8	नाईक पेट्रोल पंप वागदे	वागदे		LPG
	(इंडियन ऑईल)			
२	सांवंत पेट्रोल पंप कणकवली	कणकवली		LPG
	(इंडियन ऑईल)			
3	पोलीस स्टेशन पेट्रोल पंप	कणकवली		LPG
	(एच पी पंट्रोल पंप)			
R	एच पी पेट्रोल पंप असलदे	नांगगाव		LPG
y	एच पी पेट्रोल पंप फोंडाघाट	फोंडाघाट		LPG
Ę	इंडियन ऑईल पेट्रोल पंप	नांदगाव		LPG
	जाणवली			
6	भारत पेट्रोल पंप तळेरे	तळेरे		LPG

तालुक्यातील उपलब्ध वाहनांचा तपशील

豖.	व्यक्तीचे नाव	संपर्क क्र.	वाहन	ाचा प्रव	मार (बरोबरची र	बुण करावी)
			क्रेन	jcb	ट्रक	ट्रक्टर	जीप/प्रवासी
	श्री.संजय	94216434	√				
8	वाळके	09					
	श्री.अरुण	99224973	√				
2	सोनावणे	93	•				
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तालुक्यातील उपलब्ध उपकरणांचा तपशील (खाजगी व शासनाकडून मिळालेल्या)

क्र.				संख	या				
917.	साठवणीची जागा	लाईफ बोय	लाईफ जॅकेट	जनरेटर	बोट	बोट इंजिन सह	शिडी	दोर	
8	तहसिलदार कार्यालय	30	રુષ	8	१	१	१	१	

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तालुक्यातील सामाजिक संस्था

क्र.	नाव	संपर्क क्र.	सहकार्याचे स्वरूप	उपयुक्ततेचा तपशील *
8	हेल्प ॲकेडमी	८६९८९८१९१९		विविध नैसर्गिक आपत्ती कामकाजात
	फोंडाघाट			आवश्यक ते सहकार्य
2	ब्राम्हणेश्वर	९४२३२११८३६		विविध नैसर्गिक आपत्ती कामकाजात
	शैक्षणिक व			आवश्यक ते सहकार्य
	सामाजिक			
	उन्नत्ती			
	मंडळ फोंडाघाट			
3	साईलिला ट्रस्ट	٥२३६७-		विविध नैसर्गिक आपत्ती कामकाजात
	नाटळ	२४६०९९		आवश्यक ते सहकार्य
8	शाहू प्रतिष्ठान	९४२१२३७३६५		विविध नैसर्गिक आपत्ती कामकाजात
	कणकवली			आवश्यक ते सहकार्य
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देवगड तालुका आपत्ती व्यवस्थापन आराखडा

देवगड तालुका आपत्ती व्यवस्थापन आराखडा

तालुक्याचे नाव : देवगड

तालुक्याचे मुख्यालयाचे ठिकाण:देवगड

मा.तहसीलदार यांचे नाव : श्री.रमेश पवार

दूरध्वनी / मोबाईल क्र. : ७०५७३७९१७७

आपात्कालीन संपर्क क्र. : ०२३६४-२६२२०४

मा. गटविकास अधिकारी नाव : श्री.जयप्रकाश अनंत परब

दूरध्वनी / मोबाईल क्र. : ९४२०२५७६५५

आपत्कालीन संपर्क क्र. : ०२३६४-२६२२०७

तयार करण्याचा दिनांक :

अद्ययावत करण्याचा दिनांक :

नियंत्रण कक्षाचा दूरध्वनी क्र. : १०७७ /२३६४-२६२२०४

नियंत्रण कक्ष चालू असणायचा कालावधी : दि.०१ जून ते ३१ ऑक्टोबर

तालुका स्तरावरील आपत्ती व्यवस्थापन नियंत्रण कक्ष सांभाळणारा जबाबदार अधिकारी (ना. तहसीलदार / अव्वल कारकून ई.)

नाव :श्री.व्ही.व्ही.शेट हुद्दा : निवासी नायब तहसिलदार

घर.....मोबाईल.आपत्कालीनक्र.९४०३३४८४८३

तालुक्याचा भौगोलिक नकाशा (ज्यात चतुःसीमा, मंडले, प्रमुख रस्ते व मंडळाच्या सीमा, नद्या, धरणे, प्रमुख गावंची तसेच MIDC, रेल्वे मार्ग, विमान तळ ई. तपशील असावा.)

तालुक्याची आ. व्य. अनुषंगाने लागणारी माहिती -

क्र	जिल्हा मुख्यालयापासून अंतर	किमी 82कि.मी.		
		पूर्वेस - कणकवली		
		पश्चिमेस - सम्द्र		
8	चतुःसीमा -	दक्षिणेस - मालवण		
		उत्तरेस - रत्नागिरी	जिल्हा	
2	क्षेत्रफळ (चौ. कि.मी. मध्ये)	77710.74.23 चौ.र्क	ो.मी.	
3	लोकसंख्या -120909	पुरुष - 58938	महिला - 61971	
	तालुक्यातून जाणारे राष्ट्रीय	कोठून	कोठे	लांबी (कि.मी.)
8	महामार्ग	राष्ट्रीय महामार्ग		
	שטוטוהו	नाही.	-	_
	तालुक्यातून जाणारे राज्य	कोठून	कोठे	लांबी (कि.मी.)
[']	महामार्ग	विजयदुर्ग	कोल्हापूर	46.380 कि.मी.
	مالاامااءا	देवगड	निपाणी	34.400 कि.मी.
		आंबेरी	आचरा	54 कि.मी.
		कोठून	कोठे	लांबी (कि.मी.)
ξ	तालुक्यातून जाणारे रेल्वे मार्ग	रेल्वे मार्ग नाहीत.		
	विमानतळ / हेलिपॅड आदीचा	ठिकाण	अक्षांश	रेखांश
b	तपशील	विमानतळ/हेलिपॅड		
	८ अंकात उदा.१८.३६.१२००	नाहीत.	N	S
		नदीचे नाव	वाहण्याची दिश	तालुक्यातील लांबी । कि.मी.
6	तालुक्यातील नद्यांचा तपशील	सुक	पुर्व-पश्चिम	
٩	नदीवरील धरणे	धरणाचे गाव	नदी	धरणाचे नाव
	नदापराल परण	कुणकवण	सुक नदी	कोर्ले सातवंडी
	संवेदनशील आस्थापना -	ठिकाण	आस्थापना प्रका	र धोक्याचे वर्णन
	हयात अश्या जागा किवा घटक			यात्रेचे ठिकाण
	ज्यामुळे आपत्ती जन्य स्थिती			असल्यामुळे आगू
	निर्माण होऊ शकते -			शकते तसेच
१०	उदा - लष्कराचे तळ, दारुगोळा	ama	}	सुद्रामध्ये बुडण्याचा
	गोदामे, रासायनिक कारखाने ,	कुणकेश्वर	देवस्थान ट्रस्ट	धोका होवू शकतो व
	गॅस, पेट्रोल ई.चे साठे, १०,०००			तत्सम गर्दिच्या
	पेक्षा जास्त संख्येची यात्रा स्थाने.			ठिकाणी घडणा-या
1				

			यात्रेचे ठिकाण
	मुणगे	देवस्थान ट्रस्ट	असल्यामुळे आग् शकते व तत्सम गर्दिच्या ठिकाणी घडणा-या आपत्तीच्या घटणा
	कोटकामते	देवस्थान ट्रस्ट	यात्रेचे ठिकाण असल्यामुळे आग् शकते व तत्सम गर्दिच्या ठिकाणी घडणा-या आपत्तीच्या घटणा
	रामेश्वर	देवस्थान ट्रस्ट	यात्रेचे ठिकाण असल्यामुळे आग् शकते व तत्सम गर्दिच्या ठिकाणी घडणा-या आपत्तीच्या घटणा
	जामसंडे	देवस्थान	यात्रेचे ठिकाण असल्यामुळे आगू शकते व तत्सम गर्दिच्या ठिकाणी घडणा-या आपत्तीच्या घटणा

तालुक्यातील मंडल निहाय हवामानाचा तपशील

蛃.	मंडलाचे नाव	वार्षिक पावसाची सरासरी	गेल्या २० वर्षातील कमाल व किमान पाउस	वार्षिक सरासरी तापमान	गेल्या २० वर्षातील कमाल व किमान तापमान
8	देवगड	२८९४			
२	पडेल	२७०६			
3	मिठबांव	२९३२			
Å	शिरगांव	३७० ५			
G	पाटगांव	३ ९४५			
ξ	बापर्डे	३१९४			

आपत्ती व्यवस्थापन समितीचा तपशील

क्र.	हुद्दा	पद	नाव	संपर्क क्र.	जबाबदारीचे स्वरूप
8	मा. तहसीलदार	अध्यक्ष	श्री.रमेश पवार	7057379177	आपत्तीच्या तीनही स्तरावरील कामाची जबादारी. मदत बचावाचे नियंत्रक
२	गट विकास अधिकारी	उपाध्यक्ष	श्री.जयप्रकाश अनंत परब	9420257655	आपत्तीच्या तीनही स्तरावरील कामाची जबादारी. मदत बचावाचे नियंत्रक
3	निवासीनायब तहसीलदार	-	श्री.व्ही.व्ही.शेट	9403348483	नियंत्रण कक्ष जबाबदारी
R	अव्वल कारकून	-	श्री.व्ही.पी.शेटये	9405497608	आपत्ती कालावधित सर्व यंत्रणांसोबत समन्वय साधने.
¹ 4	पोलीस निरीक्षक	सभासद	श्री. निळकंठ बगळे	9673633066	पोलीस विभागासंबंधि आपत्ती व्यवस्थापनाबाबत सर्व कामकाज
દ્	पोलीस निरीक्षक	सभासद	श्री.फर्ण	8055702262	पोलीस विभागासंबंधि आपत्ती व्यवस्थापनाबाबत सर्व कामकाज
b	आरोग्य अधिकारी	सभासद	डॉ.रविंद्र राठोड	9404416171	आरोग्य विभागासंबंधि आपत्ती व्यवस्थापनाबाबत सर्व कामकाज.
ć	पाटबंधारे	सभासद	श्री.आर.वाय.सुर्यवंशी	8983220009	पाटबंधारे विभागासंबंधि आपत्ती व्यवस्थापनाबाबत सर्व कामकाज.
९	सार्वजनिक बांधकाम	सभासद	श्री.श्रीनिवास बासुतकमर	8275381538	सार्वजनिक बांधकाम विभागासंबंधि आपत्ती व्यवस्थापनाबाबत सर्व कामकाज.
१०	समाजसेवी संस्था १		देवगड तालुक्यात एनजीओज नाहीत.		

महसूल विभागातील मंडल अधिकाऱ्याची (Circle) माहिती

豖.	मंडलाचे नाव	मंडल अधिकाऱ्याचे नाव	संपर्क क्र. वापरातील	संपर्क क्र आपत्ती काळातील	जबाबदारीचा तपशील
8	देवगड	श्री.डी.एस.पावसकर	9421266603	9421266603	
२	मिठबांव	श्री.एस.एस.राठोड	9404396675	9404396675	
3	शिरगांव	श्री.डी.एस.पावसकर	9421266603	9421266603	
R	पडेल	श्रीम.ए.डी.कांबळे	9422373609	9422373609	
y	पाटगांव	श्री.जे.एस.साईल	7588968330	9420207992	
ξ	बापर्डे	श्री.आर.एन.निर्गे	9404944800	9404944800	
b	तळगाव	श्री.डी.बी.चव्हाण	9421262556	9421262556	
6	फणसगांव	श्री.ए.एम.सावंत	9405228633	9405228633	

तालुक्यातील आपत्ती निर्माण होण्याच्या संभाव्य जागा (स्थळ दर्शक नकाशा जोडावा) प्र

क .	नदीचे	मंडलाचे	संभाव्य पूर	गावाची	संभाव्य बाधित	बाधितांना स्थलांतरित
	नाव	नाव	प्रवण गावे	लोक	घरांची संख्या	करण्यासाठी स्थानिक उपलब्ध
				संख्या		इमारती, शाळा व तेथील
						सुविधाची माहिती.
8	शुक नदी	पाटगांव	धालवली	१२३०	२६	१.जि.प.मराठी शाळा,धालवली
						२.जि.प.उर्दू शाळा,धालवली
ર	शुक नदी	पाटगांव	कोर्ले	६८१	१२	१.कोर्ले धालवली माध्यमिक
						विद्यालय,कोर्ले
						२.जि.प.मराठी शाळा,कोर्ले
3	शुक नदी	बापर्डे	मणचे	२२६१	30	१.जि.प.प्रा.शाळा,तारीवठार,मणचे

दरड कोसळणे

丣.	मंडलाचे नाव	संभाव्य पूर प्रवण गावे	गावाची लोक संख्या	संभाव्य बाधित घरांची संख्या	बाधितांना स्थलांतरित करण्यासाठी उपलब्ध इमारती, शाळा व तेथील सुविधाची माहिती.
	देवगड तालुक्यात दरड कोसळणारी संभाव्य ठिकाणे नाहीत.	निरंक	निरंक	निरंक	निरंक

तालुक्यातील यात्रास्थाने(१०,००० पेक्षा जास्त भाविक जमण्याची यात्रा स्थाने)

क्र.	गावाचे	मंडल	यात्रेचे	संभाव्य	यात्रा नियमक मंडळाच्या अध्यक्षांचे नाव व	
	नाव		नाव	भाविकांची	त्यांचा संपर्क क्र.	
				संख्या	अध्यक्षांचे नाव	संपर्क क्र.
٤.	कुणकेश्वर	देवगड	कुणकेश्वर	50000	श्री.संजय वाळके	7769016236
			यात्रा			

आपत्तीचा मागील २० वर्षातील इतिहास(स्थळ दर्शक नकाशा वर दाखवावे)

हयामध्ये कारखान्यात, रस्त्यावर झालेले अपघात, पूर, गारपीट, ढगफुटी, यात्रातील घटना, पूल पडणे, वाहून जाणे, धरण / नदील बुडून मृत्यू, सहली मध्ये झालेल्या घटना, घातपात आदी सर्व घटक असावेत ज्यामुळे जीवित, वित्तीय अथवा निसर्गाचा ऱ्हास झालायांचा तपशील देणे

			झालेले नुकसान		
आपत्तीचा तपशील	आपत्तीचे कारण	जीवित	बाधित घरे वाटप.	जनावरे	वाटप केलेली मदत रु
त्सुनामी सन २००४	समुद्रात आलेल्या त्सुनामी				
सन २०१८ पुरात वाहून मृत्यु	पूर	०१			800000/-
सन २०२० प्रात वाह्न मृत्यु	पूर	०१			800000/-

तालुक्यातील विभागांची जबाबदार अधिकारी यांचा तपशील

क्र.	विभाग	जबाबदार अधिकारी	हुद्दा	संपर्क क्र.
8	महसूल	श्री.रमेश पवार	तहसिलदार देवगड	कार्यालय:०२३६४- २६२२०४ मोबाईल7057379177
ર	आरोग्य	डॉ.रविंद्र राठोड	तालुका आरोग्य अधिकारी	कार्यालय: मोबाईल 9404416171 आपत्कालीन :
3	पोलीस	श्री. निळकंठ बगळे	पोलिस निरीक्षक देवगड	कार्यालय:

				मोबाईल
				9673633066
				आपत्कालीन :
				कार्यालय:
				घर :
y	पोलीस	श्री.फर्णे	पोलिस निरीक्षक विजयदुर्ग	मोबाईल :
			111111111111111111111111111111111111111	8055702262
				आपत्कालीन :
				कार्यालय:
			उपविभागीय जलसंधारण	मोबाईल
G	पाटबंधारे	श्री.आर.वाय.सुर्यवंशी	अधिकारी उपविभाग	:8983220009
			वैभववाडी	आपत्कालीन :
			0. 0 :-	कार्यालय:
			उपविभागीय जलसंधारण	मोबाईल
ξ	६ जलसंधारण	श्री.एम.एन.चोडणकर	अधिकारी उपविभाग	:९४०३८७६७५५
			वैभववाडी	आपत्कालीन :
		श्री.श्रीनिवास व बासुतकर		कार्यालय:०२३६४-
	सार्वजनिक बांधकाम		उपविभागीय अभियंता	२६२२४५
la la				घर :
6				मोबाईल
				:8275381538
				आपत्कालीन :
				कार्यालय:०२३६४-
		 श्री.नजीम नाजीर	उपविभागीय अभियंता	२६२२४८
6	वीज वितरण	अहमद शेख		मोबाईल
		310 14 (14		7875765085
				आपत्कालीन :
		 श्री.नजीम नाजीर		कार्यालय:
9	वीज महामंडळ	अहमद शेख	उपविभागीय अभियंता	मोबाईल :
		0.0 1.4 1.5		आपत्कालीन :
				कार्यालय:
9	पश्संवर्धन	श्री.ढेकणे	पश्वैद्यकिय अधिकारी	मोबाईल :
	3		3	आपत्कालीन
				:9822711710
				कार्यालय:
१०	पर्यटन	-	-	मोबाईल :
	1401			आपत्कालीन :

88	शालेय शिक्षण (प्राथ)	श्री.पी.एस.थोरात	गटशिक्षण अधिकारी	कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल :९४२११३०६०६
१२	शालेय शिक्षण (माध्य)	श्री.पी.एस.थोरात	गटशिक्षण अधिकारी	आपत्कालीन : कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल :९४२११३०६०६ आपत्कालीन :
१ ३	पाणी पुरवठा विभाग	श्री.आर.वाय.सुर्यवंशी	उपविभागीय अभियंता	कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल :८९८३२२०००९ आपत्कालीन :
१४	तालुक्यातील म.न.पा / न.पा यांचे आयुक्त/मुख्यअधिकारी	श्री.उमेश स्वामी	मुख्याधिकारी न.प.देवगड	कार्यालय:०२३६४- २६२२२३ मोबाईल :७७०९७६७०१८ आपत्कालीन :
१५	वन विभाग			कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल : आपत्कालीन :
१६	कृषी	श्री.कैलास ढेपे	तालुका कृषि अधिकारी	कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल :9422201611 आपत्कालीन :
१७	महा भू आलेख	श्री.आर.व्ही.सुवारे	प्र.उपअधिक्षक भूमि अभिलेख देवगड	कार्यालय:०२३६४- २६२०८३ मोबाईल : आपत्कालीन :९८२३३४२०३१
86	राज्य परिवहन	श्री.एस.व्ही.बोधे	आगार व्यवस्थापक,रा.प.म.देवगड आगार	कार्यालय:०२३६४- २६२२०३ मोबाईल :९९७५२५८५३४

				आपत्कालीन :
१९	राज्य परिवहन	श्री.ए.एस.मांगलेकर	आगार व्यवस्थापक,रा.प.म.विजयदुर्ग आगार	कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल :८६२४९०६३२५ आपत्कालीन :
२०	गृह रक्षक दल	श्री.मंगेश धर्मराज जाधव	समादेशक	कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल :९४२१२६४०२४ आपत्कालीन :
२२	नागरी संरक्षण दल	-	-	कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल : आपत्कालीन :
२२	मेरिटाइम बोर्ड	-	-	कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल : आपत्कालीन

तालुकास्तरीय प्रशिक्षित शीघ्र कृती दलाचा तपशील

हयामध्ये पट्टीचे पोहोणारे, मदत व बचाव, प्रथमोपचार, अग्निशमन आदी बाबीत प्रवीण असणाऱ्यांची नावे, जे आपत्ती काळात उपलब्ध असतील व स्थानिक प्रशासनाबरोबर त्याच्या मार्गदर्शनाखाली काम करू शकतील.

सोबत, विविध प्रकारची वाहन चालवण्याचा अनुभव असणारे, गवंडीकाम करूशकणारे अश्यांचा समावेश असावा.(उदा. पोहणारे, JCB, ट्रक चालक, विद्युत उपकरणे, वाहन दुरुस्ती)

क्र .	नाव	संपर्क क्र.	रहात असलेल्या मंडचे/ गावाचे नाव	उपयुक्ततेचा तपशील चालक / पोहणारा/ संपर्क व्यवस्था ई
8	श्री.मंगेश धर्मराज जाधव	९४२१२६४०२४		रबर बोट ऑपरेटर व पोहणारा
2	श्री.प्रकाश यशवंत जाधव			रबर बोट ऑपरेटर व पोहणारा
3	श्री.दत्ताराम बाबाजी झाजम	९४२०३०७७४८		रबर बोट ऑपरेटर व पोहणारा
8	श्री.श्रीराम लवू साईम	९४२१२६३७६२		रबर बोट ऑपरेटर व पोहणारा
G	श्री.प्रदिप चंद्रकांत राणे	९९७५१६९२२१		पोहणारा
Ę	श्री.गणेश पुरूषोत्तम गोसावी	९७५७४८६२१४		पोहणारा
6	श्री.सुधाकर सदाशिव नाईकधुरे	८३९०४१७२९४		पोहणारा
6	श्री.अजय भगवान वानिवडेकर	७७९८६७२०९४		पोहणारा

तालुक्यातील पेट्रोल पंपांचा तपशील (स्थळ दर्शक नकाशा जोडावा)

क्र.	पंपाची सेवा देणाऱ्या कंपनीचे	मंडलाचे	सरासरी उपलब्द साठा लिटरमध्ये		
	नाव		पेट्रोल	डीझेल	LPG / CNG
8	इंडीयन ऑईल	देवगड	20000	२०००	
2	इंडीयन ऑईल	देवगड	20000	२००००	
3	भारत पेट्रोलीयम	देवगड	20000	२००००	
8	भारत पेट्रोलीयम	पडेल	20000	20000	
G	ऐसर पेट्रोलीयम	मिठबांव	20000	२०००	
ξ	इंडीयन ऑईल	शिरगांव	20000	२००००	

तालुक्यातील उपलब्ध वाहनांचा तपशील

क्र.	व्यक्तीचे नाव	संपर्क क्र.	a	गहनाचा प्रक	गर (बरोबरची	खुण करावी)	
	ş		क्रेन	jcb	ट्रक	ट्रक्टर	जीप/प्रवासी
8							
2							
3							
8							
y							

तालुक्यातील उपलब्ध उपकरणांचा तपशील (खाजगी व शासनाकडून मिळालेल्या)

豖.		संख्या							
	साठवणीची जागा	लाईफ बोय	लाईफ जॅकेट			बोट इंजिन सह	शिडी	दोर	
8	तहसिलदार कार्यालय देवगड	ઝ	⁽⁹	8	0	0	0	8	
2	तलाठी कार्यालय धालवली	S	લ	0	0	0	0	0	

तालुक्यातील सामाजिक संस्था -देवगड तालुक्यात NGO नाहीत.

वैभववाडी तालुका आपत्ती व्यवस्थापन आराखडा

वैभववाडी तालुका आपत्ती व्यवस्थापन आराखडा

तालुक्याचे नाव : वैभववाडी

तालुक्याचे मुख्यालयाचे ठिकाणः तहसिलदार कार्यालय वैभववाडी

मा.तहसीलदार यांचे नाव : श्रीम दिप्ती देसाई

दूरध्वनी / मोबाईल क्र. : 9421172234

आपात्कालीन संपर्क क्र. : 9421172234

मा. गटविकास □ धिकारी नाव : श्री. जयप्रकाश परब

दूरध्वनी / मोबाईल क्र. : 9420257655

आपात्कालीन संपर्क क्र. : 9420257655

तयार करण्याचा दिनांक :16.05.2023

🛘 द्ययावत करण्याचा दिनांक : 16.05.2023

नियंत्रण कक्षाचा दूरध्वनी क्र. : 02367/ 237239

नियंत्रण कक्ष चालू 🗆 सण्याचा कालावधी : 24x7

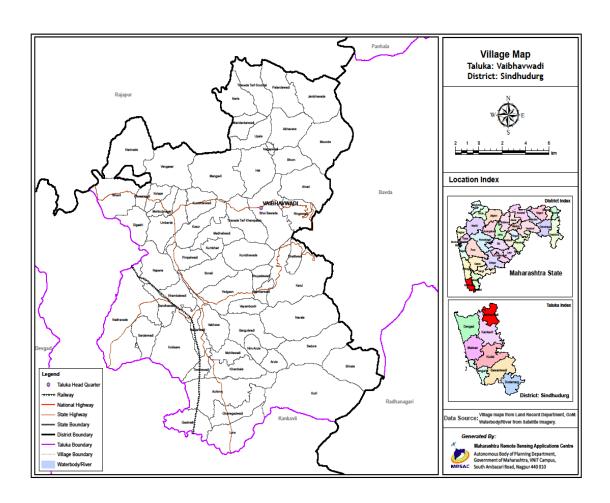
तालुका स्तरावरील आपत्ती व्यवस्थापन नियंत्रण कक्ष सांभाळणारा जबाबदार □ धिकारी (ना. तहसीलदार / □ व्वल कारकून ई.)

नाव :श्री.ए. आर. कवळेकर हुद्दा : निवासी नायब तहसिलदार

घर....मोबाईल: 9405787805

आपत्कालीनक्र.9405787805

तालुक्याचा भौगोलिक नकाशा (ज्यात चतुःसीमा, मंडलप्रमुख रस्ता मंडळाच्या सीमा, नद्या, धरणप्रमुख गावंची तसद्य MIDC, राज्वामार्ग, विमान तळ ई. तपशील □ सावा.)



तालुक्याची आ. व्य. 🗆 नुषंगाना्लागणारी माहिती -

क्र	जिल्हा मुख्यालयापासून □ंतर	किमी		62
१	चतुःसीमा -	पूर्वेस - पश्चिमेस - दक्षिणेस - उत्तरेस -		
२	क्षेत्रफळ (चौ. कि.मी. मध्ये)	क्षेत्र41.610च	गै.कि.मी	
3	लोकसंख्या -	पुरुष -	22605 महिल	ता -21240
	तालुक्यातून जाणारे राष्ट्रीय	कोठून	कोठ□	लांबी (कि.मी.)
8	महामार्ग	विजयदुर्ग	कोल्हापुर	34
		कोठून	कोठ□	लांबी (कि.मी.)
ų	तालुक्यातून जाणारे राज्य	खारेपाटण	कोल्हापुर	32
,	महामार्ग	खारेपाटण ते कनेडीमार्ग	आचरा	40
		कोठून	कोठ□	लांबी (कि.मी.)
દ્દ	तालुक्यातून जाणारे रेल्वे मार्ग	शेर्पे	गडमठ	15
		ठिकाण	🗆 क्षांश	राखांश
	विमानतळ / हेलिपॅड आदीचा		N	S
6	तपशील ८ □ंकात उदा.१८.३६.१२००		N	S
			N	S
		नदीचााव	वाहण्याची दिः	तालुक्यातील लांबी कि.मी.
		सुख नदी करूळ- नावळे	पूर्व पश्चिम	40
		शांती नदी - कोकिसरे	दक्षिण -पश्चिम	Э 30
۷	तालुक्यातील नद्यांचा तपशील	शिवगंगा नदी -कुर्ली -लोरे	पूर्व पश्चिम	15
		जामदा नदी - मौदे - ति□वली	पूर्व पश्चिम	40
		गोठणा नदी - नाधवडे		10

		धरणाचााव	नदी	धरणाचााव
		नाधवडे	गोठणा	नाधवडे
0	नदीवरील धरणे	कुर्ली	कुर्ली	कुर्ली
९	नदावरास वरण	ति□वली	जामदा	ति□वली
		नानिवडे	जामदा	नानिवडे
		आखवणे	□ रू णा	आखवणे
	संवेदनशील आस्थापना -	ठिकाण	आस्थापना प्रकार	धोक्याचखर्णन
१०	ह्यात 🗆 श्या जागा किवा घटक ज्यामुळे आपत्ती जन्य स्थिती निर्माण होऊ शकते - उदा - लष्कराचे तळ, दारुगोळा गोदामे, रासायनिक कारखाने , गॅस, पेट्रोल ई.चे साठे, १०,००० पेक्षा जास्त संख्येची यात्रा स्थाने.	निरंक	निरंक	निरंक

तालुक्यातील मंडल निहाय हवामानाचा तपशील

क्र.	मंडलाच:माव	वार्षिक पावसाची सरासरी	गल्या २० वर्षातील कमाल व किमान पाउस	वार्षिक सरासरी तापमान	गल्या २० वर्षातील कमाल व किमान तापमान
१	वैभववाडी	4202	कमाल -270 किमान -1	42	19
ર	भुईबावडा	3594	कमाल -241 किमान -1	41	17
ą	एडगाव	4523	कमाल -238 किमान -1	41	18

आपत्ती व्यवस्थापन समितीचा तपशील

क्र.	हुद्दा	पद	नाव	संपर्क क्र.	जबाबदारीचास्वरूप
१	मा. तहसीलदार	□ ध्यक्ष	श्रीम. दिप्ती देसाई	9421172234	आपत्तीच्या तीनही स्तरावरील कामाची जबादारी. मदत बचावाचे नियंत्रक
२	गट विकास 🛮 धिकारी		श्री. जयप्रकाश परब	9420257655	
ş	नायब तहसीलदार		श्री.□ नंत कवळेकर	9405787805	
8	□ व्वल कारकून		श्रीम. कांचन मांजरेकर	9420207663	
4	सहायक पोलीस निरीक्षक		श्री. खंडागळे	8424978222 9270363328	
Ę	आरोग्य □ धिकारी		डॉ.श्री.□ निल पवार	9130540151	
6	पाटबंधारे		श्री.हर्षद यादव	8668520396	
۷	सार्वजनिक बांधकाम		श्री.व्हि. व्हि. जोशी	9423053599	
9	समाजसेवी संस्था १		सहयाद्री जीवरक्षक प□क करूळ	7517444001	
१०	समाजसेवी संस्था २		दत्तकृपा प्रतिष्ठान वैभववाडी	9423315230	
११	□तर				

महसूल विभागातील मंडल 🗆 धिकाऱ्याची (Circle) माहिती

क्र.	मंडलाच□ नाव	मंडल □ धिकाऱ्याच□ नाव	संपर्क क्र. वापरातील	संपर्क क्र आपत्ती काळातील	जबाबदारीचा तपशील
१	वैभववाडी	श्री.ए.एल.कदम	9146751294	9146751294	नैसर्गिक आपत्ती घडल्यास त्याबाबत तात्काळ तालुका नियंत्रण कक्षाला माहिती देणे.
R	भुईंबावडा	श्री.पी.एम.पिळणकर	9405722867	9405722867	नैसर्गिक आपत्ती घडल्यास त्याबाबत तात्काळ तालुका नियंत्रण कक्षाला माहिती देणे.
m	एडगाव	श्री.ए. डी.वैराग	7744967608	7744967608	नैसर्गिक आपत्ती घडल्यास त्याबाबत तात्काळ तालुका नियंत्रण कक्षाला माहिती देणे.
8	कुसुर	श्री.जी.टी हावळ	9421128427	9421128427	नैसर्गिक आपत्ती घडल्यास त्याबाबत तात्काळ तालुका नियंत्रण कक्षाला माहिती देणे.

तालुक्यातील आपत्ती निर्माण होण्याच्या संभाव्य जागा (स्थळ दर्शक नकाशा जोडावा)

τ	<u>रू</u>						
	क्र.	नदीच□ नाव	मंडलाच□ नाव	संभाव्य पूर प्रवण गाव□	गावाची लोक संख्या	संभाव्य बाधित घरांची संख्या	बाधितांना स्थलांतरित करण्यासाठी स्थानिक उपलब्ध □मारती, शाळा व त□ील सुविधाची माहिती.
	१	सुख नदी करूळ- सोनाळी नापणे	एडगांव	सोनाळी, नापणे	सोनाळी 1036 ,नापणे 741	सोनाळी २०, नापणे ३	विदया मंदीर शाळा नं. 1 सोनाळी गांगेश्वर विदया मंदीर नापणे शाळा नं.1
	२	शांती नदी -कोकिसरे	एडगाव				

3	शिवगंगा नदी - कुर्ली - लोरे	वैभववाडी	 	
8	जामदा नदी - ति□वली	भुईबावडा	 	

दरड कोसळण□

क्र.	मंडलाच□ नाव	संभाव्य पूर प्रवण गाव□	गावाची लोक संख्या	संभाव्य बाधित घरांची संख्या	बाधितांना स्थलांतरित करण्यासाठी उपलब्ध □मारती, शाळा व त⊡ील सुविधाची माहिती.
१	एडगाव	सोनाळी,	1036	20	विदया मंदीर शाळा नं. 1 सोनाळी
		नापणे	741	3	गांगेश्वर विदया मंदीर नापणे शाळा नं.1
		,कुसूर	1612	3	मळेवाडी शाळा कुसुर

<u>तालुक्यातील यात्रास्थान(१०,००० पक्षा जास्त भाविक जमण्याची यात्रा</u> स्थान□

क्र .	गावाच□ नाव	मंडल	यात्र छ । नाव	संभाव्य भाविकांची	यात्रा नियमक मंडळाच्या 🛭 ध्यक्षांचामाव त्यांचा संपर्क क्र.	
	119		119	संख्या	🛘 ध्यक्षांचामाव	संपर्क क्र.

<u>आपत्तीचा मागील २० वर्षातील □तिहास</u>(स्थळ दर्शक नकाशा वर दाखवाव)

ह्यामध्ये कारखान्यात, रस्त्यावर झालेले □ पघात, पूर, गारपीट, ढगफुटी, यात्रातील घटना, पूल पडणे, वाहून जाणे, धरण / नदीत बुडून मृत्यू, सहली मध्ये झालेल्या घटना, घातपात आदी सर्व घटक □ सावेत ज्यामुळे जीवित, वित्तीय □ □वा निसर्गाचा ऱ्हास झालायांचा तपशील देणे.

		झाल ल मुकसान			
आपत्तीचा तपशील	आपत्तीच□ कारण	जीवित	बाधित घर⊔ वाटप.	जनावर⊔	वाटप कलती मदत रु
नैसर्गिक आपत्ती	पुरात वाहुन, वीज पडुन	6	0	3	24,68,000/-

तालुक्यातील विभागांची जबाबदार 🗆 धिकारी यांचा तपशील

□. 큙.	विभाग	जबाबदार 🛮 धिकारी	हुद्दा	संपर्क क्र.
१	महसूल	श्रीम. दिप्ती देसाई	तहसिलदार	कार्यालय: तहसिलदार कार्यालय वैभववाडी घर : मोबाईल :9421172234 आपत्कालीन :
?	आरोग्य	डॉ.श्री.□ निल पवार	प्रा□िमेक आरोग्य □धिकारी वैभववाडी	कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल : 8999076165 आपत्कालीन :
ą	पोलीस	श्री. खंडागळे	सहायकपोलीस निरीक्षक, पोलीस ठाणे वैभववाडी	कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल : 8424978222 9270363328 आपत्कालीन :
8	पाटबंधारे	श्री.हर्षद यादव	कार्यकारी □भियंता,मध्यम प्रकल्प विभागीय प□क, आंबडपाल कुडाळ	कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल :8668520396 आपत्कालीन :
ų	जलसंधारण	श्री.संतोष शिरोडकर	उपविभागीयजलसंधार ण 🛭 धिकारी	कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल :9422212302 आपत्कालीन :
દ્ધ	सार्वजनिक बांधकाम	श्री.व्हि. व्हि. जोशी	उपविभागीय □ भियंता, वैभववाडी	कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल : 9423053599 आपत्कालीन :
6	वीज महामंडळ	श्री.सूर्यवंशी	शाखा □ भियंता, म.रा.वि.वि. वैभववाडी	कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल :7875765084 आपत्कालीन :
۷	वीज वितरण			कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल : आपत्कालीन :

9	पशुसंवर्धन	श्री.स्वप्नील □ंबी	पशुधन विकास □ धिकारीपंचायत समिती वैभववाडी	कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल :7588912453 आपत्कालीन :
१०	पर्यटन			कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल : आपत्कालीन :
११	शालेय शिक्षण (प्रा□)	श्री.मुकुंद शिनगारे	गटशिक्षणाधिकारी वैभववाडी	कार्यालय:ग.शि.कार्या.वैभववा डी घर : मोबाईल :9579872301 आपत्कालीन 9579872301
१२	शालेय शिक्षण (माध्य)	श्री.मुकुंद शिनगारे	गटशिक्षणाधिकारी वैभववाडी	कार्यालय:ग.शि.कार्या.वैभववा डी घर : मोबाईल :9579872301 आपत्कालीन:9579872301
१३	MIDC □धिकारी			कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल : आपत्कालीन :
१४	पाणी पुरवठा विभाग			कार्यालय: मोबाईल : आपत्कालीन :
१५	तालुक्यातील म.न.पा / न.पा यांचे आयुक्त/मुख्य□ धिकारी	श्री.सुरज कांबळे	मुख्याधिकारी, नगरपंचायत वाभवे वैभववाडी	कार्यालय:नगरपंचायत वैभववाडी मोबाईल :9075637575 आपत्कालीन : 9075637575
8	तालुक्यातील म.न.पा / न.पा यांचे आयुक्त/मुख्य□ धिकारी			कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल : आपत्कालीन :
१७	तालुक्यातील म.न.पा / न.पा यांचे आयुक्त/मुख्य□ धिकारी			कार्यालय: मोबाईल : आपत्कालीन :

१८	वन विभाग			कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल : आपत्कालीन :
१९	कृषी	श्री.सचिन कांबळे	तालुका कृषी □ धिकारी वैभववाडी	कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल :9421863509 आपत्कालीन :
२०	महा भू आलेख	श्री विजय वावरे	उप □ धिक्षक भुमी □ भिलेख वैभववाडी	कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल :9921998882 आपत्कालीन :
२१	राज्य परिवहन			कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल : आपत्कालीन :
22	हवामान विभाग			कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल : आपत्कालीन :
२३	गृह रक्षक दल			कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल : आपत्कालीन :
28	नागरी संरक्षण दल			कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल : आपत्कालीन :
२५	मेरिटा⊔म बोर्ड			कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल : आपत्कालीन

तालुकास्तरीय प्रशिक्षित शीघ्र कृती दलाचा तपशील

ह्यामध्ये पट्टीचे पोहोणारे, मदत व बचाव, प्र□मोपचार, □िप्रशमन आदी बाबीत प्रवीण □ सणाऱ्यांची नावे, जे आपत्ती काळात उपलब्ध □ सतील व स्थानिक प्रशासनाबरोबर त्याच्या मार्गदर्शनाखाली काम करू शकतील.

सोबत, विविध प्रकारची वाहन चालवण्याचा □नुभव □सणारे, गवंडीकाम करूशकणारे □श्यांचा समावेश □सावा.

(उदा. पोहणारे, JCB, ट्रक चालक, विद्युत उपकरणे, वाहन दुरुस्ती)

□.क्र.	नाव	संपर्क क्र.	रहात □ सलक्ष्या मंडचं गावाचं नाव	उपयुक्ततच्चा तपशील चालक / पोहणारा/ संपर्क व्यवस्था ई
१	श्री.हेमंत हनुमंत पाटील	7517444001	मंडळ एडगाव गाव करूळ	चालक / पोहणारा/
२	श्री.नरेंद्र जगन्ना□ कोलते	9403558755	मंडळ एडगाव गाव करूळ	चालक / पोहणारा/
ş	श्री.रामकृष्ण पांडुरंग कोलते	9421280684	मंडळ एडगाव गाव करूळ	पोहणारा
ጸ	श्री.हिंदुराव श्रीधर पाटील	9421144539	मंडळ एडगाव गाव करूळ	चालक / पोहणारा/
ч	श्री.विजय सिताराम सावंत	9405706737	मंडळ एडगाव गाव करूळ	पोहणारा
દ્દ	श्री.वसंत परशुराम पाटील	8275769484	मंडळ एडगाव गाव करूळ	चालक / पोहणारा/
6	श्री.राजेंद्र गणपत वारंग	8459947492	मंडळ एडगाव गाव करूळ	चालक / पोहणारा/
८.	श्री.रलकांत सुरबा राशिवटे	9423257249	मंडळ एडगाव गाव करूळ	पोहणारा
٧.	श्री.राजेंद्र केशव पवार	9405426070	मंडळ एडगाव गाव करूळ	चालक / पोहणारा/
१०.	श्री.संजय विष्णू पवार	9423832617	मंडळ एडगाव गाव करूळ	चालक / पोहणारा/

तालुक्यातील पट्टोल पंपांचा तपशील (स्थळ दर्शक नकाशा जोडावा)

क्र.	पंपाची सद्वा दृष्णाऱ्या कंपनीच□	मंडलाच : माव	सरासरी उपलब्द साठा लिटरमध्य□				
	नाव		पट्टोल	डीझल	LPG / CNG		
१	एच.पी-वैभवलक्ष्मी ☐ टो फयु ल पेट्रोलपंप	वैभववाडी	2000	3300			
2	⊔ंडीयन ऑईल - भैरीभवानी पेट्रोलपंप	वैभववाडी	1500	3000			
n	⊔ंडीयन ऑईल - शिरवडेकर ऑटोमोबाईल्स पेट्रोलपंप	वैभववाडी	5195	11653			
8	भारत पेट्रोलियम - महालक्ष्मी पेट्रोलपंप	वैभववाडी	6699	11486			
ų	सिध्दू पेट्रोलियम ति□वली	भुईबावडा	2000	3000			

तालुक्यातील उपलब्ध वाहनांचा तपशील

क्र.	व्यक्तीचे नाव	संपर्क क्र.	वाहनाचा प्रकार (बरोबरची खुण करावी)				खुण करावी)
			क्रम	jcb	ट्रक	ट्रक्टर	जीप/प्रवासी
१	श्री.दिगंबर पाटील रा.करूळ	9421266774		√	✓	✓	
ર	श्री.गुलाबराव चव्हाण	9552112657		✓		✓	
3	श्री.सुनिल रावराणे	9423805655		✓		✓	
8	श्री.रोहित रावराणे	9422381037		✓		✓	
ų	श्री गिरीधर रावराणे	9423051506		✓	✓	✓	

तालुक्यातील उपलब्ध उपकरणांचा तपशील (खाजगी व शासनाकडून मिळालक्ष्या)

क	क्र. साठवणीची जागा	संख्या							
. яг.		लाईफ बोय	लाईफ जॅकट	जनराहर	बोट	बोट ⊡ंजिन सह	शिडी	दोर	
१	तहसिलदार कार्यालय वैभववाडी	20	29	1	0	0	0	1	12 लाईफ बोय,20 लाईफ जॅक्ट सुस्थितीत
2	तहसिलदार कार्यालय वैभववाडी	टॉर्च	स्टार्चर्स	बॅटरी	पोर्टेबल ामर्जन्सी लाईटिंग सिस्टिीम	टेंट -	सॅटल्रा⊔ट फोन -		
		3	1	2	2	1	1		3 टॉर्च बंद स्थितीत

तालुक्यातील सामाजिक संस्था

□. क्र.	नाव संपर्क क्र.		सहकार्याचŒवरूप	उपयुक्तता <u>चा</u> तपशील *
१	वैभवसिंधु मित्र परीवार वैभववाडी	9421144795	पुरात वाहुन गेलेल्या व्यक्तींना शोधणे, दरड कोसळलेल्या ठिकाणी मदत करणे.	
२	स्विकार 🗅 एटर्स नाधवडे	9422367071/9 423300274	पुरात वाहुन गेलेल्या व्यक्तींना शोधणे, दरड कोसळलेल्या ठिकाणी मदत करणे	

æ	दत्तकृपा प्रतिष्ठान वैभववाडी	9423315230	पुरात वाहुन गेलेल्या व्यक्तींना शोधणे, दरड कोसळलेल्या ठिकाणी मदत करणे	
8	सहयाद्री जीवरक्षक प□क करूळ	7517444001	पुरात वाहुन गेलेल्या व्यक्तींना शोधणे, दरड कोसळलेल्या ठिकाणी मदत करणे	

सन २०२३-२०२४

तालुका आपत्ती व्यवस्थापन आराखडा माहिती सकलन

तालुका कुडाळ

अखिल भारतीय स्थानिक स्वराज्य संस्था आपत्ती व्यवस्थापन विभाग, प्णे

तालुका आपत्ती व्यवस्थापन आराखडा

ताल्क्याचे नाव : कुडाळ

ताल्क्याचे म्ख्यालयाचे ठिकाण : कुडाळ

मा.तहसीलदार यांचे नाव : श्री.अमोल भागचंद्र पाठक.

दुरध्वनी / मोबाईल क्र. : 9689684034

आपात्कालीन संपर्क क्र. : 02362 222525

मा. गटविकास अधिकारी नाव : श्री.विजय चव्हाण.

दुरध्वनी / मोबाईल क्र. : 9422065222

आपात्कालीन संपर्क क्र. : 02362 222210

तयार करण्याचा दिनांक : 22/05/2023

अद्ययावत करण्याचा दिनांक : 24/05/2023

नियंत्रण कक्षाचा दूरध्वनी क्र. : 02362 222525

नियंत्रण कक्ष चाल् असणायचा कालावधी दरवर्षी माहे जून ते ऑक्टोबर महिनाअखेर पर्यंत २४ x ७.

ताल्का स्तरावरील आपत्ती व्यवस्थापन नियंत्रण कक्ष सांभाळणारा जबाबदार अधिकारी (ना. तहसीलदार / अव्वल कारकून ई.)

नाव : श्री.के.एम.दाभोलकर ह्दा : निवासी नायब तहसिलदार

घर : मु.पो.ओरोस तालुका कुडाळ. मोबाईल 9423305347

आपत्कालीन क्र. 02362 222525

		नकाशा (ज						•	ζ,	. , .,
गावंची तसेच	i MIDC,	रल्व माग,	, ।वमान	d ∞ \$. c	।पशाल	असावा.)				

तालुक्याची आ. व्य. अनुषंगाने लागणारी माहिती -

क्र	जिल्हा मुख्यालयापासून अंतर	किमी 15		
	. 3 %	पूर्वेस - सावंतवाडी		
		्र पश्चिमेस - मालवण		
8	चतुःसीमा -	दक्षिणेस - वेंगुर्ला		
		उत्तरेस - कणकवली		
२	क्षेत्रफळ (चौ. कि.मी. मध्ये)	81809 हेक्टर		
3	लोकसंख्या -	एक्ण -155624	<u>.</u>	
	नानस्थानन नागारे गहरीय	कोठून	कोठे	लांबी (कि.मी.)
8	तालुक्यातून जाणारे राष्ट्रीय महामार्ग 17	कसाल	झाराप	-
	מקושוטי ו			
	तालुक्यातून जाणारे राज्य	कोठून	कोठे	लांबी (कि.मी.)
⁴	महामार्ग		-	-
	orgion-1		-	-
		कोठून	कोठे	लांबी (कि.मी.)
ξ	तालुक्यातून जाणारे रेल्वे मार्ग	कसाल झाराप		27.6 कि.मी.
		ठिकाण	अक्षांश	रेखांश
	विमानतळ / हेलिपॅड आदीचा		N	S
b	तपशील ८ अंकात उदा. १८.३६.१२००		N	S
	C 31471(1 341. 10.24.1100		N	S
		नदीचे नाव	वाहण्याची दिश	तालुक्यातील लांबी कि.मी.
		भंगसाळ नदी	पश्चिमवाहीन	ी ।
6	तालुक्यातील नद्यांचा तपशील	बेलनदी	पश्चिमवाहीव	नी
		कर्ली नदी	पश्चिमवाहीव	नी
		पीठ ढवळ नदी	पश्चिमवाही	नी
		सरंबळ नदी पश्चिमवाहीनी		नी
٩	 नदीवरील धरणे	धरणाचे गाव	नदी	धरणाचे नाव
,	- M-4/1/1 4/ 1	निरुखे	कर्ली नदी	निरुखे

	-:>	ठिकाण	आस्थापना प्रकार	धोक्याचे वर्णन
	संवेदनशील आस्थापना - हयात अश्या जागा किवा घटक			
	ज्यामुळे आपत्ती जन्य स्थिती निर्माण होऊ शकते -			
१०	उदा - लष्कराचे तळ, दारुगोळा गोदामे, रासायनिक कारखाने ,		निरंक	
	गॅस, पेट्रोल ई.चे साठे, १०,००० पेक्षा जास्त संख्येची यात्रा स्थाने.			

तालुक्यातील मंडळ निहाय हवामानाचा तपशील

क्र.	मंडलाचे नाव	वार्षिक पावसाची सरासरी	सन 2021-22 वर्षातील कमाल व किमान पाउस	वार्षिक सरासरी तापमान	गेल्या २० वर्षातील कमाल व किमान तापमान		
ę	कुडाळ	3000 ते 3500 मी,मी.	कमाल 203 किमान 0	25 ते 35 अंश सेल्सियस			
ર	पिंगुळ <u>ी</u>	3000 ਨੇ 3500 ਸੀ,ਸੀ.	कमाल 175 किमान 0	25 ते 35 अंश सेल्सियस			
3	वालावल	3000 ਨੇ 3500 ਸੀ,ਸੀ.	कमाल 201 किमान 0	25 ते 35 अंश सेल्सियस			
8	कसाल	3000 ਨੇ 3500 ਸੀ,ਸੀ.	कमाल 182 किमान 0	25 ते 35 अंश सेल्सियस			
લ	कडावल	3000 ਨੇ 3500 ਸੀ,ਸੀ.	कमाल 165 किमान 0	25 ते 35 अंश सेल्सियस			
Ę	माणगाव	3000 ते 4000 मी,मी.	कमाल 156 किमान 0	25 ते 35 अंश सेल्सियस			
b	ओरोस	माहे नोव्हेंबर 202	0 पासून नवीन मंडळ करण	यात आले आहे.			
C	गोठोस	माहे नोव्हेंबर 2020 पासून नवीन मंडळ करण्यात आले आहे.					
9	झाराप	माहे नोव्हेंबर 202	0 पासून नवीन मंडळ करण	यात आले आहे.			
१०	मडगाव	माहे नोव्हेंबर 202	0 पासून नवीन मंडळ करण	यात आले आहे.			

आपत्ती व्यवस्थापन समितीचा तपशील

क्र.	हुद्दा	पद	नाव	संपर्क क्र.	जबाबदारीचे स्वरूप
8	मा.	अध्यक्ष	श्री.अमोल भागचंद्र	9689684034	आपत्तीच्या तीनही
	तहसीलदार		पाठक		स्तरावरील कामाची जबादारी.
					मदत बचावाचे नियंत्रक
२	गट विकास	सचिव	श्री.विजय चव्हाण	9422065222	मदत बचावाचे नियंत्रक
	अधिकारी				
3	नायब	सदस्य	श्री.कमलाकर	9423305347	मदत बचावाचे नियंत्रक
	तहसीलदार		दाभोलकर		
8	अव्वल	सदस्य	श्री. पंकज	9420307074	मदत बचावाचे नियंत्रक
	कारकून		मांजरेकर		
y	पोलीस	सदस्य	श्री.चिंदरकर	9821222045/	मदत बचावाचे नियंत्रक
	निरीक्षक			02362-222533	
Ę	आरोग्य	सदस्य	डॉ.एस.व्ही.कांबळे	8806326131/	मदत बचावाचे नियंत्रक
	अधिकारी			02362-222812	
6	पाटबंधारे	सदस्य	श्री.एल.एम.डुबळे	9422565100/	मदत बचावाचे नियंत्रक
	अधिकारी			02362-222689	
6	सार्वजनिक	सदस्य	श्री.आर.एस.कुलांगे	9404751374/	मदत बचावाचे नियंत्रक
	बांधकाम			02362-228819	
९	समाजसेवी	सदस्य	रोटरी क्लब कुडाळ	9405330064	मदत बचावाचे नियंत्रक
	संस्था १				
१०	समाजसेवी	सदस्य	लायन्स क्लब	9422373493	मदत बचावाचे नियंत्रक
	संस्था २		कुडाळ		
११	इतर				

महसूल विभागातील मंडल अधिकाऱ्याची (Circle) माहिती

豖.	मंडलाचे	मंडल अधिकाऱ्याचे	संपर्क क्र.	संपर्क क्र आपत्ती	जबाबदारीचा तपशील
	नाव	नाव	वापरातील	काळातील	·
8	कुडाळ	श्री.प्रकाश पास्ते	9545537676	02362222525	मंडळा अंतर्गत येणाऱ्या तलाठी
					सजातील महसुली गावात होणाऱ्या
					आपत्ती मदत बचावाचे प्रमुख
२	वालावल	श्री.संतोष गुरखे	9404497716	02362222525	मंडळा अंतर्गत येणाऱ्या
					तलाठी सजातील महसुली गावात
					होणाऱ्या आपत्ती मदत बचावाचे
-	2.111	श्री.डि.व्ही.तेली	0420257457	02262222525	प्रमुख मंडळा अंतर्गत येणाऱ्या
3	कसाल	ત્રા.15.વ્હા.તલા	9420357457	02362222525	तलाठी सजातील महसुली गावात
					होणाऱ्या आपत्ती मदत बचावाचे
					प्रमुख
R	ओरोस	श्री.ई.पी.गंगावणे	9403804631	02362222525	मंडळा अंतर्गत येणाऱ्या
	बु.	`			तलाठी सजातील महसुली गावात
	ي ا				होणाऱ्या आपत्ती मदत बचावाचे
					प्रमुख
y	कडावल	श्री.साटम	9423301566	02362222525	मंडळा अंतर्गत येणाऱ्या
					तलाठी सजातील महसुली गावात
					होणाऱ्या आपत्ती मदत बचावाचे
					प्रमुख
ξ	माणगाव	श्री.ए.एस.नार्वेकर	9359091845/	02362222525	मंडळा अंतर्गत येणाऱ्या
			9420821413		तलाठी सजातील महसुली गावात होणाऱ्या आपत्ती मदत बचावाचे
6	गोठोस	श्रीम आर बी. ढवळ	Q27577 <i>A</i> 27 <i>A</i>	02362222525	प्रमुख मंडळा अंतर्गत येणाऱ्या
G	31101(1	जारा आर बा. ७५८	02/3//42/4	02302222323	तलाठी सजातील महसुली गावात
					होणाऱ्या आपत्ती मदत बचावाचे
					प्रमुख
6	पिंगुळी	श्री.एम.जी.गवस	9423403424	02362222525	मंडळा अंतर्गत येणाऱ्या
					तलाठी सजातील महसुली गावात
					होणाऱ्या आपत्ती मदत बचावाचे
					प्रमुख
९	झाराप	श्रीम.यु.यु.जांभवडेकर	8999470909	02362222525	मंडळा अंतर्गत येणाऱ्या
					तलाठी सजातील महसुली गावात
					होणाऱ्या आपत्ती मदत बचावाचे
			0.40007075	0000000000	प्रमुख
१०	मडगाव	श्रीम.एस.ए.दळवी	9422079552	02362222525	मंडळा अंतर्गत येणाऱ्या तलाठी
					सजातील महसुली गावात होणाऱ्या
					आपत्ती मदत बचावाचे प्रमुख

तालुक्यातील आपत्ती निर्माण होण्याच्या संभाव्य जागा (स्थळ दर्शक नकाशा जोडावा)

<u>पूर</u>

豖.	नदीचे	मंडलाचे	संभाव्य पूर	गावाची	संभाव्य बाधित	बाधितांना स्थलांतरित
	नाव	नाव	प्रवण गावे	लोक	घरांची संख्या	करण्यासाठी स्थानिक उपलब्ध
				संख्या		इमारती, शाळा व तेथील
						सुविधाची माहिती.
8	भंगसाळ	कुडाळ	कुडाळ		14	न्यू इंग्लिश स्कूल कुडाळ ,
	नदी		आंबेडकरनगर			डॉ.बाबासाहेब आंबेडकर
						समाजभवन कुडाळ
२	बेलनदी	कुडाळ	पावशी	2742	153	जि.प.पूर्ण प्राथमिक शाळा
			शेलटेवाडी			पावशी बेलनदीवाडी
						जि.प.पूर्ण प्रा.शाळा पावशी नं.1
						ग्रामसचिवालय पावशी
3	कर्ली	वालावल	बाव बागवाडी	1169	25	जि.प.पूर्ण प्राथमिक शाळा बाव
			देऊळवाडी			
8	कर्ली	वालावल	चेंदवण	1723	138	चेंदवण हायस्कूल
			मळेवाडी			
y	कर्ली	वालावल	सरंबळ /	1985	40	जि.प.पूर्ण प्राथमिक शाळा नं.१,
			देऊळवाडी			२, व ३ सरंबळ
			भाटीवाडी			माध्यमिक विद्या. सरंबळ
						हायस्कूल सरंबळ

पूर व इतर ठिकाणी आपत्ती निर्माण झाल्यास स्थलांतरीत करणेसाठी जागा

क्र.	मंडलाचे	संभाव्य पूर	गावाची	संभाव्य बाधित	बाधितांना स्थलांतरित करण्यासाठी
	नाव	प्रवण गावे	लोक संख्या	घरांची संख्या	स्थानिक उपलब्ध इमारती, शाळा व
					तेथील सुविधाची माहिती.
1	वालावल	नेरुर देऊळवाडा	7923	4	जि.प.प्राथमिक शाळा नेरुरपार
					कुटगांव
2	वालावल	सोनवडे त	936	8	जि.प.प्राथमिक शाळा सोनवडे त
		हवेली			हवेली
3	कडावल	भरणी	1042		जि.प.प्राथमिक शाळा नं.१ भरणी
6	कडावल	सोनवडे त	2059	-	जि.प.पूर्ण प्राथमिक शाळा नं.१
		कळसुली			सोनवडे त कळसुली
	कडावल	घोटगे	1316	-	जि.प.पूर्ण प्राथमिक शाळा नं.१ घोटगे
	कसाल	कुंदे	1147	-	ग्रामपंचायत इमारत कुंदे

मडगांव	आंदुर्ले मुणगी	1956 824 2780	20	जयहिंद विद्यालय मुणगी प्राथमिक शाळा मुणगी
मडगांव	तेंडोली	3364	-	पूर्ण प्रा.शाळा नं.1 तेंडोली
मडगांव	पाट	1993	10	जि.प.पूर्ण प्रा.शाळा पाट
ओरोस बु.	ओरोस बु.	5311	27	ग्रामपंचायत इमारत ओरोस बु प्राथमिक शाळा ओरोस बु. देवस्थान हॉल ओरोस ब्.
ओरोस बु.	पणदूर	1356	42	प्राथमिक शाळा नं.1 व 2 पणद्र व पणद्र हायस्कूल
कसाल	आंब्रड	2650		प्राथमिक शाळा, भगवती माध्यमिक शाळा आंब्रड
कसाल	कसाल	4399	4	ग्रामपंचायत इमारत कसाल
कसाल	पडवे	1239		ग्रामपंचायत कार्यालय पडवे व प्राथमिक शाळा पडवे
कसाल	रानबांबुळी	2074		पूर्ण प्राथमिक शाळा रानबांबुळी देऊळवाडी नं.१
गोठोस	हिर्लोक किनळोस	1423	-	हिर्लोक हायस्क्ल
गोठोस	गिरगांव कुसगांव	1035	-	हिर्लोक हायस्क्ल
माणगांव	ग्रुप ग्रामपंचायत वसोली	1000	18	वसोली प्राथमिक शाळा नं.1 प्राथमिक शाळा आंजिवडे अंगणवाडी आंजिवडे पूर्ण प्राथ. शाळा साकिर्डे
पिंगुळी	तेर्सेबांबर्ड	2056		जि.पं.शाळा नं.१ तेर्सेबांबर्ड
पिंगुळी	बिबवणे	1354	100	बिबवणे हायस्कूल
पिंगुळी	मांडकुली	1219	40	मांडकुली हायस्कूल

दरड कोसळणे

क्र.	मंडलाचे	संभाव्य पूर प्रवण	गावाची	संभाव्य बाधित	बाधितांना स्थलांतरित करण्यासाठी
	नाव	गावे	लोक	घरांची संख्या	उपलब्ध इमारती, शाळा व तेथील
			संख्या		सुविधाची माहिती.
8	वालावल	सरंबळ देऊळवाडी	1985	17	जि.प.पूर्ण प्राथमिक शाळा नं.१, २, व ३
					सरंबळ व माध्यमिक विद्या. सरंबळ
					हायस्कूल सरंबळ
ર	मडगाव	मडगाव	2124	04	जि.प.पूर्ण प्राथ. शाळा नेरूर माड्याची
					वाडी
3	कुडाळ	वेताळबांबर्डे	2884	23	जि.प.पूर्ण प्राथ. शाळा वेताळबांबर्डे
					कदमवाडी
4	चेंदवण	चेंदवण वेलेवाडी	1723	3	चेंदवण हायस्कूल

तालुक्यातील यात्रास्थाने (१०,००० पेक्षा जास्त भाविक जमण्याची यात्रा स्थाने)

क्र.	गावाचे नाव	मंडल	यात्रेचे नाव	संभाव्य भाविकांची	यात्रा नियमक मंडळाच्या अध्यक्षांचे नाव व त्यांचा संपर्क क्र.	
				संख्या	अध्यक्षांचे नाव	संपर्क क्र.
	निरंक					

आपत्तीचा मागील २० वर्षातील इतिहास (स्थळ दर्शक नकाशा वर दाखवावे)

हयामध्ये कारखान्यात, रस्त्यावर झालेले अपघात, पूर, गारपीट, ढगफुटी, यात्रातील घटना, पूल पडणे, वाहून जाणे, धरण / नदील बुडून मृत्यू, सहली मध्ये झालेल्या घटना, घातपात आदी सर्व घटक असावेत ज्यामुळे जीवित, वित्तीय अथवा निसर्गाचा ऱ्हास झाला यांचा तपशील देणे

•					
आपत्तीचा तपशील	आपत्तीचे कारण	जीवित	बाधित घरे वाटप.	जनावरे	वाटप केलेली मदत रु
2013	अतिवृष्टी	0	21	02	98240
2014	अतिवृष्टी	0	35	02	149230
2015	अतिवृष्टी	03	08	02	864130
2016	अतिवृष्टी	07	62	01	2984600
2017	अतिवृष्टी	01	59	01	975910
2018	अतिवृष्टी	0	44	01	215255
2019	अतिवृष्टी	01	128	01	2508867
2020	अतिवृष्टी	04	146	01	2416980
2021	अतिवृष्टी	0	2098	01	36357100
2022	अतिवृष्टी	1	82	3	465000

तालुक्यातील विभागांची जबाबदार अधिकारी यांचा तपशील

豖.	विभाग	जबाबदार अधिकारी	ह्दा	संपर्क क्र.
8	महसूल	श्री.अमोल पाठक	तहसिलदार कुडाळ	कार्यालय: 02362-222525 घर : मोबाईल : 9689684034 आपत्कालीन :
ર	आरोग्य	डॉ. एस.व्ही.कांबळे	आरोग्य अधिकारी कुडाळ	कार्यालय: 02362-222812 घर : मोबाईल : 8806326131 आपत्कालीन :
3	पोलीस	श्री.एस.पी. चिंदरकर	पोलीस निरीक्षक कुडाळ	कार्यालय: 02362-222533 घर : मोबाईल : 9821222045/ आपत्कालीन :
8	पाटबंधारे, आंबडपाल	श्री.एल.एम.डुबळे	उपअभियंता जि.प.उपविभाग कुडाळ	कार्यालय: 02362-222689 घर : मोबाईल : 9422565100/ आपत्कालीन :
ц	जलसंधारण	श्री.व्ही. आर.नानल श्री.पी.डी.बनकर	उपविभागीय जलसंधारण अधिकारी	कार्यालय:0236222689 घर : मोबाईल :9423052883 आपत्कालीन :9766209498
٤	सार्वजनिक बांधकाम	श्री.आर.एस.कुलांगे	कार्यकारी अभियंता (बांधकाम)	कार्यालय: 02362-228819 घर : मोबाईल : 9404751374 आपत्कालीन :
b	वीज महामंडळ	श्री.व्ही.डी.विपर	कार्यकारी अभियंता विद्युत	कार्यालय:0236222487 घर : मोबाईल :7875765013 आपत्कालीन :02362244905
د	वीज वितरण	श्री.राजेंद्र पाटील	उप अभियंता विद्युत	कार्यालय: 0236222487 घर : मोबाईल :7875765140 आपत्कालीन :02362244905
٩	पशुसंवर्धन	डॉ.वेर्लेकर	पशुधन विकास अधिकारी पं.स.कुडाळ	कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल : 9423301642 आपत्कालीन :02362222210

				कार्यालय:
१०	पर्यटन	निरंक	निरंक	घर : मोबाईल :
				आपत्कालीन :
				कार्यालय: 02362-224958
88	शालेय शिक्षण (प्राथ)	श्रीम.एस.बी.भाकरे	गटशिक्षणाधिकारी	
``	रात्पव रिष्याना (त्राव)	7/101.7(1.91.01147)	पं.स.कुडाळ	मोबाईल : 9405346723
				आपत्कालीन :
				कार्यालय: 02362-224958
१२	शालेय शिक्षण (माध्य)	श्रीम.एस.बी.भाकरे	गटशिक्षणाधिकारी	
	,		पं.स.कुडाळ	मोबाईल : 9405346723
				आपत्कालीन :
				कार्यालय:
१ ३	MIDC अधिकारी	श्री.ए.एस.रेवंडकर	उपभियांता	घर :
			MIDC कुडाळ	मोबाईल : 8652508800
				आपत्कालीन :
				कार्यालय: घर :
१४	पाणी पुरवठा विभाग	निरंक	निरंक	यर . मोबाईल :
				आपत्कालीन :
	,			कार्यालय: 02362-222236
	तालुक्यातील		मुख्याधिकारी	घर :
१५	म.न.पा / न.पा यांचे	श्री.नात्	कुडाळ	मोबाईल :
	आयुक्त/मुख्यअधिकारी		नगरपंचायत	आपत्कालीन :
				कार्यालय:
१६	वन विभाग	श्री.ए.पीशिंदे	वनक्षेत्रपाल	घर :
, ,	401 1401101	71.3.311319	वणकावनात	मोबाईल :9545977877
				आपत्कालीन :02362221196
			_	कार्यालय: 02362-222574
१७	कृषी	श्रीम.ए.एस.घाटकर	तालुका कृषी	घर :
	C		अधिकारी कुडाळ	मोबाईल : 9404953137
				आपत्कालीन :
				कार्यालय:
१८	महा भू आलेख	श्री.एन.बी.रेडकर	उपअधिक्षक भूमि	घर :
			अभिलेख	मोबाईल : 9422381730
				आपत्कालीन :02362222256
		- -	आगार	कार्यालय: 02362-222422
१९	राज्य परिवहन	श्री.	व्यवस्थापक 	घर :
			कुडाळ	मोबाईल :

२०	हवामान विभाग	निरंक	निरंक	कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल : आपत्कालीन :
२१	गृह रक्षक दल	श्री.राजत्री र.बांबुळकर	तालुका समादेशक	कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल :7972633259 आपत्कालीन :02362228831
२२	नागरी संरक्षण दल	निरंक	निरंक	कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल : आपत्कालीन :
२३	मेरिटाइम बोर्ड	निरंक	निरंक	कार्यालय: घर : मोबाईल : आपत्कालीन

तालुकास्तरीय प्रशिक्षित शीघ्र कृती दलाचा तपशील

हयामध्ये पट्टीचे पोहोणारे, मदत व बचाव, प्रथमोपचार, अग्निशमन आदी बाबीत प्रवीण असणाऱ्यांची नावे, जे आपत्ती काळात उपलब्ध असतील व स्थानिक प्रशासनाबरोबर त्याच्या मार्गदर्शनाखाली काम करू शकतील.

सोबत, विविध प्रकारची वाहन चालवण्याचा अनुभव असणारे, गवंडीकाम करू शकणारे अश्यांचा समावेश

(उदा. पोहणारे, JCB, ट्रक चालक, विद्युत उपकरणे, वाहन दुरुस्ती)

æ	नाव	संपर्कक्र.	रहात असलेल्या मंडळाचे/	उपयुक्ततेचा तपशील चालक /
क्र.	· III	יוע יוירוז.	गावाचे नाव	पोहणारा/
				संपर्क व्यवस्था ई
8	प्रभाकर गणपत वारंग		माणगांव (खुटवळवाडी)	JCB धारक
ર	सिताराम नारायण म्हाडेश्वर		माणगांव (खुटवळवाडी)	ट्रक चालक
3	प्रज्ञेश परब		माणगांव (नानेली)	पोहणारा
R	सोन् परब		माणगांव (नानेली)	पोहणारा
ц	लाडोजी वारंग		माणगांव (नानेली)	ट्रक चालक
ξ	श्रीधर वाळके		माणगांव (वाडोस)	पोहणारा
b	लक्ष्मण देसाई		माणगांव (वाडोस)	पोहणारा
C	दिनेश सुभेदार		माणगांव (वाडोस)	JCB धारक
9	बाळकृष्ण बेळणेकर		माणगांव (वाडोस)	ट्रक चालक
१०	रुपेश मेस्त्री	9404920451	कडावल (भरणी)	पोहणारा
88	दिपेश मेस्त्री	9403204317	कडावल (भरणी)	पोहणारा
१२	नंदु परब		कडावल (भरणी)	रिक्षा चालक
१ ३	संतोष घाडीगांवकर	9421712855	कडावल (सोनवडे त कळस्ली)	पोहणारा
\$ 8	आबु घाडी	8169802844	कडावल (सोनवडे त कळसुली)	पोहणारा
१५	संतोष घाडी		कडावल (सोनवडे त कळसुली)	रिक्षा चालक
१६	धोंडी मडवळ	9403291380	कडावल (घोटगे)	पोहणारा
१७	पॉल वॉज	9356899499	कडावल (घोटगे)	पोहणारा
१८	विनय पिळणकर		कडावल (घोटगे)	ट्रक चालक
१९	चारुदत्त देसाई		नेरुर	JCB धारक
२०	श्री.ठाक्र	9421665778	नेरुर	JCB धारक
२१	निलेश सामंत		कुशेवाडा	JCB धारक
२२	श्री.मेघराज वाटवे	02362224226	पावशी	क्रेन धारक
२३	नितीन पिळणकर	9422991448	चेंदवण	पोहणारा/होडी चालक

ર૪	नारायण प्रल्हाद तोरस्कर	9404157932	चेंदवण मळेवाडी	पोहणारा
રક	सगुण प्रल्हाद तोरस्कर	9404399403	चेंदवण मळेवाडी	पोहणारा
२६	किरण शशिकांत भरडकर	9404943031	चेंदवण मळेवाडी	पोहणारा
રહ	अनंत शंभा पिळणकर		चेंदवण मळेवाडी	पोहणारा
२८	संजय वासुदेव नाईक	9403297773	चेंदवण मळेवाडी	पोहणारा
२९	गौतम दत्ताराम चेंदवणकर	8275646273	चेंदवण	वायरमन
30	गणेश गोपाळ नाईक	9420969491	चेंदवण	ट्रक चालक
3 8	जयराम बाबुराव हडकर	9420260963	नेरुर देऊळवाडा	पोहणारा
32	रामा गोविंद हडकर	9422632922	नेरुर देऊळवाडा	पोहणारा
33	भालचंद्र सोमकांत पारकर	9422633297	नेरुर देऊळवाडा	पोहणारा
38	अंकुश ठाक्र	9545257296	नेरुर देऊळवाडा	JCB धारक
34	प्रमोद चिंदरकर	9422373102	नेरुरपार कुटगांव	ट्रक चालक
3६	विजय विव्वल बागवे	9049014247	नेरुरपार कुटगांव	ट्रक चालक
36	अरुण अनंत पवार	9404928926	कसाल (कुंदे)	पोहणारा
36	हरिदास संभाजी कदम	9619011096	कसाल (कुंदे)	पोहणारा
39	प्रमोद प्रकाश तायशेटे	9405174159	कसाल (कुंदे)	टेंपो चालक
۸۰	राजेंद्र वासुदेव बागवे	9403610377	कसाल (कुंदे)	टेंपो चालक
88	सत्यविजय विठोबा कदम	9764143218	वालावल (सरंबळ)	पोहणारा
४२	अजय विनायक राणे	9765590871	वालावल (सरंबळ)	पोहणारा
83	रुपेश नारायण हळदणकर	8275773115	वालावल (सरंबळ)	वायरमन
88	श्रीधर केशव नाईक	9423305404	वालावल (सरंबळ)	होडी चालक
४५	सुशिलकुमार मदाजी कदम	9423305455	वालावल (सरंबळ)	ट्रक चालक
४६	किर्तीकुमार तेरसे		कडावल (निरुखे)	पोहणारा
86	यज्ञेश शशिकांत मर्गज	9422052450	कडावल पांग्रड	पोहणारा
४८	सिद्धेश अरुण मेस्त्री	9420775797	कडावल पांग्रड	ट्रक चालक
४९	जयवंत सुरेश करंगुटकर	7588564193	वालावल (बांव)	टेंपो चालक
५०	शिवाजी सहदेव धुरी		वालावल (सोनवडे त हवेली)	पोहणारा
५१	वासुदेव शंकर धुरी	9767748517	वालावल (सोनवडे त हवेली)	टेंपो चालक
4 2	रामचंद्र यशवंत सरप	9420379102	माणगांव (घावनळे)	पोहणारा
43	सचिन गजानन घावनळकर	8830907893	माणगांव (घावनळे)	पोहणारा
48	संतोष मंगेश मुंज	9420728334	माणगांव (घावनळे)	ट्रक चालक
બ બ	दिपक माडये		मडगांव (आंदुर्ले)	पोहणारा
4 ξ	सुनिल मुणनकर	9420901324	मडगांव (आंदुर्ले)	पोहणारा
4 6	धोंडु मुणगेकर	94044439377	मडगांव (आंदुर्ले)	पोहणारा
५८	उत्तम गावडे	9403353286	मडगांव (आंदुर्ले)	टेंपो चालक
ક ९	शशिकांत हडकर		ओरोस बुद्रुक	पोहणारा

६०	मनोहर मुळये		ओरोस बुद्रुक	पोहणारा
६१	पावलू फर्नांडीस	9860022518	ओरोस बुद्रुक	JCB धारक
६२	पंकज पारकर		ओरोस बुद्रुक	JCB धारक
ξ 3	बाबुराव जाधव		कसाल (वर्दे)	पोहणारा
٤٧	भरत जाधव		कसाल (वर्दे)	पोहणारा
६५	मनोज जाधव		कसाल (वर्दे)	पोहणारा
६६	महादेव पालव		कसाल (वर्दे)	क्रेन/JCB धारक
६७	विजय सावंत		कसाल (वर्दे)	क्रेन/JCB धारक
६८	मनोज गायतोंडे		कसाल (वर्दे)	JCB धारक
६९	लक्ष्मण सोन् राऊळ	9921572538	कसाल (आंब्रड)	पोहणारा
60	अश्वनकुमार धोंडीशेट मुंज	9011710731	कसाल (आंब्रड)	पोहणारा
68	केशव भास्कर मुंज	7517572423	कसाल (आंब्रड)	JCB धारक
હર	पांडुरंग अनंत मोरजकर	9822022301	कसाल (आंब्रड)	टेंपो चालक
63	संतोष राणे	9552294461	कसाल (कसाल)	पोहणारा
68	दत्ताराम सावंत	7768074839	कसाल (कसाल)	पोहणारा
၉५	प्रभाकर वारंग	9405277888	कसाल (कसाल)	JCB धारक
७ ६	रविकमल डांगी	9405000555	कसाल (कसाल)	JCB धारक
66	चंद्रकांत राणे	9860682216	कसाल (कसाल)	टेंपो चालक
७८	संतोष ज्ञानदेव नाईक	9321058367	गोठोस (हिर्लोक किनळोस)	पोहणारा
७९	मोहन बापू परब	8275632571	गोठोस (हिर्लोक किनळोस)	पोहणारा
८०	उदय सावंत	9423305344	गोठोस (हिर्लोक किनळोस)	JCB धारक
८१	पांडुरंग रमेश कानडे	9325036084	गोठोस (गिरगांव कुसगांव)	पोहणारा
८२	वासुदेव बाळकृष्ण नाईक	7588095809	गोठोस (गिरगांव कुसगांव)	पोहणारा
۲3	ओमकार गोविंद सावंत	9404001428	माणगांव (वसोली ग्रुप)	पोहणारा
۲8	प्रकाश शंकर कदम	9404764292	माणगांव (वसोली गुप)	पोहणारा
८ ५	राहूल दळवी	7588447131	माणगांव (उपवडे)	पोहणारा
८६	वैभव विलास पास्ते	026362239049	माणगांव (उपवडे)	पोहणारा
८७	अरविंद राणे	9403126165	माणगांव (उपवडे)	पोहणारा
66	सुभाष सावंत	9222373191	माणगांव	JCB धारक
८९	गुरु पालकर	9422633334	माणगांव	JCB धारक
९०	सखाराम कृष्णा शेडगे	9403298854	माणगांव (वसोली ग्रुप)	ट्रक चालक
९१	महादेव कडव	9420376603	माणगांव (वसोली ग्रुप)	टेंपो चालक
९२	अनिल महादेव कदम	9404495060	माणगांव (वसोली ग्रुप)	ट्रक चालक
९३	प्रफुल्ल श्रीधर तेंडोलकर	9404778700	मडगांव (तेंडोली)	पोहणारा
९४	दिपक ज्ञानदेव तेंडोलकर	7588884845	मडगांव (तेंडोली)	पोहणारा/टेंपो चालक
९५	मनिष विनायक तेंडोलकर	9420960070	मडगांव (तेंडोली)	पोहणारा
९६	तुषार प्रकाश तेंडोलकर	8806382388	मडगांव (तेंडोली)	पोहणारा

९७	दिलीप दादू राऊळ	7620736640	मडगांव (तेंडोली)	टेंपो चालक
९८	अरुण लक्ष्मण शेलटे	9421267613	कुडाळ (पावशी)	पोहणारा
९९	पंकज सिताराम शेलटे	9404172702	क्डाळ (पावशी)	पोहणारा
१००	लक्ष्मण सदानंद शेलटे	9923310271	कुडाळ (पावशी)	पोहणारा
		0027020240	कुडाळ (पावशी)	पोहणारा/ टेंपो
१०१	संदिप गंगाराम खोत	963/939346		चालक
0.2	शेखर शिवाजी शेलटे	0764105077	कुडाळ (पावशी)	पोहणारा/टेंपो
१०२	राखर रिवाजा रालट	9764105977		चालक
१०३	अमित सिताराम शेलटे	9421235383	कुडाळ (पावशी)	टेंपो चालक
१०४	रविंद्र प्रभाकर तुळसकर	9422435713	कुडाळ (पावशी)	सुमो चालक
१०५	गौरेश केशव केरकर	8999291281	कुडाळ (पावशी)	वायरमन
१०६	स्वप्नील रामचंद्र तावडे	8806813293	कुडाळ (पावशी)	वायरमन
१०७	रमेश भिमराव राठोड	9422632836	कुडाळ (पावशी)	JCB धारक
१०८	मेघराज वाटवे	9422584626	कुडाळ (पावशी)	क्रेन धारक
१०९	चिदानंद वाटवे	02362-224226	कुडाळ (पावशी)	क्रेन धारक
११०	श्री.शंकर परशुराम तोरस्कर	9421460209	वालावल (चेंदवण)	होडी चालक
888	श्री.सुरेश चेंदवणकर	9322699672	वालावल (सरंबळ)	होडी चालक
११२	श्री.एकनाथ सोमा सावंत	7588893881	पिंगुळी (पिंगुळी)	वाहन चालक
683	श्री. पाटील	9423879700	कुडाळ	विद्युत उपकरणे
				दुरुस्ती
११४	श्री.राजेंद्र विव्वल तेंडोलकर	9422633269	झाराप (झाराप)	JCB धारक
११५	श्री.गणपत सहदेव जळवी	9404921101	मडगांव - पाट	पोहणारा
११६	श्री.प्रल्हाद बुधाजी मराळ	9421235251	मडगांव - पाट	पोहणारा
११७	श्री.आपा मराळ	9423031987	मडगांव - पाट	टेंपो
११८	श्री.प्रविण मार्गी		मडगांव - हुमरमळा	पोहणारा
११९	श्री.हेमंत कद्रेकर		मडगांव - हुमरमळा	पोहणारा
१२०	श्री.अमित बंगे		मडगांव - हुमरमळा	टेंपो, रिक्षा
१२१	श्री.आशिर्वाद बंगे		मडगांव - हुमरमळा	टेंपो रिक्षा
१२२	श्री.प्रथमेश ल सावंत	7039430347	कडावल- जांभवडे	पोहणारा
१२३	श्री.प्रकाश लव् चव्हाण	9403366682	कडावल- जांभवडे	टेंपो रिक्षा
१२४	श्री.सागर गोसावी	9307914623	ओरोस बु डिगस	पोहणारा
१२५	श्री.एकनाथ राणे	9421260787	ओरोस बु डिगस	पोहणारा
१२६	श्री.अमरसेन सावंत	9422055049	ओरोस बु डिगस	JCB चालक
१२७	श्री.लक्ष्मीकांत राणे	9823896665	ओरोस बु डिगस	ट्रॅक्टर चालक
१२८	श्री.राजाराम गोपाळ सावंत	9373036012	ओरोस बु आवळेगांव	पोहणारा
१२९	क्ष चित्रची गातंत्र	9422393060	ओरोस बु आवळेगांव	पोहणारा
830	श्री.निवृत्ती सावंत		J	
, •	श्री.कुलदिप मनोहर सावंत	9423511511	ओरोस बु आवळेगांव	टेंपो

१३२	श्री.प्रभात दत्तात्रय सावंत	7822035436	कडावल- कुपवडे	टेंपो
833	श्री.विनायक जनार्दन अणावकर	9423303407	ओरोस बुअणाव	पोहणारा
638	श्री.गजानन कुलकर्णी	8806257155	ओरोस बुअणाव	टेंपो, रिक्षा
१३५	श्री.प्रशांत अणावकर		ओरोस बुअणाव	टेंपो, रिक्षा
१३६	श्री.सच्चिदानंद अनंत पालव	9422379140	ओरोस बुवाडी हुमरमळा	पोहणारा/ टेंपो
836	श्री.जयभारत प्रतापराव पालव	9422633533	ओरोस बुवाडी हुमरमळा	JCB चालक
१३८	श्री.परशुराम आत्माराम पालव	9545531199	ओरोस बुवाडी हुमरमळा	टेंपो, ट्रक
१३९	श्री.अण्णा सारंग	9421261487	ओरोस बुवाडी हुमरमळा	टेंपो, ट्रक
१४०	श्री.संदेश धाकू झोरे	8788260859	ओरोस बुपणदूर	पोहणारा
१४१	श्री.जनार्दन बाबाजी सावंत	8108702930	ओरोस बुपणदूर	पोहणारा
१४२	श्री.मनोज विष्णू जाधव	7822850415	ओरोस बुपणदूर	टेंपो
683	श्री.ओंकार उदय साइल	9325022457	ओरोस बुपणदूर	टेंपो
१४४	श्री. प्रशांत मधुकर परब	9359524153	कसाल- पडवे	पोहणारा
१४५	श्री.निलेश लाडोबा परब	8275073106	कसाल- पडवे	पोहणारा
१४६	श्री.आनंद शंकर दामोदर	9420741979	कसाल- पडवे	JCB/ट्रक चालक
१४७	श्री.शिवराम यशवंत सावंत	9422393027	कसाल- पडवे	रिक्षा चालक
१४८	श्री.सतिश शंकर दामोदर	9923848197	कसाल- पडवे	ट्रॅक्टर चालक
१४९	श्री.अंकुश भिवाजी पारकर	9421239225	कसाल- रानबांबुळी	पोहणारा
१५०	श्री.प्रणील सत्यवान कावले	7030575774	कसाल- रानबांबुळी	पोहणारा
१५१	श्री.संतोष दत्ताराम खोत	9421235916	कसाल- रानबांबुळी	JCB चालक
१५२	श्री.विशाल नारायण बोभाटे	9637832740	कसाल- रानबांबुळी	टेंपो चालक
१५३	श्री.आनंद अंकुश मसुरकर	9420891067	कसाल- रानबांबुळी	ट्रॅक्टर चालक
१५४	श्री.आदेश सुरेश मळवे	9764235329	कसाल- रानबांबुळी	रिक्षा चालक
१५५	श्री.हरी झिलू गावडे	8352794852	कसाल-गावराई	पोहणारा
१५६	श्री.गोविंद गोपाळ गावडे	9869995296	कसाल गावराई	पोहणारा
१५७	श्री.सुनिल झिलू पालकर	9423832739	कसाल गावराई	JCB चालक
१५८	श्री.संतोष दिगंबर सामंत	9404173156	कसाल गावराई	ट्रक/ ट्रॅक्टर चालक
१५९	श्री.बाब् बाबाजी भोगले	9764683687	कसाल गावराई	रिक्षा चालक
१६०	श्री.वसंत शेखर शेट्टी		कुडाळ कुडाळ	पोहणारा
१६१	श्री.मोहन यशवंत घाडी		कुडाळ कुडाळ	पोहणारा
१६२	श्री.दत्तात्रय गणपत परब		कुडाळ कुडाळ	पोहणारा
१६३	श्री.शशिकांत म्हाडदळकर	9422373454	कुडाळ कुडाळ	JCB चालक
१६४	श्री.उमेश म्हाडदळकर	9422054565	कुडाळ कुडाळ	JCB चालक
१६५	श्री.उदय बागवे	02362-224226	कुडाळ कुडाळ	क्रेन चालक
१६६	श्री.संतोष बाळकृष्ण कदम	7507980282	कुडाळ वेताळ बांबर्डे	पोहणारा
१६७	श्री.दिनेश महादेव कदम	9405797781	कुडाळ वेताळ बांबर्डे	पोहणारा

18.42 श्री. अतपुत पुरुषोत्तम गावडे 9823583179 कुडाळ देताळ बांवर्ड पोहणारा 18. श्री. अतपुत दत्तात्रम सामंत 8412842676 कुडाळ देताळ बांवर्ड पोहणारा 18. श्री. रिलीप रामकृष्ण तिवरेकर 9970548366 कुडाळ देताळ बांवर्ड पोहणारा 18. श्री. रिलीप रामकृष्ण तिवरेकर 9970548366 कुडाळ देताळ बांवर्ड पोहणारा 18. श्री. रिलीप रामकृष्ण तिवरेकर 9970548366 कुडाळ देताळ बांवर्ड पोहणारा 18. श्री. अन्वरूत सदमकासम खाल 8698695058 कुडाळ देताळ बांवर्ड पोहणारा 18. श्री. अन्वरूत कृष्णा भोगले 9422373818 कुडाळ देताळ बांवर्ड पोहणारा 18. श्री. अन्वरूत कृष्णा भोगले 9422373818 कुडाळ देताळ बांवर्ड JCB चालक 18. श्री. किशोर तेकरकर 9096943895 कुडाळ देताळ बांवर्ड JCB चालक 18. श्री. किशोर तेकरकर वालावल-वालावल पोहणारा 18. श्री. विलायक मुणगंकर वालावल-वालावल पोहणारा 18. श्री. वालावलकर 7588889409 वालावल-वालावल देषा चालक 18. श्री. वालावलककर 7588889409 वालावल-वालावल देषा चालक 18. श्री. वालावलकक 9423947972 वालावल-वालावल देषा चालक 18. श्री. वालावलक पोहणारा 18. श्री. वालावलक पोहणारा पोहणारा 18. श्री. वालाक श्री. वालावल पोहणारा पोहणारा 18. श्री. वालावल श्री. वालावल पोहणारा पोहणारा 18. श्री. वालावल श्री. वालावल पोहणारा 18. श्री. वालावल पोहणारा पोहणारा पोहणारा पोहणारा 18. श्री. वालावल पाहणारा पोहणारा पोहणारा पोहणारा 18. श्री. वालावल श्री. वालावल पोहणारा पोहणारा पोहणारा पोहणारा 18. श्री. वालावल पाहणारा पोहणारा पोहणारा पोहणारा पोहणारा पोहणारा 18. श्री. वालावल पाहणा पाहणारा पोहणारा			0000000100		
१७० श्री.रिफिक फकीर मुजावर 9764337436 कुडाळ वेताळ बांबर्ड पोहणारा १७१ श्री.दिलीप रामकृष्ण तिवरेकर 9970548366 कुडाळ वेताळ बांबर्ड पोहणारा १७२ श्री.अनंदत सदमकासम खान 8698695058 कुडाळ वेताळ बांबर्ड पोहणारा १७३ श्री.संतोष रामके 9422373818 कुडाळ वेताळ बांबर्ड पोहणारा १७५ श्री.आनंद कृष्णा भोगले 9422373818 कुडाळ वेताळ बांबर्ड JCB चालक १७६ श्री.कार कुडाळ वेताळ बांबर्ड JCB चालक पोहणारा १७६ श्री.कार कुडाळ वेताळ बांबर्ड JCB चालक १७६ श्री.कार कुडाळ वेताळ बांबर्ड JCB चालक १७६ श्री.कार कांबर पाटणारा पाटणारा १७६ श्री.कांकर वालावलकर 9423947972 वालावल-वालावल पोहणारा १८८ श्री.संतोष अंकुश सावंत 7588889409 वालावल-वालावल ऐसा चालक १८८ श्री.संतोष अंकुश सावंत 7798331430 कुडाळ केताळ कांवर्ड पो चालक १८८ श्री.तंतोष अंकुश सावंत 7798331430 कुडाळ केताळ कांव्ड पो चालक १८० श्र	-			J	,
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18- वि. अब्दुल सदम्बासम खान 8698695058 कुडाळ वेताळ बांबर्ड पोहणारा 18- वि. अस्तुल सदम्बासम खान 9637778772 कुडाळ वेताळ बांबर्ड पोहणारा 18- वि. अस्तुल सदम्बासम खान 9422373818 कुडाळ वेताळ बांबर्ड पोहणारा 18- वि. अस्तुल स्वास करम 9422373818 कुडाळ वेताळ बांबर्ड UCB चालक 18- वि. वि. अस्तुल वेताळ बांबर्ड UCB चालक 18- वि.	१७०			J	·
18-3 श्री.सुबॉघ दिनकर सामंत 9637778772 कुडाळ वेताळ बांबर्ड पोहणारा 18-5 श्री.आनंद कृष्णा भोगले 9422373818 कुडाळ वेताळ बांबर्ड JCB चालक 18-5 श्री.किशोर नेरस्कर वालावल-वालावल पोहणारा 18-5 श्री.किशोर वालावलकर 9423947972 वालावल-वालावल देशा चालक 18-5 श्री.क्षा वालावलकर 7588889409 वालावल-वालावल देशा चालक 18-5 श्री.संतोष अंकुश सावंत 7798331430 कसाल-पोखरण पोहणारा 18-5 श्री.किशोर भाव वालावलकर 9403752836 कसाल-पोखरण पोहणारा 18-5 श्री.किशोर वालोवकर 9403640400 कसाल-पोखरण देशा चालक 18-6 श्री.संदीप बागवे 9403640400 कसाल-पोखरण दिशा चालक 18-7 श्री.क्षा वालोवें कदम 758888741 कसाल-पोखरण दिशा चालक 18-7 श्री.क्षा वालोवें कदम 758894523 माणगांव-शिवापूर पोहणारा 18-7 श्री.क्षा वाल्वकर 7588904523 माणगांव-शिवापूर पोहणारा 18-7 श्री.क्षा वालक 942066784 माणगांव-शिवापूर पोहणारा 18-7 श्री.कुसराम सोमा कदम माणगांव-शिवापूर पोहणारा 18-8 श्री.कुसराम सोमा कदम माणगांव-शिवापूर टेपो चालक 18-8 श्री.कुसराम सोमा कदम माणगांव-शिवापूर टेपो चालक 18-8 श्री.कुसराम धोमा कदम माणगांव-शिवापूर टेपो चालक 18-9 श्री.कुसराम धोमा कदम माणगांव-शिवापूर टेपो चालक 18-9 श्री.कुसराम सोमा कदम माणगांव-माणगांव पोहणारा 18-9 श्री.कुसराम धुरी 9518903118 माणगांव-माणगांव पोहणारा 18-9 श्री.कुसराम खोमो 9404164294 माणगांव-माणगांव पोहणारा 18-9 श्री.कुसराम खालव 9420366040 माणगांव-माणगांव टेपो चालक 18-9 श्री.कुसराम पालव 942036236 माणगांव-माणगांव टेपो चालक 18-9 श्री.कुसरेव जुरमेव इवामपूरकर 940307890 माणगांव-माणगांव टेपो चालक 18-9 श्री.कुसरेव जुरमेव परक 942036236 गोठोस-निवजे पोहणार	१७१	श्री.दिलीप रामकृष्ण तिवरेकर	9970548366	J	पोहणारा
168 श्री.आनंद कृष्णा भोगले 9422373818 कुडाळ वेताळ बांबर्ड JCB चालक 186 श्री.संतोष रघुनाथ कदम 9096943895 कुडाळ वेताळ बांबर्ड JCB चालक 186 श्री.किशोर नेरुरकर वालावल-वालावल पोहणारा 186 श्री.किशोर नेरुरकर वालावल-वालावल पोहणारा 186 श्री.क्षेत्र वालावलकर वालावल-वालावल पोहणारा 186 श्री.क्षेत्र वालावलकर वालावल-वालावल पोहणारा 186 श्री.पंत्र वालावलकर वालावल-वालावल पोहणारा 186 श्री.पंत्र वालावलकर 9423947972 वालावल-वालावल पोहणारा 186 श्री.पंत्र वालावलकर 7588889409 वालावल-वालावल पेहणारा 186 श्री.पंत्र वालावलकर 7588889409 वालावल-वालावल पेहणारा 186 श्री.दिवोद भानु कदम 9404752836 कसाल-पोखरण पोहणारा 186 श्री.विवोद भानु कदम 9404752836 कसाल-पोखरण पेहणारा 186 श्री.विवोद मार्च वालावल 188 यालक 186 श्री.विवोद वाविद कदम 758858741 कसाल-पोखरण पेहणारा 188 यालक 188 श्री.विवोद वाविद कदम 758858741 कसाल-पोखरण पेहणारा 188 यालक 188 श्री.विवोद वाविद कदम 758858741 कसाल-पोखरण पेहणारा 188 यालक 188	१७२		8698695058	1 3	पोहणारा
1869 श्री.संतोष रघुनाथ कदम 9096943895 कुडाळ वेताळ बांबर्ड JCB चालक 1864 श्री.किशोर नेरुरकर वालावल-वालावल पोहणारा 1864 श्री.कशोर नेरुरकर वालावल-वालावल पोहणारा 1864 श्री.कशोर नेरुरकर वालावल-वालावल पोहणारा 1864 श्री.कशोर वोलावककर वालावल-वालावल पोहणारा 1864 श्री.तोशेश वालावककर 9423947972 वालावल-वालावल पेहणारा 1864 श्री.तोशेश वालावककर 7588889409 वालावल-वालावल पेहणारा 1864 श्री.तंनोष अंकुश सावंत 7798331430 कसाल-पोखरण पोहणारा 1864 श्री.तिनोद आजु कदम 9404752836 कसाल-पोखरण पोहणारा 1864 श्री.तिनोद आजु कदम 9404752836 कसाल-पोखरण पोहणारा 1864 श्री.तिनोद आजु कदम 9403294085 कसाल-पोखरण पेहणारा 1864 श्री.तिनोद शांचित कदम 758858741 कसाल-पोखरण पिहणारा 1864 श्री.संदीप बागवे 9403640400 कसाल-पोखरण पिहणारा 1864 श्री.तिनोद गोविंद कदम 758858741 कसाल-पोखरण पिहणारा 1864 श्री.तिनोद गोविंद कदम 758858741 कसाल-पोखरण पिहणारा 1864 श्री.तिनोद गोविंद कदम 758858741 कसाल-पोखरण पोहणारा 1864 श्री.तिनोद गोविंद कदम 7588904523 माणगांव-शिवापूर पोहणारा 1864 श्री.तुकाराम होक 942086784 माणगांव-शिवापूर पोहणारा 1864 श्री.तुकाराम शकर 1922373191 माणगांव-शिवापूर पोहणारा 1864 श्री.तुकाराम रोका 1864	१७३	9	9637778772	3	पोहणारा
शिक्ष श्री.किशोर नेरुस्कर वालावल-वालावल पोहणारा शिक्ष श्री.नामदेव माडये वालावल-वालावल पोहणारा शिक्ष श्री.वामदेव माडये वालावल-वालावल पोहणारा शिक्ष श्री.वानायक मुणगेकर वालावल-वालावल पोहणारा श्री.वानायक मुणगेकर वालावल-वालावल पोहणारा श्री.वानायक मुणगेकर वालावल-वालावल पेहणारा श्री.वानायक श्री.वानाव श्री.वानाव	१७४	श्री.आनंद कृष्णा भोगले	9422373818	कुडाळ वेताळ बांबर्डे	JCB चालक
1866 श्री.नामदेव माडये वालावल-वालावल पोहणारा 1867 श्री.शंकर वालावलकर वालावल-वालावल पोहणारा 1868 श्री.विनायक मुणगेकर वालावल-वालावल पोहणारा 1869 श्री.राजेश वालावलकर 9423947972 वालावल-वालावल टेपी चालक	१७५	श्री.संतोष रघुनाथ कदम	9096943895	कुडाळ वेताळ बांबर्डे	JCB चालक
१७८ श्री.शंकर वालावलकर वालावल-वालावल पोहणारा १७९ श्री.विनायक मुणगंकर वालावल-वालावल पोहणारा १८० श्री.राजेश वालावककर 9423947972 वालावल-वालावल टेपो चालक १८० श्री.राजेश वालावककर 7588889409 वालावल-वालावल दिक्षा चालक १७८ श्री.संतोष अंकुश सावंत 7798331430 कसाल-पोखरण पोहणारा १७९ श्री.विनोद भानु कदम 9404752836 कसाल-पोखरण पोहणारा १८० श्री.राघो काशिराम घाडीगांवकर 9403294085 कसाल-पोखरण दिक्षा चालक १८० श्री.संदीप बागवे 9403640400 कसाल-पोखरण दिक्षा चालक १८० श्री.त्वेश तक्रमण नाईक 9420884352 माणगांव-शिवापूर पोहणारा १८४ श्री.विज्ञत बापू बेळणंकर 7588904523 माणगांव-शिवापूर पोहणारा १८७ श्री.मुशेष सक्ष्मण नाईक 942065784 माणगांव-शिवापूर पोहणारा १८० श्री.सुशेष सावंत 9222373191 माणगांव-शिवापूर पोहणारा १८६ श्री.सुशेष पालकर 942263334 माणगांव-शिवापूर पेष्टणारा १८० श्री.तुकाराम सोमा कदम माणगांव-शिवापूर टेपो चालक १८० श्री.तुकाराम शंकर राऊळ माणगांव-शिवापूर टेपो चालक १८० श्री.तुकाराम शंकर राऊळ माणगांव-शिवापूर टेपो चालक १९० श्री.तुकाराम शंकर राऊळ माणगांव-माणगांव पोहणारा १९२ श्री.शंकर बाबुराव राणे 9404395420 माणगांव-माणगांव पोहणारा १९३ श्री.शंकर बाबुराव राणे 9404395420 माणगांव-माणगांव टेपो चालक १९४ श्री.वासुदेव पांडुरंग इब्रामपूरकर 9420306404 माणगांव-माणगांव टेपो चालक १९४ श्री.तिवजीत बळीराम पालव 9422366236 गोठोस-निवजे पोहणारा १९६ श्री.तक्षतजीर प्रकाश परब 8275730811 गोठोस-निवजे पोहणारा १९६ श्री.महादेव आत्माराम पालव 9420962810 गोठोस-निवजे टेपो चालक	१७६	श्री.किशोर नेरुरकर		वालावल-वालावल	पोहणारा
१७९ श्री.विज्ञायक मुणगेकर वालावल-वालावल पोहणारा १८० श्री.राजेश वालावककर 9423947972 वालावल-वालावल टॅपो चालक १८० श्री.पंद्रकांत वालावलकर 7588889409 वालावल-वालावल रेक्षा चालक १७५ श्री.प्रसाद प्रश्नू वालावल-वालावल टॅक्टर चालक १७५ श्री.संतोष अंकुश सावंत 7798331430 कसाल-पोखरण पोहणारा १८० श्री.संतोष अंकुश सावंत 7798331430 कसाल-पोखरण पोहणारा १८० श्री.राघो काशिशाम घाडीगांवकर 9404752836 कसाल-पोखरण देशा १८० श्री.संतोप बागवे 9403294085 कसाल-पोखरण देशा १८० श्री.संतोप बागवे 9403640400 कसाल-पोखरण रेक्षा चालक १८० श्री.संतोप बागवे 9403640400 कसाल-पोखरण रेक्षा चालक १८० श्री.संतेप बागवे 9403640400 कसाल-पोखरण रेक्षा चालक १८० श्री.संतेप बागवे 9420884352 माणगांव-शिवाप्र पोहणारा १८० श्री.संतेप लक्क मण नाईक 9420884352 माणगांव-शिवाप्र पोहणारा <th>१७७</th> <th>श्री.नामदेव माडये</th> <th></th> <th>वालावल-वालावल</th> <th>पोहणारा</th>	१७७	श्री.नामदेव माडये		वालावल-वालावल	पोहणारा
१८० श्री.राजेश वालातवकर 9423947972 वालावल-वालावल टेपो चालक १८१ श्री.चंद्रकांत वालावतकर 7588889409 वालावल-वालावल देक्षा चालक १७५ श्री.प्रसाद प्रश्नू वालावल-वालावल ट्रॅक्टर चालक १७८ श्री.संतीष अंकुश सावंत 7798331430 कसाल-पोखरण पोहणारा १७५ श्री.विनोद भानु कदम 9404752836 कसाल-पोखरण ट्रॅपो चालक १८० श्री.राघो काशिराम घाडीगांवकर 9403294085 कसाल-पोखरण ट्रॅपो चालक १८० श्री.संदीप बागवे 9403640400 कसाल-पोखरण ट्रिक्षा चालक १८० श्री.त्रेतरीय गावेद कदम 758858741 कसाल-पोखरण ट्रिक्षा चालक १८० श्री.त्रेतरीय बागवे 9420884352 माणगांव-शिवापूर पोहणारा १८० श्री.त्रेतरा कक्ष वाल वेळ एकर 7588904523 माणगांव-शिवापूर पोहणारा १८० श्री.सुका सावंत 9222373191 माणगांव-शिवापूर पोहणारा १८० श्री.तुकाराम सोमा कदम माणगांव-शिवापूर टेपो चालक १८० श्री.तुकाराम सोमा कर राऊळ माणगांव-शिवापूर <t< th=""><th>१७८</th><th>श्री.शंकर वालावलकर</th><th></th><th>वालावल-वालावल</th><th>पोहणारा</th></t<>	१७८	श्री.शंकर वालावलकर		वालावल-वालावल	पोहणारा
१८१ श्री.चंद्रकांत वालावलकर 7588889409 वालावल-वालावल रिक्षा चालक १७५ श्री.संतोष अंकुश सावंत 7798331430 कसाल-पोखरण पोहणारा १७६ श्री.तिनोद आनु कदम 9404752836 कसाल-पोखरण पेहणारा १८० श्री.तवेनोद आनु कदम 9403294085 कसाल-पोखरण टेपो चालक १८० श्री.संदीप बागवे 9403640400 कसाल-पोखरण रिक्षा चालक १८२ श्री.संदीप बागवे 940384352 माणगांव-शिवाप्र पोहणारा १८४ श्री.वेडल बापू बेळणेकर 7588904523 माणगांव-शिवाप्र पोहणारा १८५ श्री.सुआष सावंत 9222373191 माणगांव-शिवाप्र पोहणारा १८६ श्री.सुआष सावंत 9222373191 माणगांव-शिवाप्र पेप चालक १८६ श्री.तुकारम सोमा कदम माणगांव-शिवाप्र पेप	१७९	श्री.विनायक मुणगेकर		वालावल-वालावल	पोहणारा
१७७ श्री.संतोष अंकुश सावंत 7798331430 कसाल-पोखरण पोहणारा १७५ श्री.विनोद भानु कदम 9404752836 कसाल-पोखरण पोहणारा १८० श्री.राघो काशिराम घाडीगांवकर 9403294085 कसाल-पोखरण टेपो चालक १८० श्री.संदीप बागवे 9403640400 कसाल-पोखरण रिक्षा चालक १८२ श्री.विनोद गोविंद कदम 758858741 कसाल-पोखरण रिक्षा चालक १८२ श्री.विनोद गोविंद कदम 758858741 कसाल-पोखरण रिक्षा चालक १८३ श्री.सुरेश लक्ष्मण लाईक 9420884352 माणगांव-शिवापूर पोहणारा १८४ श्री.विहल बापू बेळणेकर 7588904523 माणगांव-शिवापूर पोहणारा १८५ श्री.न्वाज विनेश राऊळ 9420965784 माणगांव-शिवापूर पोहणारा १८६ श्री.मुभाष सावंत 9222373191 माणगांव-शिवापूर पेट चालक १८६ श्री.नुकाराम सोमा कदम माणगांव-शिवापूर टेपो चालक १८५ श्री.तुकाराम सोमा कदम माणगांव-शिवापूर टेपो चालक १९६ श्री.सहादेव ज्यराम धुरी 9834753636 माणगा	१८०	श्री.राजेश वालालवकर	9423947972	वालावल-वालावल	टेंपो चालक
१७८ श्री.संतोष अंकुश सावंत 7798331430 कसाल-पोखरण पोहणारा १७६ श्री.विनोद आनु कदम 9404752836 कसाल-पोखरण पेहणारा १८० श्री.संदीप बागवे 9403294085 कसाल-पोखरण रिक्षा चालक १८२ श्री.विनोद गोविंद कदम 758858741 कसाल-पोखरण रिक्षा चालक १८३ श्री.विज्ञेत गोविंद कदम 758858741 कसाल-पोखरण पेक्षा चालक १८३ श्री.वेजोत गोविंद कदम 758858741 कसाल-पोखरण पेक्षा चालक १८४ श्री.वेजोत संकरण गाईक 9420884352 माणगांव-शिवापूर पोहणारा १८४ श्री.मुआष सावंत 9222373191 माणगांव-शिवापूर पेटि चालक १८८ श्री.नुकारम सोमा कदम माणगांव-शिवापूर टेपो चालक १८८ श्री.नुकारम सोमा कदम माणगांव-शिवापूर टेपो चालक १	१८१	श्री.चंद्रकांत वालावलकर	7588889409	वालावल-वालावल	रिक्षा चालक
१७६ श्री.विनोद आनु कदम 9404752836 कसाल-पोखरण पोहणारा १८० श्री.राघो काशिराम घाडीगांवकर 9403294085 कसाल-पोखरण टेपो चालक १८१ श्री.संदीप बागवे 9403640400 कसाल-पोखरण रिक्षा चालक १८२ श्री.विनोद गोविंद कदम 758858741 कसाल-पोखरण रिक्षा चालक १८३ श्री.सुरेश लक्ष्मण नाईक 9420884352 माणगांव-शिवापूर पोहणारा १८४ श्री.विनेद बापू बेळणेकर 7588904523 माणगांव-शिवापूर पोहणारा १८५ श्री.विनेश राऊळ 9420965784 माणगांव-शिवापूर पोहणारा १८६ श्री.मुशाष सांवत 9222373191 माणगांव-शिवापूर JCB चालक १८६ श्री.गुक पालकर 942263334 माणगांव-शिवापूर टेपो चालक १८८ श्री.तुकाराम सोमा कदम माणगांव-शिवापूर टेपो चालक १८८ श्री.तुकाराम शंकर राऊळ माणगांव-शिवापूर टेपो चालक १९० श्री.तहकमण दिलीप धुरी 9518903118 माणगांव-शावपूर टेपो चालक १९० श्री.शकर बाबुराव राणे 9404395420 माणगांव-माणगांव	१७७	श्री.प्रसाद प्रभू		वालावल-वालावल	ट्रॅक्टर चालक
१८० श्री.राघो काशिराम घाडीगांवकर 9403294085 कसाल-पोखरण टेपो चालक १८१ श्री.संदीप बागवे 9403640400 कसाल-पोखरण रिक्षा चालक १८२ श्री.विनोद गोविंद कदम 758858741 कसाल-पोखरण रिक्षा चालक १८३ श्री.सुरेश लक्ष्मण नाईक 9420884352 माणगांव-शिवापूर पोहणारा १८४ श्री.विडल बापू बेळणेकर 7588904523 माणगांव-शिवापूर पोहणारा १८५ श्री.तविडल बापू बेळणेकर 7588904523 माणगांव-शिवापूर पोहणारा १८५ श्री.म्रनाज दिनेश राऊळ 9420965784 माणगांव-शिवापूर पोहणारा १८६ श्री.सुभाष सावंत 9222373191 माणगांव-शिवापूर उप चालक १८८ श्री.तुकाराम सोमा कदम माणगांव-शिवापूर उप चालक १८८ श्री.तुकाराम सोमा कदम माणगांव-शिवापूर उप चालक १८९ श्री.तुकाराम शंकर राऊळ माणगांव-शिवापूर उप चालक १९० श्री.तक्ष्मण दिलीप धुरी 9518903118 माणगांव-शिवापूर उप चालक १९० श्री.कक्ष्मण दिलीप धुरी 9834753636 माणगांव-माणगांव पोहणारा १९२ श्री.श्रभा का असे 9404164294 <	१७८	श्री.संतोष अंकुश सावंत	7798331430	कसाल-पोखरण	पोहणारा
१८१ श्री.संदीप बागवे 9403640400 कसाल-पोखरण रिक्षा चालक १८२ श्री.विनोद गोविंद कदम 758858741 कसाल-पोखरण रिक्षा चालक १८३ श्री.सृरंश लक्ष्मण नाईक 9420884352 माणगांव-शिवापूर पोहणारा १८४ श्री.विञ्चल बापू बेळणेकर 7588904523 माणगांव-शिवापूर पोहणारा १८५ श्री.मुभाष सावंत 9420965784 माणगांव-शिवापूर पोट चालक १८७ श्री.मुभाष सावंत 942263334 माणगांव-शिवापूर उपो चालक १८७ श्री.तुकाराम सोमा कदम माणगांव-शिवापूर उपो चालक १८९ श्री.तुकाराम रोकर राऊळ माणगांव-शिवापूर उपो चालक १९० श्री.तक्षमण दिलीप धुरी 9518903118 माणगांव-शिवापूर उपो चालक १९० श्री.सहादेव जयराम धुरी 9834753636 माणगांव-माणगांव पोहणारा १९२ श्री.शंकर बाबुराव राणे 9404395420 माणगांव-माणगांव पेहणारा १९३ श्री.सुभाष भिसे 9404164294 माणगांव-माणगांव उपो चालक १९५ श्री.तासुदेव पांडुरंग इब्रामपूरकर 9420306404 माणगांव-माणगांव उपो चालक १९६ श्री.तासुदेव पांडुरंग इब्रामप	१७९	श्री.विनोद भानु कदम	9404752836	कसाल-पोखरण	पोहणारा
१८२ श्री.विनोद गोविंद कदम 758858741 कसाल-पोखरण रिक्षा चालक १८३ श्री.सुरेश लक्ष्मण नाईक 9420884352 माणगांव-शिवापूर पोहणारा १८४ श्री.विव्रल बापू बेळणेकर 7588904523 माणगांव-शिवापूर पोहणारा १८५ श्री.मुनाज दिनेश राऊळ 9420965784 माणगांव-शिवापूर पोहणारा १८६ श्री.सुभाष सावंत 9222373191 माणगांव-शिवापूर JCB चालक १८७ श्री.तुकाराम सोमा कदम माणगांव-शिवापूर टेपो चालक १८९ श्री.तुकाराम शंकर राऊळ माणगांव-शिवापूर टेपो चालक १९० श्री.लक्षमण दिलीप धुरी 9518903118 माणगांव-माणगांव पोहणारा १९१ श्री.महादेव जयराम धुरी 9834753636 माणगांव-माणगांव पोहणारा १९२ श्री.शुभाष भिसे 9404164294 माणगांव-माणगांव JCB चालक १९३ श्री.मुभाष भिसे 940306404 माणगांव-माणगांव टेपो चालक १९३ श्री.वासुदेव पांडुरंग इब्रामपूरकर 9403077890 माणगांव-माणगांव टेपो चालक १९६ श्री.तिश्वजीत बळीराम पालव 8806078062 गोठोस-निवजे पोहणारा १९६ श्री.मिमलोत वाला पांच	१८०	श्री.राघो काशिराम घाडीगांवकर	9403294085	कसाल-पोखरण	टेंपो चालक
१८३ श्री.सुरेश लक्ष्मण नाईक 9420884352 माणगांव-शिवापूर पोहणारा १८४ श्री.विञ्ठल बापू बेळणेकर 7588904523 माणगांव-शिवापूर पोहणारा १८५ श्री.मुनाज दिनेश राऊळ 9420965784 माणगांव-शिवापूर पोहणारा १८६ श्री.सुभाष सावंत 9222373191 माणगांव-शिवापूर JCB चालक १८७ श्री.गुरु पालकर 942263334 माणगांव-शिवापूर टेपो चालक १८५ श्री.तुकाराम सोमा कदम माणगांव-शिवापूर टेपो चालक १८० श्री.तुकाराम शंकर राऊळ माणगांव-शिवापूर टेपो चालक १९० श्री.तुकाराम शंकर राऊळ माणगांव-शिवापूर टेपो चालक १९० श्री.तुकाराम शंकर राऊळ माणगांव-माणगांव पोहणारा १९० श्री.क्ष्रि.कार बाबुराव राणे 9439753636 माणगांव-माणगांव JCB चालक १९३ श्री.सुभाष भिसे 9404164294 माणगांव-माणगांव JCB चालक १९४ श्री.आस्कर सोनू राऊत 9420306404 माणगांव-माणगांव टेपो चालक १९५ श्री.विश्वजीत बळीराम पालव 9422366236 गोठोस-निवजे पोहणारा १९६ श्री.कमलेश प्रकाश परब 8275730811 गोठोस-निवजे<	१८१	श्री.संदीप बागवे	9403640400	कसाल-पोखरण	रिक्षा चालक
१८४ श्री.विञ्चल बापू बेळणेकर 7588904523 माणगांव-शिवापूर पोहणारा १८५ श्री.मनोज दिनेश राऊळ 9420965784 माणगांव-शिवापूर पोहणारा १८६ श्री.मुभाष सावंत 9222373191 माणगांव-शिवापूर JCB चालक १८७ श्री.गुरु पालकर 942263334 माणगांव-शिवापूर टेपो चालक १८८ श्री.तुकाराम सोमा कदम माणगांव-शिवापूर टेपो चालक १८९ श्री.तुकाराम शंकर राऊळ माणगांव-शिवापूर टेपो चालक १९० श्री.तहकाराम शंकर राऊळ माणगांव-शिवापूर टेपो चालक १९० श्री.तहकाराम शंकर राऊळ माणगांव-माणगांव पोहणारा १९० श्री.महादेव जयराम धुरी 9518903118 माणगांव-माणगांव पोहणारा १९२ श्री.महादेव जयराम धुरी 9834753636 माणगांव-माणगांव पोहणारा १९२ श्री.सुभाष भिसे 9404395420 माणगांव-माणगांव JCB चालक १९३ श्री.आसकर सोनू राऊत 9420306404 माणगांव-माणगांव टेपो चालक १९५ श्री.वासुदेव पांडुरंग इब्रामपूरकर 9403077890 माणगांव-माणगांव टेपो चालक १९६ श्री.तिवजीत बळीराम पालव 8806078062 गोठोस-	१८२	श्री.विनोद गोविंद कदम	758858741	कसाल-पोखरण	रिक्षा चालक
१८५ श्री.मनोज दिनेश राऊळ 9420965784 माणगांव-शिवापूर पोहणारा १८६ श्री.सुभाष सावंत 9222373191 माणगांव-शिवापूर JCB चालक १८७ श्री.तुकाराम सोमा कदम माणगांव-शिवापूर टेपो चालक १८५ श्री.तुकाराम शंकर राऊळ माणगांव-शिवापूर टेपो चालक १९० श्री.तुकाराम शंकर राऊळ माणगांव-शिवापूर टेपो चालक १९० श्री.तुकाराम शंकर राऊळ माणगांव-शिवापूर टेपो चालक १९० श्री.तुकाराम शंकर राऊळ माणगांव-माणगांव पोहणारा १९० श्री.महादेव जयराम धुरी 9834753636 माणगांव-माणगांव पोहणारा १९२ श्री.शंकर बाबुराव राणे 9404395420 माणगांव-माणगांव JCB चालक १९३ श्री.सुभाष भिसे 9404164294 माणगांव-माणगांव JCB चालक १९४ श्री.वासुदेव पांडुरंग इब्रामपूरकर 9403077890 माणगांव-माणगांव टेपो चालक १९५ श्री.विश्वजीत बळीराम पालव 8806078062 गोठोस-निवजे पोहणारा १९५ श्री.कमलेश प्रकाश परब 8275730811 गोठोस-निवजे पेहणारा १९९ श्री.महादेव आत्माराम पालव 9420962810 गोठोस-निवजे प	१८३	श्री.सुरेश लक्ष्मण नाईक	9420884352	माणगांव-शिवापूर	पोहणारा
१८६ श्री.सुभाष सावंत 9222373191 माणगांव-शिवापूर JCB चालक १८७ श्री.गुरु पालकर 942263334 माणगांव-शिवापूर टेपो चालक १८८ श्री.तुकाराम सोमा कदम माणगांव-शिवापूर टेपो चालक १८९ श्री.तुकाराम शंकर राऊळ माणगांव-शिवापूर टेपो चालक १९० श्री.लक्ष्मण दिलीप धुरी 9518903118 माणगांव-माणगांव पोहणारा १९२ श्री.महादेव जयराम धुरी 9834753636 माणगांव-माणगांव पोहणारा १९२ श्री.शंकर बाबुराव राणे 9404395420 माणगांव-माणगांव JCB चालक १९३ श्री.सुभाष भिसे 9404164294 माणगांव-माणगांव JCB चालक १९३ श्री.सुभाष भिसे 9420306404 माणगांव-माणगांव टेपो चालक १९५ श्री.वासुदेव पांडुरंग इब्रामप्रकर 9403077890 माणगांव-माणगांव टेपो चालक १९६ श्री.राम सखाराम पालव 9422366236 गोठोस-निवजे पोहणारा १९८ श्री.कमलेश प्रकाश परब 8275730811 गोठोस-निवजे पोहणारा १९९ श्री.महादेव आत्माराम पालव 9420962810 गोठोस-निवजे टेपो चालक	१८४	श्री.विव्ठल बापू बेळणेकर	7588904523	माणगांव-शिवापूर	पोहणारा
१८७ श्री.गुरु पालकर 942263334 माणगांव-शिवापूर JCB चालक १८८ श्री.तुकाराम सोमा कदम माणगांव-शिवापूर टेपो चालक १८९ श्री.तुकाराम शंकर राऊळ माणगांव-शिवापूर टेपो चालक १९० श्री.तक्षमण दिलीप धुरी 9518903118 माणगांव-माणगांव पोहणारा १९१ श्री.महादेव जयराम धुरी 9834753636 माणगांव-माणगांव पोहणारा १९२ श्री.शंकर बाबुराव राणे 9404395420 माणगांव-माणगांव JCB चालक १९३ श्री.सुभाष भिसे 9404164294 माणगांव-माणगांव JCB चालक १९४ श्री.आस्कर सोन् राऊत 9420306404 माणगांव-माणगांव टेपो चालक १९५ श्री.वासुदेव पांडुरंग इब्रामप्रकर 9403077890 माणगांव-माणगांव टेपो चालक १९६ श्री.राम सखाराम पालव 9422366236 गोठोस-निवजे पोहणारा १९६ श्री.कमलेश प्रकाश परब 8275730811 गोठोस-निवजे पोहणारा १९९ श्री.महादेव आत्माराम पालव 9420962810 गोठोस-निवजे टेपो चालक	१८५	श्री.मनोज दिनेश राऊळ	9420965784	माणगांव-शिवाप्र	पोहणारा
१८८ श्री.तुकाराम सोमा कदम माणगांव-शिवापूर टेपो चालक १८९ श्री.तुकाराम शंकर राऊळ माणगांव-शिवापूर टेपो चालक १९० श्री.लक्ष्मण दिलीप धुरी 9518903118 माणगांव-माणगांव पोहणारा १९१ श्री.महादेव जयराम धुरी 9834753636 माणगांव-माणगांव पोहणारा १९२ श्री.शंकर बाबुराव राणे 9404395420 माणगांव-माणगांव JCB चालक १९३ श्री.सुभाष भिसे 9404164294 माणगांव-माणगांव JCB चालक १९४ श्री.आस्कर सोनू राऊत 9420306404 माणगांव-माणगांव टेपो चालक १९५ श्री.वासुदेव पांडुरंग इब्रामपूरकर 9403077890 माणगांव-माणगांव टेपो चालक १९६ श्री.राम सखाराम पालव 9422366236 गोठोस-निवजे पोहणारा १९६ श्री.विश्वजीत बळीराम पालव 8806078062 गोठोस-निवजे पोहणारा १९८ श्री.कमलेश प्रकाश परब 8275730811 गोठोस-निवजे पेएणारा १९९ श्री.महादेव आत्माराम पालव 9420962810 गोठोस-निवजे टेपो चालक	१८६	श्री.सुभाष सावंत	9222373191	माणगांव-शिवापूर	JCB चालक
१८९ श्री.तुकाराम शंकर राऊळ माणगांव-शिवापूर टेंपो चालक १९० श्री.लक्ष्मण दिलीप धुरी 9518903118 माणगांव-माणगांव पोहणारा १९१ श्री.महादेव जयराम धुरी 9834753636 माणगांव-माणगांव पोहणारा १९२ श्री.शंकर बाबुराव राणे 9404395420 माणगांव-माणगांव JCB चालक १९३ श्री.सुभाष भिसे 9404164294 माणगांव-माणगांव JCB चालक १९४ श्री.भास्कर सोन् राऊत 9420306404 माणगांव-माणगांव टेंपो चालक १९५ श्री.वासुदेव पांडुरंग इब्रामपूरकर 9403077890 माणगांव-माणगांव टेंपो चालक १९६ श्री.राम सखाराम पालव 9422366236 गोठोस-निवजे पोहणारा १९६ श्री.विश्वजीत बळीराम पालव 8806078062 गोठोस-निवजे पोहणारा १९८ श्री.कमलेश प्रकाश परब 8275730811 गोठोस-निवजे पोहणारा १९९ श्री.महादेव आत्माराम पालव 9420962810 गोठोस-निवजे टेंपो चालक	१८७	श्री.गुरु पालकर	942263334	माणगांव-शिवापूर	JCB चालक
१९०श्री.लक्ष्मण दिलीप धुरी9518903118माणगांव-माणगांवपोहणारा१९१श्री.महादेव जयराम धुरी9834753636माणगांव-माणगांवपोहणारा१९२श्री.शंकर बाबुराव राणे9404395420माणगांव-माणगांवJCB चालक१९३श्री.सुभाष भिसे9404164294माणगांव-माणगांवJCB चालक१९४श्री.आस्कर सोनू राऊत9420306404माणगांव-माणगांवटेपो चालक१९५श्री.वासुदेव पांडुरंग इब्रामप्रकर9403077890माणगांव-माणगांवटेपो चालक१९६श्री.राम सखाराम पालव9422366236गोठोस-निवजेपोहणारा१९७श्री.विश्वजीत बळीराम पालव8806078062गोठोस-निवजेपोहणारा१९८श्री.कमलेश प्रकाश परब8275730811गोठोस-निवजेपोहणारा१९९श्री.महादेव आत्माराम पालव9420962810गोठोस-निवजेटेपो चालक	१८८	श्री.तुकाराम सोमा कदम		माणगांव-शिवापूर	टेंपो चालक
१९१ श्री.महादेव जयराम धुरी 9834753636 माणगांव-माणगांव पोहणारा १९२ श्री.शंकर बाबुराव राणे 9404395420 माणगांव-माणगांव JCB चालक १९३ श्री.सुभाष भिसे 9404164294 माणगांव-माणगांव JCB चालक १९४ श्री.आस्कर सोन् राऊत 9420306404 माणगांव-माणगांव टेपो चालक १९५ श्री.वासुदेव पांडुरंग इब्रामप्रकर 9403077890 माणगांव-माणगांव टेपो चालक १९६ श्री.राम सखाराम पालव 9422366236 गोठोस-निवजे पोहणारा १९७ श्री.विश्वजीत बळीराम पालव 8806078062 गोठोस-निवजे पोहणारा १९८ श्री.कमलेश प्रकाश परब 8275730811 गोठोस-निवजे पोहणारा १९९ श्री.महादेव आत्माराम पालव 9420962810 गोठोस-निवजे टेपो चालक	१८९	श्री.तुकाराम शंकर राऊळ		माणगांव-शिवापूर	टेंपो चालक
१९२श्री.शंकर बाबुराव राणे9404395420माणगांव-माणगांवJCB चालक१९३श्री.सुभाष भिसे9404164294माणगांव-माणगांवJCB चालक१९४श्री.भास्कर सोन् राऊत9420306404माणगांव-माणगांवटेंपो चालक१९५श्री.वासुदेव पांडुरंग इब्रामपूरकर9403077890माणगांव-माणगांवटेंपो चालक१९६श्री.राम सखाराम पालव9422366236गोठोस-निवजेपोहणारा१९७श्री.विश्वजीत बळीराम पालव8806078062गोठोस-निवजेपोहणारा१९८श्री.कमलेश प्रकाश परब8275730811गोठोस-निवजेपोहणारा१९९श्री.महादेव आत्माराम पालव9420962810गोठोस-निवजेटेंपो चालक	१९०	श्री.लक्ष्मण दिलीप धुरी	9518903118	माणगांव-माणगांव	पोहणारा
१९३ श्री.सुभाष भिसे 9404164294 माणगांव-माणगांव JCB चालक १९४ श्री.भास्कर सोन् राऊत 9420306404 माणगांव-माणगांव टेंपो चालक १९५ श्री.वासुदेव पांडुरंग इब्रामपूरकर 9403077890 माणगांव-माणगांव टेंपो चालक १९६ श्री.राम सखाराम पालव 9422366236 गोठोस-निवजे पोहणारा १९७ श्री.विश्वजीत बळीराम पालव 8806078062 गोठोस-निवजे पोहणारा १९८ श्री.कमलेश प्रकाश परब 8275730811 गोठोस-निवजे पोहणारा १९९ श्री.महादेव आत्माराम पालव 9420962810 गोठोस-निवजे टेंपो चालक	१९१	श्री.महादेव जयराम धुरी	9834753636	माणगांव-माणगांव	पोहणारा
१९४ श्री.भास्कर सोन् राऊत 9420306404 माणगांव-माणगांव टेंपो चालक १९५ श्री.वासुदेव पांडुरंग इब्रामपूरकर 9403077890 माणगांव-माणगांव टेंपो चालक १९६ श्री.राम सखाराम पालव 9422366236 गोठोस-निवजे पोहणारा १९७ श्री.विश्वजीत बळीराम पालव 8806078062 गोठोस-निवजे पोहणारा १९८ श्री.कमलेश प्रकाश परब 8275730811 गोठोस-निवजे पोहणारा १९९ श्री.महादेव आत्माराम पालव 9420962810 गोठोस-निवजे टेंपो चालक	१९२	श्री.शंकर बाबुराव राणे	9404395420	माणगांव-माणगांव	JCB चालक
१९५ श्री.वासुदेव पांडुरंग इब्रामपूरकर 9403077890 माणगांव-माणगांव टेंपो चालक १९६ श्री.राम सखाराम पालव 9422366236 गोठोस-निवजे पोहणारा १९७ श्री.विश्वजीत बळीराम पालव 8806078062 गोठोस-निवजे पोहणारा १९८ श्री.कमलेश प्रकाश परब 8275730811 गोठोस-निवजे पोहणारा १९९ श्री.महादेव आत्माराम पालव 9420962810 गोठोस-निवजे टेंपो चालक	१९३	श्री.सुभाष भिसे	9404164294	माणगांव-माणगांव	JCB चालक
१९६ श्री.राम सखाराम पालव 9422366236 गोठोस-निवजे पोहणारा १९७ श्री.विश्वजीत बळीराम पालव 8806078062 गोठोस-निवजे पोहणारा १९८ श्री.कमलेश प्रकाश परब 8275730811 गोठोस-निवजे पोहणारा १९९ श्री.महादेव आत्माराम पालव 9420962810 गोठोस-निवजे टेंपो चालक	१९४	श्री.भास्कर सोन् राऊत	9420306404	माणगांव-माणगांव	टेंपो चालक
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१९८ श्री.कमलेश प्रकाश परब 8275730811 गोठोस-निवजे पोहणारा १९९ श्री.महादेव आत्माराम पालव 9420962810 गोठोस-निवजे टेंपो चालक	१९६	श्री.राम संखाराम पालव	9422366236	गोठोस-निवजे	पोहणारा
१९९ श्री.महादेव आत्माराम पालव 9420962810 गोठोस-निवजे टेंपो चालक	१९७	श्री.विश्वजीत बळीराम पालव	8806078062	गोठोस-निवजे	पोहणारा
	१९८	श्री.कमलेश प्रकाश परब	8275730811	गोठोस-निवजे	पोहणारा
२०० श्री.सचिन चिंतामणी पालव 8806078062 गोठोस-निवर्जे टेंपो चालक	१९९	श्री.महादेव आत्माराम पालव	9420962810	गोठोस-निवजे	टेंपो चालक
	२००	श्री.सचिन चिंतामणी पालव	8806078062	गोठोस-निवजे	टेंपो चालक

२०१	श्री.प्रकाश कृष्णा भितये	9404919080	गोठोस-गोठोस	पोहणारा
२०२	श्री.श्रीकृष्णा यशवंत भितये	9422121412	गोठोस-गोठोस	पोहणारा
२०३	श्री.ज्ञानेश्वर पडिकल	9075299237	गोठोस-गोठोस	टेंपो चालक
२०४	श्री.महेश रामचंद्र पडिकल	9403353227	गोठोस-गोठोस	टेंपो चालक
२०५	श्री.नंदकिशोर मुकुंद सरनोबत	8080853431	गोठोस-नारुर क नारुर	पोहणारा
२०६	श्री.सचिन पांडुरंग ताटे	7588888089	गोठोस-नारुर क नारुर	पोहणारा
२०७	श्री.उदय लवू सावंत	9405399294	गोठोस-नारुर क नारुर	JCB चालक
२०८	श्री.बाळकृष्ण बेळणेकर	9421230120	गोठोस-नारुर क नारुर	JCB चालक
२०९	श्री.ज्ञानेश्वर पडिकल	9403353227	गोठोस-नारुर क नारुर	टेंपो चालक
२१०	श्री.विपिल विनायक सावंत	9404918117	गोठोस-नारुर क नारुर	टेंपो चालक
२११	श्री.सुभाष रामा तुळसुलकर	7875091476	गोठोस-तुळसुली क नारुर	पोहणारा
२१२	श्री.वासुदेव बळीराम कदम	7875091476	गोठोस-तुळसुली क नारुर	पोहणारा
२१३	श्री.उदय लवू सावंत	9405399294	गोठोस-तुळसुली क नारुर	JCB चालक
२१४	श्री.गुरुनाथ नारायण वारंग	9422436961	गोठोस-तुळसुली क नारुर	टेंपो चालक

तालुक्यातील पेट्रोल पंपांचा तपशील (स्थळ दर्शक नकाशा जोडावा)

क्र.	पंपाची सेवा	मंडळाचे नाव	सरासरी उपलब्ध साठा लिटरमध्ये			
	देणाऱ्या					
	कंपनीचे नाव		पेट्रोल	डीझेल	LPG / CNG	
8	HPGL	पोलीस अधिक्षक	1000	600	CNG	
		सिंधुदुर्ग,ओरोस श्री.सतिश 9168218300				
2	BPCL	श्री.चंद्रशेखर सावंत ओरोस	7034	7099	-	
3	IOC	रुपाली रावराणे	9000	13000		
R	ESSAR	कृष्णा केशव कर्पे 9323032655/9404498947	6517	697	-	
y	BPCL	मे.चंद्रदर्शन प्रो.प्रा.लि.	21987	17285		
દ	IOC	श्री.लक्ष्मीनारायण पेट्रोल पंप 9404752752/ 9422435248	20000	35000	-	
b	Reliance	मंदार शामसुंदर परुळेकर	2000	14000		

तालुक्यातील उपलब्ध वाहनांचा तपशील

蛃.	व्यक्तीचे नाव	संपर्क क्र.	वाहनाचा प्रकार (बरोबरची खुण करार्व			ुण करावी)	
			क्रेन	jcb	ट्रक	ट्रक्टर	जीप/प्रवासी
8	श्री.मेघराज दिनकर वाटवे	९४२२५८४५२६	✓				
ર	श्री.चिदानंद दिनकर वाटवे	०२३६२-२२४२२६	✓				
3	श्री. उदय वाटवे	९४२२५८४५२६	✓				
R	श्री. आर.एन.शेट्टी	७५६६५०३११९	✓				
Ŋ	श्री अमित नर्से	९८५०२४४४५३	✓				
Ę	श्री नाना बावकर	८२७५३६५९९९	✓				
b	श्री. बाळकृष्ण शंकर बेळणेकर दादा	९४२११४५१५३		✓			
6	श्री. आनंद कृष्णा भोगले	९४२२३७३८१८		✓			
९	श्री. संतोष नारायण कदम	९४२२४३५८५५		✓			
१०	श्री. सचिन कदम	९४२१९९०३९९		✓			
88	श्री. संतोष पांडूरंग सामंत	९४२२०५४९२३		✓			
१२	श्री. उदय वाटवे	९४२२५८४५२६		✓			
83	श्री. केशव भास्कर मुंज	6486465853		✓			
88	श्री. नारायण पांडुरंग पारकर	९४२२५८४३१५		✓			
१५	श्री.किशोर सखाराम मर्गज	९४२२४३५६९३		✓			
१६	श्री. सुखानंद रमेश हळदणकर	९६७३४९९२५१		✓			
१७	श्री.अंकुश ठाकूर	९५४५२५७२९६		✓			
१८	श्री.महादेव पालव	९४२०००३५३७		✓			
१९	श्री प्रमोद लोट	९४२३५१११२०		✓			
२०	श्री. विनायक जगन्नाथ घोपेधरकर	९४२२०५४७०९			✓		
२१	श्री. सिमर दिनकर पालव	९९६०८२२३०१			√		
२२	श्री. चंद्रकांत वासुदेव कुंभार	९४२१२३५३८३			✓		
२३	श्री. लक्ष्मण दत्तात्रय प्रभू	९३२२२३४०३१			✓		
ર૪	श्री.प्रदिप विव्वल हरमलकर	९६८९०००९८३			✓		

तालुक्यातील उपलब्ध उपकरणांचा तपशील (खाजगी व शासनाकडून मिळालेल्या)

क्र .	साठवणीची		संख्या						
जागा		लाईफ बोय	लाईफ जॅकेट	जनरेटर	बोट	बोट इंजिन सह	शिडी	दोरखंड	वुडकटर
8	तहसिल कार्यालय कुडाळ	3	14	2	0	0	0	1	1
	चेंदवण ग्रा.प.	2	14	0	1	1	0	0	0
	पावशी ग्रा.प.	1	4	0	1	1	0	0	0
	पोलीस स्टेशन कुडाळ	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
	सरंबळ	0	4	0	0	1	0	0	0

तालुक्यातील सामाजिक संस्था

क्र.	नाव	संपर्क क्र.	सहकार्याचे स्वरूप	उपयुक्ततेचा तपशील *
8	रोटरी क्लब कुडाळ	9405330064	विविध नैसर्गिक आप आवश्यकते सहकार्य	नत्ती कामकाजात
२	लायन्स क्लब कुडाळ	9422373493	आवरवन्ता सहस्राव	

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Important Telephone Numbers

1 Control Room of Major Departments

1.1 State Control Room

Sr.no	Department	Address	Telephone
1	Control Room Mantralaya	Mantralaya Control Room,	022-22027990 / 22854161
	Control Room Mantialaya	Mumbai	Fax-022-22020454
2	Chief Secretary,	Mantralaya Mumbai	022-22025042 / 22028762
	Maharashtra	Walitalaya Mullioal	Fax-022-22028594
3	Additional Chief Secretary	Relief and Rehabilitation	022-22025274
4	Director Disaster Management Unit, Mantralaya Mumbai	Relief and Rehabilitation Mantralaya Mumbai	022-22026712 Mo. No-7977793038
5	Div. Commissioner Office, Konkan Bhawan	Konkan Bhawan, Belapur Mumbai	022-27578003 Fax-022-27571516
6	NDRF, Pune	NDRF Commander, Mail 145crpf@gmail.com	02114-231245 Fax-231509 Mo. No-9422315628
7	Indian Meteorological Department	Indian Meteorological Department,Mumbai	022-22150517 / 22151989 Fax-022-22150517

1.2 Control Room of Major Departments

Sr.no	Department	Address	Telephone
1	Revenue	Collectorate, Sindhudurgnagri	02362- 228847 / 228844/228845/ Fax- 02362- 228589
2	Police	Sindhudurgnagari,Oras	02362-228200 /228614
3	Civil Hospital	Sindhudurgnagari, Oras	02362-228900/ 228901
4	Zilla Parisad	Sindhudurgnagari, Oras	02362-228807
5	Irrigation	South Konkan Irrigation Project Division Tillari Head work Division, Konalkatta Tillari Canal division Charathe	02362-228563/228564 02363-253042 02363- 272213
6	National highway	SDO National Highway Sawantwadi SDO Kharepatan	02363-275575 02367-242243
7	MSEB	Executive Engineer Kudal	02362-244905 / 222487 7875765013
8	MSEB	Executive Engineer Kankavali	02367-230113/233545 7875765115
9	S. T	Divisional Controller S.T. Kankavli	02367-230113/233545 7875765115
10	PWD(B&C)	Executive Engineer Sawantwadi	02363-272214
	rwD(D&C)	Executive Engineer, Kankavli	02367-232124

MP and MLA, Sindhudurg

Sr.no	Name	MP/ MLA	Mobile	Telephone
1	Hon. Shri. Ravindra Chavhan.	Guardian Minister Sindhudurg and Minister of	-	Mumbai 022- 22023203/22023204
2	Hon.Shri. Narayan Rane	MP (Rajya sabha)		022- 24170044
3	Hon.Shri. Vinayak Raut.	MP (Lok sabha)	9820400219	022- 26672759 / 266802742
4	Hon.Shri. Deepak Kesarkar	MLA	-	02363-273712
5	Hon.Shri. Vaibhav Naik	MLA	9422373515	02367-232535 /233586
6	Hon.Shri. Nitesh Rane	MLA		022-26053280/63

3 Sindhudurg ZP President

Sr.no	Name	Designation	Mobile	Telephone
1	-	ZP President		(02362) 228817/ 13

4 Revenue and Police Control Rooms at Taluka Level

Sr.no	Taluka	STD Code	Revenue	Police
1	Deogad	02364	262204	261333
2	Vaibhavwadi	02367	237239	237133
3	Kankavli	02367	232025	232033
4	Kudal	02362	222525	222533
5	Sawantwadi	02363	272028	272066
6	Malvan	02365	252045	253533
7	Vengurla	02366	262053	263433
8	Dodamarg	02363	256518	256650

5 Key Officers in the District

Sr.no	Department	Name & Designation	Office Telephone	Residence Telephone	Mobile No.
1	Revenue Collector/DM	Smt. K. Manjulekshmi, (I.A.S.) Collector / DM, Sindhudurg collcol.si-mh@nic.in	(02362) 228844	229029	9673703072
2	Additional Collector	Shankar Barge	(02362) 228855	228680	8788338842
3	Resident Deputy Collector	ShriMachhindraSukateRDC/ADM rdcsindhudurg@gmail.com	(02362) 228845		8459182975

Sr.no	Department	Name & Designation	Office Telephone	Residence Telephone	Mobile No.
4	SDO, Kankavli	Smt. Jagdish Katkar sdokankavli1@gmail.com	(02367) 232092		9404908586
5	SDO, Sawantwadi	Shri.Prashant Panvekar sdosawantwadi@gmail.com	(02363) 272029	272074	9867691233
6	SDO,Kudal	Smt. Aishwarya Kalushesdokudal@gmail.com	(02362) 223325		9423244567
7	Zilla Parisad	Shri. Prajeet Nair (IAS) ceozpsindhudurg@gmail.Com	(02362) 228807	2228688	9833741631
,	Ziila i alisad	Sanjay Kapadnis, Addl. CEO	(02362) 228999	228263	
8	Home	Shri. Saurabh Kumar Agarawal(IPS), S. P. Sindhudurg sp.sindhudurg@mahapolice.gov.in	(02362) 228201	228211	8920659265
	Home	Nitin Bagate Additional SP, Sindhudurg	(02362) 228203	228212	8857848157
9	Home Guards	Nitin Bagate Additional SP, Sindhudurg	(02362) 228831	228212	8857848157
10	Forest	Naval Kishor Reddy	(02363) 272005		9868634880
11	Health	Dr.Shripad Patil Civil Surgeon, Civil Hospital, cssindhudurg@yahoomail.com	(02362) 228900		9422374488
		Dr. Mahesh Khalipe,DHO(ZP) spsindhudurg@rediffmail.com	(02362) 228842		9766378873
12	PWD(B&C)	Smt.Anamika Jadhav [Executive Engineer] Sawantwadi Division sawantwadi.ee@mahapwd. com	(02363) 272214		9822611168
13	Irrigation	Shri. AjaykumarSarvgod [Executive Engineer] Kankavli Division kudalkankavali.ee@mahap wd.com	(02367) 232124	232160	9763731675
		Shri.VijaykumarThorat, SE Dakshin Konkan PatbandharePrakalp, Sindhudurg	(02362) 228563/ 228564		7385411015
13		Shri.VinayakJadhav [Executive Engineer] Sindhudurg PatbandharePrakalp (Construction) Charathe, Sawantwadi	(02363) 272213		9923349237/7776825677

Sr.no	Department	Name & Designation	Office Telephone	Residence Telephone	Mobile No.
		Shri Govind Shrimangale , Exe.Engineer Sindhudurg PatbandhareprakalpVibhag, Aambadpal	(02362) 244251	receptione	9822264893
		Shri Harshad Yadav , Executive Engineer. Medium project divisional unit,	(02362)224241		8668540396
		Shri. Mahadev Kadam Executive Eng. Minor Irrigation Department, Sindhudurg Nagari	(02362)228717		7972592165
15	District Info. Officer	DIO diosindhudurg@gmail.com	02362 228859		
16	Port Department	Captain Shri Sandip Bhujbal Regional Port Officer povengurlammb@gmail.com	02366-262014		8779209681
17	Fishery Department	Shri Shridhar Algiri	02365-252007		8788711761
18	BSNL Sawantwadi	Shri R.V.Jannu tdmsndc@gmail.com	(02363) 271500		9449859979
19	Dy.R.T.O.	Shri Nandkishor Kale	(02362) 229050		9822842333
20	MSEB	Shri Vinod Patil			7875765444
21	MSEB, Kudal	Ex engg. Kudal	(02362) 223562		7875765013
22	Sub Division Kudal	Shri Rajendra Patil, Dy. Exe Engineer	(02362)222487		7875765140
23	MSEB, Kankavli	Shri Balasaheb Mohite Exe. Engg	(02367) 230113 / 233545		7875765014
24	Sub Division Kankavali	Shri. Vilas Bagade , Dy. Exe Engineer	(02367) 232049		7875765082
25	Sub div off, Oros	Shri RajeBhopale Dy. Exe. Engineer	(02362) 223521 / 280932		7875765144
26	Sub div off. Vengurla	Shri.BalajiWaghmode Dy. Exe. Engineer	(02366) 262048		7875765142
27	Sub div off. Malvan	Shri. Sachin Mhetre Dy. Exe. Engineer	(02365) 252048 / 202510		7875765130 /

Sr.no	Department	Name & Designation	Office Telephone	Residence Telephone	Mobile No.
28	Sub div Sawantwadi	Shri Kumar Chavhan Dy. Exe. Engineer	(02363)		7875765143
29	Sub div Dodamarg	Shri.SantoshNalawade Dy. Exe. Engineer	(02363)256903		7875765141
30	Sub div Devgad	Shri Nazim Shaikh	(02364)262248		7875765085
31	Sub div.Vaibhavwadi	Shri Suresh Patil	(02367)237242		7875765084
32	Sub div Achara	Shri Atul Patil, Dy. Exe. Engineer	246733 (02365)		7875765086
33	Port Vengurla	Shri.S.V.Aawale	(02366) 262069		9657899020
34	Kiranpani	Shri V.S.Ghadi,Asst.port Insp			9422964124
35	Redi	Shri V.S.Ghadi, ,Port Insp	268232 (02366)		9422964124
36	Nivati	Shri. T.G.Masake, Asst Port Insp.			9421238134
37	Malvan	Shri. S.S.Gurav , Port Insp	252033 (02365)		9420051264
38	Aachra	Shri.A.B.Pardeshi , Port Insp	246101 (02365)		9403217538
39	Devgad	Shri. S.V.Aawale, Port Insp	246101 (02364)		9657899020
40	Vijaydurg	Shri. R.J.Patil Port Insp	245234 (02364)		9404776817
41	Jaitapur, Ratnagiri	Shri. S.M.Joshi, Port Insp	02353-224223		7378319674
42	Purngad, Ratnagiri	Shri S.M.Joshi ,Asst.Port Insp	02352-239208		7378319674
43	Supply	Mr.MachhindraSukate	02362- 228846		8459182975
44	S T,Kankavli Shri	Abhijeet Patil Div controller	02367-232122		9689731133
45	Sawantwadi Depot	Shri Narendra V BODHE	(02363) 272060		9975258534
46	Vengurla	Shri Rahul V KUMBHAR	(02366) 262178		8888998738
47	Kudal	Shri.Sandeep.PATIL (Additional charge)	(02362)222560		9657112554

Sr.no	Department	Name & Designation	Office Telephone	Residence Telephone	Mobile No.
48	Malvan	Shri Rahul V Kumbhar (additional charge)	(02365) 262071		8888998738
49	Devgad	Nilesh D Lad	(02364) 262203		9422997745
50	Vijaydurg	Shri.SachinDongare(ATI)(Additional Charge)	(02364) 245235		7972319944
51	Kankavali	Shri.Pramod Yadav	(02367)232043		9373390005
52	NH Sub division, Sawantwadi	Shri Salunkhe Sub Div Engineer	(02363) 275575		9588668477
53	NH Sub division, Kharepatan	Shri Atul Shivaniwar Sub Div Officer	02367-242243		9822361597

List of Deputy Collectors

Sr.No	Name	Department	Office no.	Cell no.
1	Shri.MachhindraSukate	RDC/ADM	(02362) 228845	8459182975
2	Shri Ravindra Mathpati	Deputy Collector (GAD)	(02362)228944	9004076999
3	Shri.MachhindraSukate	District Supply Officer	(02362)228846	8459182975
4	Dr.Shri.ShrikantGayakwad	Election department	(02362) 228824	9420643015
5	Shri.AavishkumarSonone	EGS	(02362)228851	9730328940
6	Shri.AavishkumarSonone	Land Acquisition (Mukhyalaya and M.I.)	(02362)228080/228852	9730328940
7	Shri Amolsinha Bhosale	Rehabilitation department	(02362)228001	9665120944
8	Smt.Aarati Desai	Land Acquisition (Konkan Rail /इमारत व दळणवळण)	(02362)228848/228095	9082626544

Key Officers of Zilla Parisad, Sindhudurg

Sr. No	Name	Department	STD Code	Office no.	Cell no.
1	Shri Parjit Nayar	Chief Executive Officer, Zilla Parishad, Sindhudurg	02362	228807 / 228688	9833741631
2	Shri. Sanjay Kapadnis	Addl. CEO	02362	228999	
3	Shri. Uday Patil	Project Director (DRDA)	02362	228723	8805200960
4	Shri.VishalTanapure	Dy. CEO(Gen)	02362	228817	9860298574
5	Shri. Vishal Tanapure	Dy.CEO(G.P.)	02362	228796	9860298574
6	Shri Santosh Bhosale	Dy. CEO (Woman & Child Welfare)	02362	228619	9881823593
7	Shri.Vinayak Thakur	Dy. CEO (water supply and Sanitationdepartment)	02362	228246	9422971609
8	Shri. Mahesh Dhotre	Education Officer (Pri.)	02362	228866 /228770	9404670515
9	Shri.Mushaq Shaikh	Education Officer (Sec.)	02362	228737/ 228596	7020014714
10	Shri. Anil Aawati	Executive Engg. (Construction)	02362	228819	9422435979
11	Shri. Anil Aawati	Executive Engg. (MI)	02362	228793	9422435979
12	Shri. UdaykumarMahajani	Executive Engg.(RWS)	02362	228094	7066737800
13	Dr.Shri.M.M.Khalipe	District Health Officer	02362	228842	9766378873
14	Shri. JanabaJhagade	Agri. Dev.Officer	02362	228718	228523 / 9890450975
15	Dr.Vidyanand Desai	Dis. Animal Husbandry Officer	02362	228719	9421178384
16	Shri. Santosh Bhosale	Social Welfare Officer	02362	228741	9881823593
17	Dr Harshad Jadhav	Dist TB Officer	02362	228728	9420129101

8 Tahsildars & RNTs

Sr · N o	Taluka	Name and Designation	STD Code	Office no.	Mobile
1	Dodamarg	Shri.ArunKhanolkarTahasildar Shri.Desai N.N.	0236	25651 8	7276536427 9422633407

		RNTtdodtah.simh@nic.in			
2	Sawantwadi	Shri. Shridhar Patil Tahasildar Shri Manoj Musaler RNT tsawtah.si-mh@nic.in	0236	27202 8	7588065694/ 9422915653
3	Vengurla	Shri.OnkarOtari Tahasildar Shri.Suvarna Kelkar RNT tventah.si-mh@nic.in	0236 6	26205 3	9423090301 7774014570
4	Kudal	Shri. Amol Pathak Tahasildar Shri. Kamlakar Dabholkar RNT tkudtah.si-mh@nic.in	0236	22252	9689684034876640192 9
5	Malvan	Smt.VarshaZalateTahasildar Shri GangaramKokareRNT tmaltah.si-mh@nic.in	0236 5	25204 5	9022860912
6	Kankavali	Shri. R.J.PawarTahasildar Shri. Shivaji RathodRNT tkantah.si-mh@nic.in	0236 7	23202	7057379177 9112771900
7	Deogad	Smt. Karishma NayarTahasildarShri.Shrikrushn a ThakurRNT tdevtah.si-mh@nic.in	0236 4	26220 4	9136030502 9421238410
8	Vaibhavvad i	Smt. Dipti Desai Tahsildar Shri. Anant Kavalekar RNT tvaitah.si-mh@nic.in	0236 7	23723	9421172234940578780 5

Block Development Officers (BDO)

Sr. No	Name and Designation Mobile	STD Code Tel.	Office No.	Mobile
1	Shri. Vasudev Naik BDO, Dodamarg	02363	256724	9455393542
2	Shri. Vasudev Naik BDO, Sawantwadi	02363	272026	9455393542
3	Shri.Vasudev Naik BDO, Vengurla	02366	262052	9455393542
4	Shri. Vijay Chavhan, BDO, Kudal	02362	222210	9422065222
5	Shri.Aappasaheb Ramchandra Gujar, BDO, Malvan	02365	252029	9422567041
6	Shri. Arun Chavan , BDO Kankavali	02367	232026 /231774	9422584334
7	Shri.JayprakashParab BDO Deogad	02364	262207	9420257655
8	Shri.Arun Chavan, BDO, Vaibhavwadi	02367	237230	9422584334

10 Nagar Parishad Officers

Sr.	Name of Municipal Corporation and	STD	Office	Mobile No.
No.	Name of CO	Code	No.	
1	Shri Sagar Salunkhe,Sawantwadi Emailcosmc.sawantwadi@yahoo.com	02363	272044	9664327245

2	Shri. ParitoshKankal, Vengurla Email- vmcvengurla@rediffmail.com	02366	262027	8055307821
3	Shri. Santosh JirageMalvan Email- comalvan@gmail.com	02365	252940	9503038272
4	Shri.AvdhutTawade,Kankavli Email-kankavli@gmail.com	02367	232007	9765871546
5	Shri.ParitoshKankalNagar Panchayat Kasai Dodamarg	02363	256633	8055307821
6	Shri.ArvindNatu Nagar Panchayat Kudal	02362	222236	9370820255
7	Shri. Suraj Kambale Nagar Panchayat VabhaveVaibhavvadi	02367	237248	9075637575
8	Shri.Santosh Jirage Nagar Panchayat DeogadJamsande	02364	262223	9503038272

11 Dy. Engineer, Bandhakam (Zilla Parisad)

Sr. No.	Designation	STD Code	Office No.	Mobile No.
1	Shri. Dhananjay Thakare , Dy. Engg, Sawantwadi /Dodamarg	02363	272121	9175167127
2	Shri Narendra Mahale Dy. Engg, Kankavli /Vibhavwadi	02367	232204	9869220907
3	Shri. R.S.Kulande Dy. Engg, Kudal&Vengurla	02362	222774	9404761574
4	Shri. Narendra Mahale, Dy. Engg, Deogad	02364	262380	9869220907
5	Shri.SantoshSavardekar, Dy. Engg, Malvan	02365	252101	9422595602
6	Shri. Narendra Mahale, Dy Engg, Vaibhavwadi	02367	237233	9869220907

12 Dy. Engineers (Minor Irrigation, ZP)

Sr. No.	Name	Taluka	STD Code	Tel. Off.	Mobile
1	Shri.Vasant Mohite	Deogad, Vaibhavwadi	02367	237587	9421263912
2	Shri. Vasant Mohite	Sawantwadi, Doda marg, Vengurla	02366	262082	9421263912
3	Shri.Bhosale	Malvan,Kankavli	02365	252008	9404447849
4	Shri Anil Aawati	Oras	02362	228793	9422435969
5	Shri.M.V.Hawaldar	Kudal	02362	222689	9420423321

13 Dy. Engineers (Rural Water Supply, ZP)

	Sr. No.	Name	Taluka	STD Code	Tel. Off.	Mobile
	1	Shri. Pandurang Gursale	Kankavli	02367	232242	8378057319
ſ	2	Shri. Uday Mahajani	Deogad	02364	261667	7066737800

3	Shri Sudesh Rane	Sawantwadi	02363	275828	9422436429
4	Shri. Vaibhav Walake	Kudal (Sindhudurgnagari)	02362	228049	9404395695

14 Major District Level Departments & Telephone Nos.

Sr. No.	Department	Telephone
1	R.T.O.	02362-222050
2	Dist. Industries	02362-228705
3	Dist. Information & Public relation Office	02362-228859
4	MSEB	02362-223521
5	BSNL	02363-274000
6	Port office, Vengurla	02366-262014
7	Harbours	02362-228828
8	Nehru Yuva Kendra	02362-228848
9	Social Welfare	02362-228882
10	Suptd. State Excise	02362-228839
11	Employment office	02362-228835
12	Town Planning	02362-228864
13	Sainik Welfare	02362-228820
14	Dist. Sport Office	02362-228885
15	Suptd. of Agriculture Office	02362-228708
16	Dist. Malaria officer	02362-228868
17	MIDC Project Officer	02362-228785
18	Sr. Geologist GSDA	02362-228713
19	Govt. Labour Officer	02362-228872
20	Dist. Coordinator, NABARD	02362-221750
21	Asst. Charity Commissioner	02362-228714
22	Junior District Registrar	02362-228858

15 Railway and Bus Stations

Sr. No	Address	STD Code	Railway Station	Bus Station
1	Sawantwadi	02363	258300/9004474576	272011
2	Vengurla	02366	-	262038/262178

3	Malvan	02365	-	252034
4	Kankavli	02367	9004474571	232007/232023
5	Kudal	02362	221408/9004474573	222422
6	Sindhudurg	02362	228575/9004474572	-
7	Deogad	02364	Nandagaon 9004474570	262228
8	Vaibhavwadi	02367	9004474569	245224
9	Madure	02363	9004474575	-
10	Nandgaon	02367	9004474570	-
11	Zarap	02362	232132/9004474574	-

16 Konkan Railways

Sr. No	Name	Designation	Cell	office
1	Shri. L.K.Varma	Chief PRO	9004447006	022-27561085
2	Shri. L.K.Varma	Chief commercial manager (Belapur)	9004470391	022-27587394
3	Shri. U.S.Shende	Regional rail manager (Ratnagiri)	9004447008	02352-228922
4	Shri. B.B.Nikam	Regional rail manager (Karwar)	9945047008	0832-283176

17 List of Govt Hospital in the District

Sr.No.	Name & Address	STD Code	Phone	Officers& Mobile No	Bed Capacity
1	District General Hospital Oras,Sindhudurg	02362	228902/ 228654	Dr.Shripad Patil Civil Surgeon, Civil Hospital M. 9422374488 cssindhudurg@yahoomail.com	300
2	Sub-District Hospital Kankavli	02367	233959/ 232058/ 231058	Dr.N.S.Dharmadhikari M.9421266454	100
3	Sub-District Hospital Sawantwadi	02363	275035	Dr.S.J.SawantM -9421265900	100
4	Sub District Hospital Shiroda	02366	227202	Dr.P.L.Desai M. 9422632092	50
5	Rural Hospital Deogad	02364	262253 /262611	Dr.S.N.VitkarM. 8600015101	30
6	Rural Hospital Vengurla	02366	262235	Dr.S.S.Mane M. 9518750513	30
7	Rural Hospital Pendurkatta	02365	225861 225375	DR.S.J.Pol M. 9421234378	30
8	Rural Hospital Vaibhavwadi	02367	237581	Dr.N.S.DharmadhikariM. 9421266454	30

9	Rural Hospital Malvan	02365	252032	DR.S.J.PolM. 9421234378	30
10	Rural Hospital Dodamarg	02363	256617	Dr.D.A.Aiwale M. 9763132262	30
11	Rural Hospital Kudal	02362	222483	Dr.P.P.Walawalkar M. 9823065040	30

18 Govt. Ambulance Services

Sr.No.	Address	STD Code	Phone
1	District General Hospital	02362	228901/228004
2	Sub District Hospital Kankavali	02367	232058
3	Rural Hospital, Kudal	02362	222483
4	Sub District Hospital Sawantwadi	02363	272062

19 Private Ambulance Services

Sr.No.	Address	STD Code	Phone
1	Sri Satya Sai Books, Sawantwadi	02363	9423307325
2	SindhudurgShikshanPrasa.Kudal	02363	6236723400
3	Loknete Adv. DattaPatil,Vengurla	02366	9423301274
4	Matoshri ShikshanPrasarni,Kankavli	02367	9420205520
5	Sailia FoundationTrust ,Kankavli	02367	9870775775
6	Prashant Vengurlekar, Malvan	02367	9820421678
7	DeepakSawant ,Deogad	02365	9422401000
8	RajendraMhapsekar,Dodamarg	02364	9405929487

20 List of Blood Banks

Sr.No.	Address	STD Code	Phone
1	District Hospital, Oras	02362	228566
2	Sub-district Hospital, Sawantwadi	02363	275141

21 Fire Stations

Sr.No.	Address	STD Code	Phone
1	Fire Brigade MIDC Kudal	02362	223178/223278
2	Municipal Council, Sawantwadi	02363	272404
3	Municipal Council, Vengurla	02366	262027
4	Municipal Council, Malvan	02365	252030 / fax 252940
5	Municipal Council, Kankavli	02367	232007

22 Details of Police Stations in district

Sr.No.	Name of the Police Station	Concern Officer's Number	Phone	Mobile
1	PI Dodamarg	Shri.Jayesh Thakur	02363 - 272078	9137459200
2	P. I Sawantwadi	Shri Adhikari	02363 –232099	9552747480
3	P.I., Vengurla	Shri. Atul Jadhav	02366 –222533	9821737088
4	P.I. Kudal	Shri.Mulla	02362 - 253533	9923418386
5	PI Malvan	Shri. Vijay Yadav	02365 - 232033	9967915345
6	P. I., Kankavli	Shri. Hundalekar	02367 - 261333	9764414332
7	P. I. Sindhunagari	Shri.Yadav	02362 - 228888	9273926420
8	P. I., Deogad	Shri.Bagale	02364 - 261333	9673633066
9	P. I., Vaibhavwadi	Shri Mengade	02367 - 237133	9823273523
10	Asst.P.I. Nivati	Shri.Sunil Rane	02366 - 228200	8668700234
11	P.I Banda	Shri.Kale	02363 - 270233	8337229208
12	Asst.P.IVijaydurg	Shri.Pharne	02364 - 245300	8055702262
13	Asst P.I.Aachara	Shri.Batkar	02365 - 246100	9766115590

23 List of Government Hospitals in the District

Sr.no	Address	STD Code	Phone
1	District General Hospital, Sindhudurg	02362	228901 / 902
2	Sub-district Hospital, Sawantwadi	02363	232056
3	Sub-district Hospital, Kankavali	02367	233959
4	Sub-district Hospital Shiroda	02366	227202
5	Rural Hospital Dodamarg	02363	226617
6	Rural Hospital Kudal	02362	221781

7	Rural Hospital Deogad	02364	262611
8	Rural Hospital Malvan	02365	252032
9	Rural Hospital Vengurla	02366	262235
10	Rural Hospital Katta	02365	225861/225375
11	Rural Hospital Vaibhavvadi	02367	237581

24 Municipal Councils

Sr.no	Address	STD Code	Phone
1	Municipal Council, Sawantwadi	02363	272044
2	Municipal Council, Vengurla	02366	262027
3	Municipal Council, Malvan	02365	252030
4	Municipal Council, Kankavli	02367	232007
5	Municipal Council, Kasai Dodamarg	02363	256633
6	Municipal Council, VabhaveVaibhavvadi	02367	237248
7	Municipal Council, DeogadJamsande	02364	262347
8	Municipal Council, Kudal	02362	222236

25 List of Private Hospitals

Sr.No.	Name of Hospital	Location	Phone with STD	Beds
	1			
1	Sanjeevani Hospital	Kankavli	02367-231390	30
2	Getwell hospital,	Kankavli	9422393139	30
3	Mhaskar Hospital	Kankavli	02367-232111	30
4	Dr.Nagvekar Hospital	Kankavli	02367-232168	60
5	Dr. Abu Tayshete Memorial Hospital	Kankavli	02367-232184	30
6	Dr.Navare Accident Orthopedic& Maternity Hospital	Kankavli	02367-232283,	30
7	Akerkar hospital	Kankavli	02362-221385,221376.	
8	Swaroop Hosp	Sawantwadi	02363- 272291	10
9	SanjivaniBalrugnalay	Sawantwadi	02363 - 272105	20
10	Bhakti hospital	Sawantwadi	02363- 275151	10
11	Yashoda Orthopedic Hospital	Sawantwadi	02363-275286	10
12	Shree Samarth Satam Maharaj Balrugnalay	Sawantwadi	02363-271030	10
13	Rani JankibaisahebVaidhyakiya Sanstha's Rugnalaya	Sawantwadi	02363-272037, 272359	60
14	Yashraj Hospital & Maternity Home	Sawantwadi	02363-271301	25
15	Shivam Hospital	Sawantwadi	2363-273088	10
16	Dr Rane Hospital Achara	Sawantwadi	9423881598	
17	Shri Sai Hospital	Sawantwadi	2363-272429	
18	Shree Ganesh Hospital	Kudal	9422054740	50
19	Suyash Hospital	Kudal	02362-221358, 223452	25

20	Rajan Hospital,	Kudal	02362-222722	18
21	Om Kartvaya Sadhana Hospital	Kudal	9422435432	20
22	Akerkar Hospital	Kudal	02362-221485	09
23	Kolte Hospital and chest clinic	Kudal	9673113356	
24	Dr. S. K. Parulekar Hospital	Kudal	9422435432	25
25	Cottage Hospital	MIDC Kudal	9422436096	
26	Sarita Hospital	Devgad	02364-261365, 262319	16
27	Late Rakhumabai Marathe Hospital,	Devgad	02364 - 261565	15
28	Rupali Hospital	Shiroda ,Vengurla	9767023593	14
29	Limaye Hospital	Malvan	02365- 252866, 252266	10
30	Zantye hospital	Malvan	02365-253628, 253829	10
31	Ankur Hospital	Malvan	02365 252154	
32	Parulekar Hospital	Malvan	02365 253869	9
33	RedkarHospital, & Nuro cardiac Research center	Malvan	02365-252115	
34	Mankeshwarmulti speciality clinic & implant center	Vaibhavwadi	02367- 237263/237273	
35	MS Rural Hospital	Dodamarg	9763132262	

26 List of Animal HusbandryOfficers

20		Tusbanut yothcers	Ī		
Sr.no	Name	Designation	Taluka	Contact No.	Cell no.
	Dr.Vidyanand Desai	District DeputyCommissionerAnimalHus bandry, Sindhudurg Nagari		(02362) 228808	9421178384
,	Dr.Vidyanand Desai	District Animal Husbandry Officer, Sindhudurg		(02362) 228719	9421178384
3	Dr.Y.D.Gosavi	Assistant Commissioner Animal Husbandry, DistrictVeterinary Clinic		(02367) 232132	9422434237
Δ	Dr.Sudhakar Thakur	Assistant Commissioner Animal Husbandry, Taluka Veterinary ClinicKudal	Kudal	2362) 224971	9850780070
5	Dr.M.J.Varathi	Assistant Commissioner Animal Husbandry, Taluka Veterinary Clinic ,Vengurla	Sawantwadi /Dodamarg	(02363) 274201	9423802680
6	Dr.Chavhan	Assistant Commissioner Animal Husbandry, Taluka Veterinary Clinic ,Vengurla	Vengurla	(02366) 262325	9423624715
1	Dr.R.B.Dalavi (I/C)	Assistant Commissioner Animal Husbandry, Taluka Veterinary Clinic Malvan	Malvan	(02365) 251085	9422642083
8	Dr.Aambi	Livestock Development Officer (Extention) Panchayat Samiti Vaibhavvadi	Vaibhavvadi	(02367) 237230	7588912453
9	DR.VivekDhekan e	Livestock Development Officer (Extention) Panchayat Samiti Deogad	Deogad	(02364) 262207	9403350757
10	Dr.MaheshChau gule	Livestock Development Officer (Extention) Panchayat Samiti Kankavali	Kankavali	(02367) 232026	9975920272
11	Dr.V.S.Patil	Livestock Development Officer (Extention) Panchayat Samiti Malvan	Malvan	(02365) 252029	9527225270
13	Dr.S.P.Nikam	Livestock Development Officer (Extention) Panchayat Samiti Kudal	Kudal	(02362) 222210	9420070085
14	Dr.Shri.S.B.Thak ur	Vengurla	Vengurla	(02366) 262052	9850780070
	Dr.MadhukarDab hade	Livestock Development Officer (Extention) Panchayat Samiti Sawantwadi	Sawantwadi/ Dodamarg	(02363) 272026	9423513065

27 List of Primary HealthCentre

27.1 Taluka Vaibhavvadi

Sr.No.	PHC	Tel. No
1	Vaibhavwadi	02367-237221
2	Umbarde	02367-253604

27.2 Taluka Kankavali

Sr.No.	PHC	Tel.No.
1	Kharepatan	02367-242325
2	Kanedi	02367-246001.
3	Phonda	02367-245244
4	Kalsuli	02367-252746
5	Kasarde	02367-240239.
6	Varavade	02367-232301
7	Nandagav	02367-248514.

27.3 Taluka Devgad

Sr.No.	РНС	Tel.No.	
1	Padel	02364-225040	
2	Mond	02364-246875	
3	Phanasgaon	02364-244412	
4	Mithbay	02364-238224	
5	Elaye	02364-248805	
6	Shirgaon	02364-236244	

27.4 Taluka Malvan

Sr.No	РНС	Tel.No.
1	Aachara	02365-246233
2	Masure	02365-257241
3	Hiwale	02365-227744
5	Golvan	02365-225913
6	Chouke	02365-202067

27.5 Taluka Kudal

Sr.No	Z	Tel.No.
1	Kadaval	02362-220053
2	Pandur	02362-248058
3	Mangaon	02362-236241
4	Hirlok	02362-245016
5	Kasal	02362-234244
6	Walawal	02362-242039

27.6 Taluka Vengurla

Sr.No	PHC	Tel.No.
1	Parule	02366-269644
2	Adeli	02366-264274
3	Redi	02366-227664
4	Tulas	02366-225217

27.7 Taluka Sawantwadi

Sr. No	PHC	Tel.No.
1	Malewad	02363-261005
2	Sangeli	02363-242780
3	Nirawade	02363-258391
4	Amboli	02363-240244
5	Banda	02363-270295

27.8 Taluka Dodamarg

Sr. No	PHC	Tel.No.
1	Dodamarg	02363-256983
2	Bhedshi	02363-257356
3	Morgaon	02363-255119
4	Talkat	02363-257376

28 Zilla Parishad Dispensaries

Sindhudurg District Disaster Management Plan (Important tel. Nos) June 2023

Sr no.	Name of Doctor	Village	Mobile
1	Vacant	Bhuiavada,Vaibhavwadi	-
2	Dr.Sarla Khot	Nerle,Vaibhavwadi	9421729380
3	Dr Anil Pawar	Achirne,Vaibhavwadi	9130540151
4	Dr.Deshpande	Ambrad,Kudal	8007430856
5	vacant	Shivapur,Kudal	Vacant
6	Dr Rahul Wagh	Ghodge,Kudal	9423467932
7	Vacant	Ubhadanda, Vengurla	Vacant
8	vacant	Ronapal,Sawantwadi	vacant
9	vacant	Ghotgewadi, Dodamarg	vacant

29 Emergency Medical Team

Sr no	Taluka	Name of Team Leader	Other Members	HQ	Office	Cell no.
1	District level	Dr.Sandesh Kambale Addl.Dist. HealthOfficer	Shri.B.H.Kadam	Oras	02362- 228842	(ADHO) 8806326131 (HS)
1			Shri.R.S.Lambar			9420401188
			Shri.K.M.Lad	Oras	02362- 228543	MO- 7875627054
2	District		Shri.D.T.Malye			HA- 9422393739
3	Vaibywadi	Dr.Anil Pawar	Shri.A.P.Chavhan	ТНО	02367-	TMO- 9422964485
3	vaiovwadi		Shri S.V.Ekavade		237221	HA- 9421269119
4	Devgad	Dr.R.B.Rathod	Shri L.B.Somaji	ТНО	02364- 261703	THO- 9404416171

Sr no	Taluka	Name of Team Leader	Other Members	HQ	Office	Cell no.
			Shri S.A.Kadu			HS- 9421237444
5	Shri V.V.Sawant	ТНО	02367-	THO- 9420470088		
3	Kankavli	Dr.P.M.Ingawale	Shri M.Y.Kadam		233162	HA- 9423052015
6	Malvan	Dr.S.B.Jadhav	Shri S.S.Naik	THO	02365-	THO- 9403693442
			Shri Aashish Chavan		251583	HA- 9970084253
7	Kudal	Dr.S.V.Kambale	Shri.C.B.Naik	THO	02362- 222812	THO- 8806326131
	Kudai		Shri.R.S.Gawade			HS- 9404444599
8	Vengurla	DR.A. SMainkar	Shri.Aamberakar	ТНО	02366- 263748	THO- 9422596661
8	venguna	DK.A. Siviallikai	S.S.Anasurkar			HA- 9423878200
9	Sawant wadi	DR.V.M.Shirodkar	Shri S.M.Parab Shri.S.B. Tulaskar	ТНО	02363- 271646	THO- 9619127071 HS 9826613855
10	Dodamarg	Dr.R.S.Kartaskar	Shri. Siddharth Kadam	ТНО	02363- 256983	THO- 9423303451 HS-
			Shri.M.M.Karmalkar	<u></u>		94238878751

30 List of Medicine Stockists in the District,

30.1 Taluka - Kudal

Sr.No.	Name of the Medical Shop	Contact No.	Contact Person
1	Kudal Medical Stores, BazarpethKudal, Tal. Kudal- 416520	9422054715	Manohar KrishnajiKamat
2	Prathamesh Medical Stores, Near Kudal Post Office, Tal. Kudal416520	9422390062	Krishnaji Madhukar Bakre
3	Sindhudurg Medical Stores, A/P Ranbambuli, Near District Civil Hospital.	9422436703	Snehankita S.Kandalkar

30.2 Taluka - Vengurla

Sr. No.	Name of the Medical Shop	Contact No.	Contact Person
1	Yatin Medical Stores, A/P.		Pradnya P. Nerurkar
1	Vengurla416516	02366-262774	M. 7057546825
_	Prashant Medical Stores, Br. Nath	02266 262265	Prashant E. Nerurkar
2	Pai Road, A/P. Vengurla416516	02366-262365	M. 9421146825
2	Mahadeo Medical Stores, A/P.	940714429	Carvottam M. Wadvokar
3	Parule, Tal. Vengurla-416523	940/14429	Sarvottam M. Wadyekar

30.3 Taluka – Kankavli

Sr.No.	Name of the Medical Shop	Contact No.	Contact Person	
1	Jagdamba Medical Stores,	02367-233030	Sadanand L. Sawant	
1	Chintamani Park ,Kankavli, 416602	02307-233030	Jauananu L. Jawani	
2	Rane Medical Stores, Br. A/P	02367-242425	Shekhar M. Rane	
	Kharepatan, Tal. Kankavli-416703	02307 242423		
3	PhondaghatMedical Stores, A/P	02367-245015	ShriniwasR.Nadkarni	
3	Phondaghat, Tal. Kankavli-416601	02307-243013	Siii ii ii wash. Naukai iii	

30.4 Taluka -Vaibhavwadi

Sr.No.	Name of the Medical Shop	Contact No.	Contact Person
1	Swami Medical Stores, Vaibhavwadi416810	02367-237252	Sankar G.Swami
2	Ashwini Medical Stores, A/P Bhuibawada Tal. Vaibhavwadi 416806	09604886693	Ashok K. Narkar
3	Sanjay Medical Stores, Vaibhavwadi- 416810	02367-237258	Sanjay D. Sawant

30.5 Taluka -Sawantwadi

Sr.No.	Name of the Medical Shop	Contact No.	Contact Person
1	Kashalikar Medical Stores, Main Road, Sawantwadi- 416510	02363-272720	Makarand S. Kashalikar
2	Baba Medical Stores, A/P. Malgaon, Tal. Sawantwadi416510	02363-258338	Gajanan A. Dhuri
3	Balkrishna Medical Stores, A/P Madkhol, Tal. Sawantwadi416510	02363-272155	Triveni P. Pawaskar

30.6 Taluka – Dodamarg

Sr.No.	Name of the Medical Shop	Contact No.	Contact Person
1	Shree Medical Stores, A/P. Dodamarg-416512	02363-256519	Rajendra B.Desai
2	Varsha Medical Stores, A/P. Dodamarg-416512	02363-256741	Vivekanand E. Naik
3	Parth Medical Stores, Bhedshil, Tal. Dodamarg- 416530	02363-256777	Sagun A.Naik

Sr.No	Name of Medical shop	Contact no	Contact person
1	Sai Medical Stores, A/P. Padel, Tal. Deogad-416804	02364-225075	RandipD. Warik
2	Gokhale Medical Stores, A/P. Manche Tal. Deogad-416811	02364-247564	Satish M. Gokhale
3	Life Line Medical Stores, Jamsande, Tal. Deogad-416630	02364-262361	Abhay S. Kulkarni

30.8 Taluka Malvan

Sr.No.	Name of the Medical Shop	Contact No.	Contact Person
1	Lalit Medical Stores, A/P. Katta, Tal. Malvan-416604	02365-225457	Lalit B. Dholam
2	Prasad Medical & Gen. Stores, A/P. Chouke Tal. Malvan-416605	02365-258054	Anant J. Nadkarni
	Gajanan Medical Stores, 2791, NearS.T. Stand, A/P. Malvan416606	0942119088	Sujit S. Acharekar

31 List of Volunteers in Flood Prone Villages Trained in Search and Rescue

31.1 Taluka Deogad

Sr. No.	Name & Address	Contact No.
1	Rafik Kadir Pawaskar	
2	Shivram Shankar Nikam	
3	Dhananjay Krishna Koyande	
4	Jaysing Dattatray Golvankar	
5	Pravin Eknath Sawant	
6	Suraj Vijay Devgadkar	
7	Rupesh Aappa Sawant	
8	Purushottam Digambar Mestri	
9	Rupesh Purushottam Patil	
10	Sakharam Prabhakar Mayekar	
11	Mahesh DayasingBidaye	
12	PratapsingNanasahebDulap	
13	Pradip Vasant Sakharkar	_
14	Mukesh Kantilal Patel	

31.2 Taluka Kankavli

Sr. No.	Name & Address		Contact No.
1	Vaibhav Shankar Shirasat	Shivdav	
2	Satish Madhukar Patade	Shivdav	
3	Shrikant Rajaram Teli	Shivdav	
4	Eknath Ganesh Shirasat	Shivdav	
5	ShamaniVithoba Tambe	Shivdav	

31.3 TalulaKudal

Sr. No.	Name & Address		Contact No.
1	Gurunath Shyam Naik	Sarambal	
2	Suresh GopalnChenvankar	Sarmbal	
3	Laxam Sadashiv Shelate	Pavshi	
4	Rakesh Dasharath Chavan	Pavshi	
5	Santosh Nanasaheb Patil	Pavshi	
6	Sakharam Mohan Monde	Pavshi	
7	Santosh HarishchyandraParab	Bambuli	
8	Shankar Babaji Parab	Bambuli	
9	AtamaramDhakuBambulkar	Bambuli	
10	Pradip DinkarvParab	Bav	
11	Ramesh Krushna karalakar	Bav	
12	Ramchandra YashvantParab	Bav	
13	Ravindra Krushna Toraskar	Chendvan	

Sr. No.	Name & Address		Contact No.
14	Shankar Vitthal Jamsandekar	Chendvan	
15	Mahadev Rajaram Pilankar	Chendvan	
16	Deepak Prakash Bharadkar	Chendvan	
17	Shailesh Sharad Tavate	Chendvan	

31.4 Taluka Malvan

Sr. No.	Name & Address		Contact No.
1	Jagadish khadobaKandalgaokar	Kolam	
2	Avinash D Kandalgaokar	Kolam	
3	Omkar Prabhakar Joshi	Vayangani	
4	Govind Sadashiv Acharekar	Achara	
5	Vasant Sadashiv Acharekar	Achara	
6	Budhaji Madhukar Patil	Achara	
7	Kamalesh Keshav Wadekar	Achara	
8	Jitendra Mohan Acharekar	Achara	
9	Shailesh Sadashiv Acharekar	Achara	
10	Ganesh Aravind Masurkar	Achara	
11	Gajanan Ramakant Malandkar	Tondavli	
12	Sanjay Ankush Tari	Tondavli	
13	Sadanand BikhajiTandel	Devbag	
14	Sakharam Ramchandra Sarang	Devbag	
15	Parshuram R Guram	Kalse	
16	Prashant Prabhakar Khot	kalse	
17	Prashant Ravidra Prabhu	Kalse	
18	Ashok Vittal Chavan	Dhamapur	
19	Sushil SavalaramShendage	Hadi	

31.5 Taluka Vengurla

Sr. No.	Name & Address		Contact No.
1	Ganapat Bharat Hule	Redi	
2	Sai Sangivani Pundalik Mayekar	Vengurla	
3	Supriya Sadu Parulekar	Vengurla	
4	Gajanan Ramesh Parab	Vengurla	
5	Ashwini KusagiMalvankar	Vengurla	
6	DhrshanaBemagiFarnandees	Vengurla	
7	Dttaram Ladu Naik	Hodavada	
8	Sameer Vishavas Sawant	Hodavada	
9	Mangesh Prabhakar Kocharekar	Hodavada	

31.6 Taluka Sawantwadi

Sr. No.	Name & Address		Contact No.
1	Dattaram Krishan Patil	Insuli	
2	Krishna Shivaji Sawant	Insuli	
3	Gajanan ShrikrishanNavekar	Insuli	
4	Laxman YashaaavantVengurlekar	Insuli	
5	BhanduVishnub Shirodkar	Insuli	
6	Sunil Namdev Velnekar	Aronda	
7	Nyan Suresh Chodankar	Aronda	
8	Santosh Narayan Tari	Sherle	
9	Dipak Mohan Sawant	Sherle	
10	Harsha Hanumant Sawant	Banda	
11	Rupesh ShantaramDhamapurkar	Banda	
12	Shankar Vishnu Dhamapurkar	Banda	
13	Bhushan Maruti Sawant	Banda	
14	Priyanka Mahadev Bavkar	Banda	
15	Sadguru Maruti Naik	Kinle	
16	Jayaram Krishna Naik	Kinle	
17	Avinash Laxman Pandit	Satoshe	
18	Santosh Vashvanath Pandit	Satoshe	
19	Satish VishvanathParab	Satoshe	
20	Gajanan YashawantShirsat	Satarda	

32 List of Swimmers

32.1 Masure, Malvan

Sr no.	Name	Cell no	Residence
1	DurwasAchrekar	9404933510	
2	Vijay Girkar	9423212010	
3	Sandip Hadkar	9420309031	
4	Deepak Masurkar	9421263411	
5	Mohan Masurkar	9403558787	
6	Ashok Raut		
7	KrishnajiMasurkar		
8	Sanjay Khot	9422230368	

32.2 Kalse, Malvan

Annexure for Updating of Sindhudurg District Disaster Management Plan (important tel. Nos)

Sr no.	Name	Cell	Residence
1	Prashant Khot	9221553366	
2	Sanjay Khot	9723469828	
3	DwarkanathPawaskar	99233147443	
4	Ulhas Narvekar	9422596634	
5	Ramchandra Khot		
6	Rajan Korgaonkar	9923022113	
7	Mahesh Korgaonkar	9823013758	
8	Deepak Korgaonkar	9423512136	
9	Anil Herekar	9404751682	
10	Santosh Madye	9764235520	
11	Lalit Korgaonkar	9421263590	
12	Bhushan Kudalkar	9923565217	

32.3 Chendvan, Kudal

Sr no.	Name	Cell no	Residence
1	Ramakant Torskar	9404163329	
2	Shankar Toraskar	9421460209	
3	Madan Torskar	9421086883	
4	Ananta Pilankar	9404750345	
5	Sachin Tondvalkar	9421941168	
6	Bhalchandra Pilankar	9423317335	
7	Mahesh Wadkar	9423022851	
8	Dipak Karalkar	9422265619	

32.4 Sarambal, Kudal

Sr no.	Name	Cell no	Residence
1	Gurunath Naik	9404170108	
2	Shridhar Naik	9423305404	
3	Nitin Naik	9422585500	
4	Santosh Tondvalkar	9420923593	
5	Sunil Chendvankar	9823400626	
6	Bhalchandra Naik	9422632708	

32.5 Pawashi, Kudal

Sr no.	Name	Cell no	Residence
1	Laxman Shelte	9923310271	
2	Arun Shelte	9421267613	

Annexure for Updating of Sindhudurg District Disaster Management Plan (important tel. Nos)

3	Sandip Khot	9637939346	
4	Pankaj Shelte	9545444693	
5	Shekhar Shelte	9964105977	

32.6 Kudal,Kudal

Sr no.	Name	Cell no	Residence
1	Vasant Shetty	9423302972	
2	Mohan Ghadi	9423303388	
3	DattaramParab	9890509027	

32.7 Bao, Kudal

Sr no.	Name	Cell no	Residence
1	Shankar Mayekar	9823253540	
2	Suresh karalkar	9764792940	
3	Nagesh Karalkar	9422373746	
4	Dilip Patkar	9869344829	
5	Pradip Parab	9158208374	

32.8 Hodavada, Vengurla

Sr no.	Name	Cell no	Residence
1	Ajit Paradkar	9404779298	
2	Sunil Sawant	9423304111	
3	Nilesh R. Sarang	9890314331	

32.9 Vengurla

Sr no.	Name	Cell no	Residence
1	Raghunath Juvatkar	9421147437	
2	RujayLorensFarnandis	9421267892	
3	Sanjay Khavnekar	8805253582	
4	PrallahdSagvekar	9403072940	
5	Digambar A. Tandel	9373519751	
6	Rajan Kerkar	9404442664	

33 List of NGOs in Disaster Management

- Maharashtra AapattiVyvsthapan&ShaikshanikPrashikshan Sanstha A/P- Malewad – KondureTal – Sawantwadi Dist.-Sindhudurg. Contact Person Mr. Satish Girap-7767989888
- Ajinkya adventures and help organization A/P Sawantwadi Tal- Sawantwadi Dist. Sindhudurg. Contact person Mr. Dinesh Chavan -9422434265

33.1 Ajinkya adventures and help organization

Sr no.	Name	Mobile no.	Residence no.
1	Sridhar Metar,Nivtimeda,Vengurla	9420821991	
2	Laxman Shelte, Pawshi, Kudal	9923310271	
3	Janardhan Bange, Walaval, Kudal	9404751023	
4	Machindra	8007451398	
	Chodankar, Aronda, Sawantwadi		
5	Manish Shelte, Pawshi, Kudal		
6	Swapnil Shelte, Pawshi, Kudal		
7	Ganesh Shelte, Pawshi, Kudal		
8	Nitin Chavan, Kondure, Sawantwadi		
9	Gajanan Kalagan,,Kaleli,Kudal		
10	Pritam Walavalkar, Walaval, Kudal		
11	Deepak Sarang, Nivti, Vengurla		
12	Pranil		
	Malandkar, Sriramwadi, Vengurla		
13	Vishnu Kubal, Aronda, Sawantwadi		
14	Amit Dhamapurkar, Dhamapur, Malvan		
15	Kishore Tandel, Deobaug, Malvan		
16	Kishore Metar, Nivti Vengurla		

33.2 Eklavya Organization

Sr.no.	Name	Mobile no.	Residence no
1	Prashant Mattalwar	9975732300	
2	Shubham Rathiwdekar	9923294030	
3	Zishan Khan	9423305244	
4	Vijay Rawal	9673365651	
5	Bhushan Salunkhe	9561943378	

33.3 Indian Red Cross Society Sindhudurg

Sr.no.	Name	Mobile no.	Residence no.
1	Dr.Nandan Samant ,Kudal	9422054562	02362-222105
2	Dr. Rajendra Gawskar, Vengurla	9890873529	02366-262131
3	Prof.GovekarSawantwadi	9421148522	

34 List of Co-operative Societies in the District

Sr.	Name of the Co-op. Society	Contact and Address	Type of
No.			Service
1	Kudal Taluka SahakariKharediVikri Sangh	A/P. Kudal,	KharediVikri
1	Ltd., Kudal	Tel. No.02362- 222334	/ Gas
	Vengurla Taluka	A/P.Vengurla,	KharediVikri
2	SahakariKharediVikri Sangh Ltd.,	Tel.No.02366-	
	Vengurla	262063	
	Deogad Taluka SahakariKharediVikri	A/P.Deogad,	KharediVikri
3	Sangh Ltd., Deogad	Tel.No.02364 -	/ Petrol
		262210	
	ShetkariSahakariKharediVikri Sangh Ltd.,	A/P. Kankavali	KharediVikri
4	Kankavali	Tel. No.	
		02367- 233350	
	Malvan Taluka SahakariKharediVikri	A/P. Malvan,	KharediVikri
5	Sangh Ltd., Malvan	Tel.No.	
		02365- 252056	
	Sawantwadi Taluka SahakariKharediVikri	A/P.Sawantwadi,	KharediVikri
6	Sangh Ltd., Sawantwadi	Tel. No.	
		02363- 272053	
7	Sindhudurg Zilla KrushiAudyogik Sarva		KharediVikri
/	Seva Sahakari Sangh Ltd., Aaros	Tel. No. 228814	

35 ICS Glossary

Branch: That organizational level having functional/geographic responsibility for major segments of incident operations. The branch level is used in operations and logistics and is organizationally between the section and division/group.

Command: The act of directing, ordering and/or controlling resources by virtue of explicit legal, agency, or delegated authority.

Command Staff: The command staffs consist of the information officer, safety officer and liaison officer. They report directly to the incident commander and may have assistants. The command staff may or may not have supporting organizations below wit.

Complex: Two or more individual incidents located in the same general area which are assigned to a single incident commander or unified command.

Cooperating Agency: An agency supplying assistance other than direct suppression, rescue, support, or service functions to the incident control effort; e.g., Red Cross, law enforcement agency, Telephone Company, etc.

Deputy: A fully qualified individual who, in the absence of a superior, could be delegated the authority to manage a functional operation or perform a specific task. In some cases, a Deputy could act as relief for a superior and therefore must be fully qualified in the position. Deputies can be assigned to the Incident Commander, General Staff, and Branch Directors.

Dispatch: The implementation of a command decision to move a resource or resources from one place to another.

Dispatcher: A person employed who receives reports of discovery and status of incident, confirms their locations, takes action promptly to provide people and equipment likely to be needed, and sends them to the proper place.

Dispatch Centre: A facility from which resources are directly assigned to an incident.

Division: Divisions are used to divide an incident into geographical areas of operation. Divisions are established when the number of resources exceeds the span-of-control of the operations chief. A division is located with the Incident Command System organization between the branch and the task force/strike team.

General Staff: The group of incident management personnel reporting to the incident commander. They may each have a deputy, as needed. Staffs consist of operations section chief, planning section chief, logistics section chief, and finance/administration section chief.

Group: Groups are established to divide the incident into functional areas of operations. Groups are composed of resources assembled to perform a special function not necessarily within a single geographic area or division.

Helibase: The main location within the general incident area for parking, fuelling, maintaining, and loading helicopters. The helibase is usually located at or near the incident

base.

Helispot: A temporary landing spot for helicopters.

Incident: A human-caused or natural occurrence that requires emergency service action to prevent or reduce the loss of life or damage to property or natural resources.

Incident Action Plan (IAP): Contains objectives reflecting the overall incident strategy and specific tactical actions and supporting information for the next operational period. The plan may be oral or written. When written, the plan may have a number of attachments, including incident objectives, organization assignment list, division assignment, incident radio communication plan, medical plan, traffic plan, safety plan, and incident map.

Incident Base: Location at which primary logistics functions are coordinated and administered.

The incident base may be co-located with the ICP or other incident facilities.

Incident Command Post (ICP): Location at which primary command functions are executed. The ICP may be co-located with the incident base or other incident facilities.

36 List of Websites

- A. www.idrn.gov.in India disaster ResourceNetwork
- B. <u>www.ndmindia.nic Natural Disaster management India. Provides current news</u> on Flood, Drought and Cyclones, Weather Links from NIC and weather conditions/temperatures on Indian Ocean
- C. www.nicee.org The National Information Center of EarthquakeEngineering
- D. www.imd.ernet.in Indian MeteorologicalDepartment
- E. <u>www.asc-india.org Amateur SeismicCentre</u>
- F. http://ioc.unesco.org/itsu IOC/ UNESCO International Coordination group for the Tsunami Warning System in the Pacific (ICG/ITSU) Paris, France
- H. http://www.csre.ittb.ac.in/rn/resume/landslide/Isl.htm Landslide Information System Center of Studies in Resource Engineering, IIT, Mumbai
- I. http://landslides.usgs.gov USGS National landslide HazardsProgram
- J. www.cwc.nic.in Central Water Commission ofIndia
- K. http://www.envfor.nic.in Ministry of Environment andForests
- L. http://www.iifm.org/databank/index.html Forest Information Service a comprehensiveInternetinformationbankonforestandrelatedresourcesinIndia and around the world, prepared by Indian Institute of Forest Management, Bhopal.
- M. <u>www.ipaindia.org Loss Prevention Association of India ltd. (LPA) isengaged</u> in promoting safety and loss control through education, training and consultancy.
- N. www.yashada.org Yashwantrao Chavan Academy of DevelopmentAdministration
- O. www.dmibpl.org Disaster ManagementInstitute
- P. http://www.nidm.net National Institute of DisasterManagement
- Q. http://dst.gov.in Department of Science and Technology
- R. http://www.icar.org.in/ Indian Council for Agriculture andResearch
- S. http://www.iirs-nrsa.org/ Indian Institute of RemoteSensing
- T. http://www.bis.org.in Bureau of IndianStandards
- U. http://www.gsi.gov.in/ Geological Survey of India
- V. http://gov.ua.nic.in/dmmc/ Disaster Mitigation and ManagementCentre
- W. http://ncdcnagpur.nic.in/ National Civil DefenceCollege

37 Important Contact Numbers

Sr. NO	Name of the Department/Office	Contact Tel. No.	Fax No.
1	Mantralaya Control Room	022 - 22027990	022- 22020454
	Mantralaya, Mumbai –400 032	022 - 22021990	022- 22020434
2	Divisional Commissioner Control Room	022- 27571516	022- 27571516
	Konkan Division, Navi Mumbai	022-27371310	022- 2/3/1316
3	District Collector / DM, Sindhudurg	02362- 228844/228847	02362-228670
4	Superintendent of Police, Sindhudurg	02362-	02362-228733
	Superintendent of Fonce, Sindificating	228201/228200/228614	02302-220733
5	Chief Executive Officer, ZP	02362- 228807	02362-228739
6	Indian Army	Military Exchange	
	Colonel General Staff, HQ Maharashtra,	022-22151701	
7	Gujarat & Goa Area	Mobile	
	· ·	07045587510/9797488234	
8	Indian Navy (Civil Military Liaison), HQ	Mobile 9869273674	
	Maharashtra Naval	Office-022-22752359	
	Area	011100 022 22702007	
9	Indian Air Force		
	COMMAND OPS CENTRE (AND FAX)	07923200967	
	(24 X 7 X 365)		
10	Group Capatain R. Vijendran	Office-022-26650883	
11	Civil Defence & Home Guard	022 – 2284 3667 /	
	Civil Defence Head Office, Mumbai	000 000 000	
12	Civil Defence, Pune	020 – 26360041/	-
10	6: 1D 6 N 11	26361072/ 26360067	
13	Civil Defence, Nashik	0253 - 2573149	-
14	Civil Defence, Kalyan	0251 -2313494 / 2317578	-
15	Civil Defence, Thane	022 –25342288	-
16	Civil Defence, Uran	022 –27222343 /	-
17	G: 11D C	27221355	
17	Civil Defence, Tarapur	02525 -264677 / 78	-
18	Home Guard Head Office, Mumbai	022 – 2284 2423 / 6941	-
19	Police- D.G.P. Control	022 –2202 6636 /2282	-
20	Coolegical Courses of L. 1:-	2631	
20	Geological Survey of India	020 –26696489	020 –26696489
21	Director, GSI, Pune		
21	National Disaster Response Force CRPF,	02114 - 247000/	02114 - 281241
22	5 TH Batallion, SudumbarePune.	02252 224088	
22	Coast Guard, Ratnagiri	02352-224088	-
23	Pune Forecasting Centre	020 - 25535211	-
24	Regional Meteorological Dept., Colaba	022 - 22150431	-